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Chicago Daily Tribune

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FINAL EDITION

VOLUME LXXXVIII—NO. 290 C 1280. U.S. PAY OFFICE, CHICAGO, ILL. WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1929—44 PAGES THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF THREE SECTIONS—SECTION ONE ***PRICE TWO CENTS IN CHICAGO AND SURROUNDING AREAS ***

RUSSIA SPURNS U. S. ADVICE

Tariff, Rum, Income Tax Cut, Hoover Topics

NEW PLAN FOR ENFORCEMENT IN HIS MESSAGE

Optimistic Over U. S. Business Outlook.

The complete text of President Hoover's message to congress will be found on pages 1 and 7.

BY ARTHUR CRAWFORD.

(Chicago Tribune Press Service.)

Washington, D. C., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Legislation designed to stiffen prohibition enforcement was urged by President Hoover today as an outstanding feature of his annual message to congress.

Other recommendations in the voluminous document, which required a hour and three-quarters for its reading in the two houses, included support of the 160 million dollar tax reduction program, early action on pending tariff legislation for the benefit of both agriculture and industry, completion of the Mississippi inland waterway system, a whitening down of sentences for national defense and approval of the amended world court constitution.

Throughout the message dealt with about 30 different subjects, covering a wide range of legislative and administrative action.

U. S. Policy Reception.

A good sized attendance of senators and representatives gave polite attention to the reading of the message in the senate chamber. John C. Crockett, chief reading clerk, read it in the senate while William Tyler, page, read it in the house, performed the same function in the lower branch. There the occasional applause in both houses. In the house all members present stood when the reading was completed, the Republicans applauding and the Democrats remaining silent.

The reaction to the message was as

might have been expected. Administration supporters praised it in general terms, although some of them dissented on particular points, such as prohibition, armament reduction and the world court.

Radicals and Democrats offered sweeping criticism. Opponents of the pending tariff bill complained that the president failed to shed any new light on his views as to what particular industries should receive increased protection.

U. S. Policy Reception.

The president concluded his message with a discussion of prohibition, law enforcement and law observance. The question of law enforcement and observance, he asserted, is "the most serious issue before our people."

In dealing with prohibition, he declared that "it is not to be expected that any criminal law will ever be fully enforced as long as criminals exist."

Specific recommendations for legis-

lation designed to make possible a stiffening of prohibition enforcement included the following:

Immediate concentration of responsibility and strengthening of enforcement agencies by transfer to the department of justice of the federal bureau of detection and to a considerable degree of prosecution, now in the possession of the treasury.

Retention of control of the distribution of industrial alcohol and legalized beverages in the treasury, as favored by legal organizations.

Want Courts Speeded Up.

Relief of congestion in the federal courts due to prohibition by modifying and simplifying the procedure for dealing with the large volume of petty prosecutions under various federal statutes.

Collection of laws relating to prohibition, to avoid the necessity, now existing, of resorting to more than 30 statutes enacted at various times over a period of 40 years.

Reorganization of various services

engaged in the prevention of smuggling into one border patrol under the close guard of the treasury department.

Reassignment of special prohibition legislation applying to the District of Columbia and other measures to assist in making the capital city "the model of city law enforcement in the nation."

New Budget and Tariff.

In view of the uncertainty with respect to future revenue, the president recommended that the proposed new per cent cut in individual normal taxes be put out in individual normal taxes.

(Continued on page 10, column 1.)

NEWS SUMMARY of The Tribune (And Historical News Book) Wednesday, December 4, 1929.

FOREIGN.

Russia tells United States to keep hands off its affairs; calls note advising peace with China under Kellogg treaty an "unfriendly act." Page 1.

Fifty thousand rebel troops drive on Canton as China rushes more troops to stem attack. Page 2.

Paris models to wear Prince Aga Khan's racing silks for wedding dress at Saturday's nuptials. Page 3.

British demand action to halt dumping of million American autos on world market. Page 20.

Pope demands Mussolini lift censorship from Catholic press. Page 20.

WASHINGTON.

President Hoover, in message to congress, urges tighter prohibition enforcement, passage of tariff law, and quick action on waterways. Page 1.

Russia's rejection of United States peace note shocks Washington. Page 2.

Test vote in senate indicates veto will be denied seat by substantial majority. Page 3.

Rival factions in congress clash over President's message. Page 10.

Even the capital business when Deneen has Crowe, old Chicago politician, as guest at lunch. Page 11.

Chicago strikes a snag in water diversion fight. Page 19.

Blood kin of George Washington barred from United States as an alien. Page 23.

LOCAL.

Samuel Insull tells Economic club of \$200,000,000 utilities expansion in 1930; discounts effect of stock slump. Page 1.

Gunnman found slain in battle at former gambling den in downtown district. Page 2.

Episcopal club, de luxe of the night clubs, is closed by zoning law. Page 3.

Judge Jo-eckel ousted from election board; awaits G. O. P. change to fill post. Page 11.

Sir Henri Deterding, Dutch oil magnate, at meeting here, urges world curb of waste. Page 12.

Young bootlegger calmly identifies 21 of the 23 Gary defendants on trial for booze conspiracy. Page 16.

Dr. Henry J. Schireson must defend his license at trial before medical board today. Page 19.

Smoke inspector will ask permission to use federal receivers who violate ordinance. Page 21.

Farmers' \$20,000,000 grain crop to enter Board of Trade today. Page 23.

Death notices, obituaries. Page 28.

DOMESTIC.

Mrs. Mott, happy after divorce, tells of her plans; says ex-husband is "most eligible man in Detroit." Page 1.

Ford's employees get \$20,500,000 a year wage increase. Page 3.

Baby duty act in Massachusetts faces repeal referendum; petitions signed by 21,045. Page 3.

Mr. Politics smiles under hood of Indiana's road project. Page 16.

Rich broker's wife links him in midnight party with widow. Page 17.

Gigar stand witness says voice that lured Rothstein to death call was not that of McManus. Page 17.

Republican officials address Illinois Women's club convention. Page 18.

Scientist tells engineers that New York air contains tons of soot. Page 21.

SPORTS.

Reveal Iowa's plea for readmittance into Big Ten. Page 25.

The Turners come home; Gene silent on lawsuit. Page 25.

Diesel, Haggen, and Espinosa win in pro golf; Smith and Walsh lose. Page 25.

Seven schools which will vote on Iowa hit by Carnegie report. Page 25.

Carnegie Tech's football squad, en route to Los Angeles, stops here Saturday. Page 25.

EDITORIALS.

Mr. Hoover Administers the Peace; Law Breaking Law Enforcement; Our Ancient Terminals. Page 14.

Hoover's message to congress pepes Wall street stock prices. Page 25.

Examiner recommends unification proposal of the Missouri Pacific railroad. Page 25.

Scrutator sees problem in conservation of power in natural form. Page 25.

Chicago stock list displays strength; prices rise moderately. Page 30.

Arrival of buyers. Page 30.

Wheat valuable gain over 2 cents on bullish Argentine crop reports. Page 34.

Want Ad index. Page 35.

FINANCE, COMMERCE.

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NEW BULLET AND TARIFF.

In view of the uncertainty with respect to future revenue, the president recommended that the proposed new per cent cut in individual normal taxes be put out in individual normal taxes.

(Continued on page 10, column 1.)

INSULL STAKES 200 MILLION ON 1930 EXPANSION

Says All Business Is Growing as Usual.

BY ARTHUR EVANS.

(Picture on back page.)

Samuel Insull told the Economic club last night that the Insull utilities are going ahead with a \$200,000,000 expansion program next year, just as planned "before the stock market took sick." He said he bore no "patent nostrums," but the fact the Insull properties intend to spend in 1930 some 33 million dollars more than this year and 52 million dollars more than last year on enlargements and improvements demonstrates the belief of himself and associates that "business will be about as usual in 1930."

Mr. Insull said America's great need is to give up "dreams of getting something for nothing in the stock market" and get back to "work, thrift, and prudence." He remarked that the tumble in stocks "had not diminished the resources of the country by a single dollar."

Other Business Leaders Speak.

Others who spoke in the symposium, which was held in the Palmer house, were George B. Everett, president of Montgomery Ward & Co., and George M. Reynolds, chairman of the executive committee, Continental Illinois Bank, and Trust company. Lucius Teitel presided.

In reference to the Hoover conferences at Washington, Mr. Reynolds, though disclaiming any criticism, said it was a question in his mind "if they were not talking too much."

"If I put a man in front of my bank to tell every passerby, 'this bank is in wonderful condition,' I'd want a run in 24 hours," he said. "There is a point beyond which mere conferences and talking will not go. The spirit of cooperation is what we need to build."

Expects Period of Recession.

Mr. Everett, speaking on the 1930 outlook in merchandise distribution, said there is a "definite trend of recession." He said he saw no signs of a "buyers' strike," but he prophesied that in the first five or six months of next year "retail distribution is not going to be as good as we'd like."

"I believe by September," he said, "after a period of resting and paying time payments, we'll begin to see a strong trend to good retail business and I believe the last quarter of next year will surpass that of this year."

He said in the last five weeks Montgomery Ward has not experienced the slightest change in the payment of time accounts, of which it has millions, an indication of strength.

Utility Projects Listed.

Mr. Insull gave the details of the \$200,000,000 expansion his properties will make. They were:

Commonwealth Edison company, \$25,105,000
People Gas Light and Coke company, 16,200,000
Public Service Company of Northern Illinois, 20,807,250
Middle West Utilities company, 71,167,625
Chicago Rapid Transit, 5,975,000
Chicago, Aurora and Elgin, 500,000
Chicago Rapid Transit, 5,975,000
Chicago, North Shore and Mill Creek, 750,000
State Line Generating company, 1,000,000
Midland Great in Indiana, 35,545,000
Super-Power Company of Illinois, 21,407,400

This expansion program of course

a program which I hope will hasten the emergence of some of the weak hearted from their cynicism and into a part of 'business as usual' with us," said Mr. Insull.

"To know where we stand we have surveyed business conditions. We are convinced that the credit situation of the country is good, that collections are practically normal, that there is no extraordinary accumulation of inventories, that the market disturbance was not caused by a shortage of money, that money in fact is plentiful."

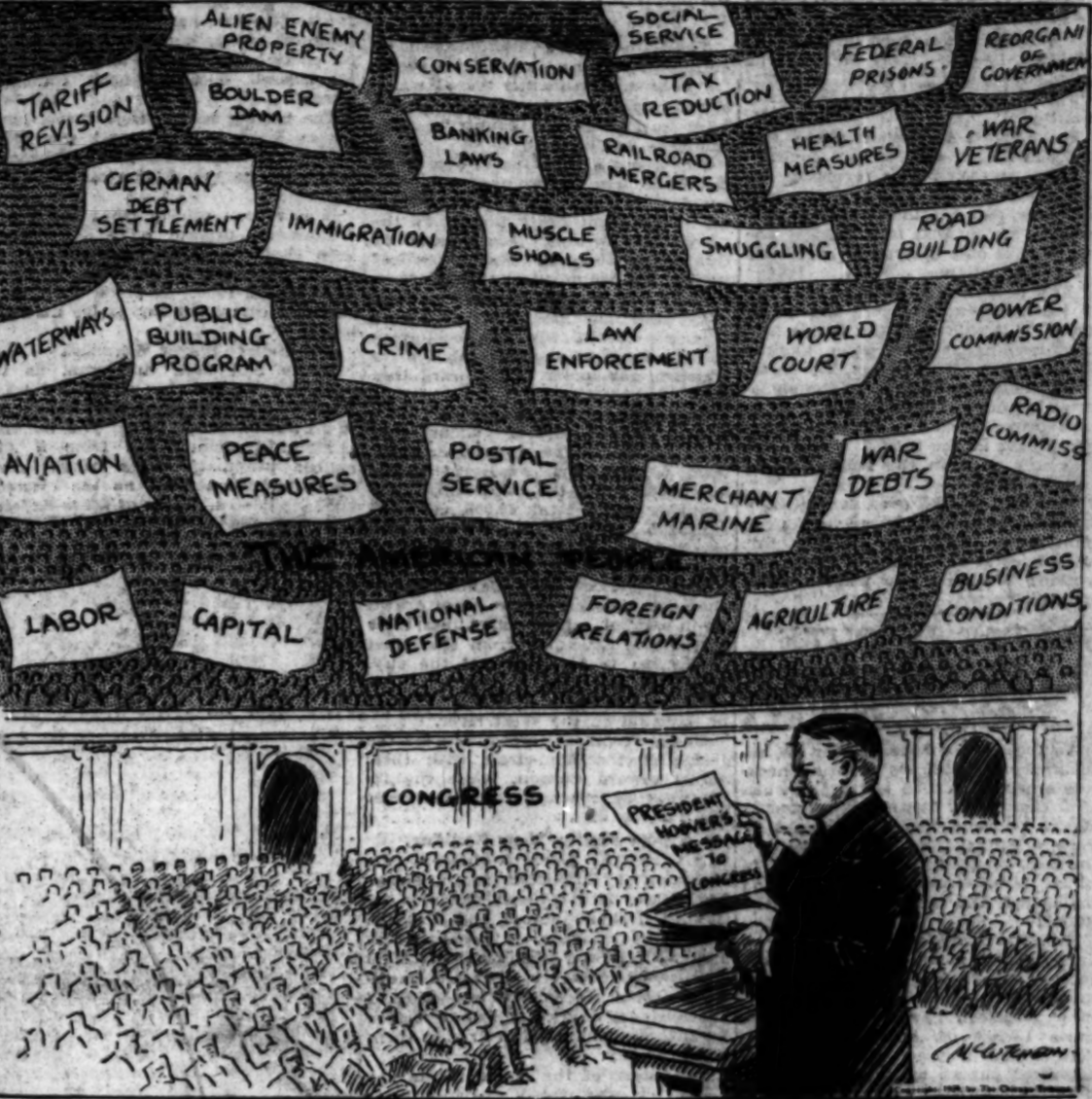
"We know that the success of our business depends upon the success of other businesses. We know that the extension of the use of our service depends upon the financial ability of the every day householder to use and pay for that service."

All Business Must Expand.

"We know that to justify this program of expansion in our industry, the whole country must be expanding its enterprises. We know that no one

(Continued on page 12, column 1.)

THE REAL AUDIENCE IS IN THE GALLERY



PRICES OF STOCKS LIFTED UPWARD BY HOOVER MESSAGE

New York, Dec. 3.—(Special.)—President Hoover's plans for the stimulation of business and the continuation of prosperity, as outlined in his message to congress, brought a sharp rally in the stock market today, the first bullish demonstration for weeks. Leading shares spurted from 2 to 10 points.

United States Steel, General Electric, Allied Chemical, Alcoa, American Telephone and a long list of high priced favorites advanced without hesitation and closed near their high marks for the day. Steel was up more than 10 points.

Public interest in the market was revived by the advance. Buying or selling poured in and total sales amounted to more than 3,900,000 shares, an increase of nearly 1,300,000 shares over yesterday.

But I was not cold toward him in the early months of our marriage. I had gone into that marriage hoping and expecting to make it a success.

Frankly Admitted Money Interest.

"Of course, I never pretended to marry him. I never pretended, either before or after, that I was not interested in his money. He was a factor, but I was very fond of Mr. Mott, and if any one asked me today, in spite of our differences, I would say that Stewart is the most distinguished and eligible man in Detroit."

"Mr. Mott offered, two weeks before I accepted his engagement ring, to settle \$1,000,000 on my child. After we were married I finished by going through with this promise. It was six months later that the settlement was actually made."

"Can you imagine the trend of a man's mind when he will save duplicate of the letters he wrote his bride? Stewart used to be 'wasteful' in the night and often he would write me a love note. However, he saved copies and when in court read those parts which were most affectionate."

Says His Income Is Huge.

"I don't feel I was extravagant. Mr. Mott has an income of millions. I don't think it too much for his wife. If he gives her \$100,000 a year for herself."

Following are the items as outlined in Mott's divorce testimony and settlements announced for Mrs. Mott:

Added share General Motors, 100,000
Wife's attorney fees, 100,000
Wife's pearl necklace, 15,000
Diamonds for wife, 25,000
Remodeling her apartment, 35,000
Pocket money for wife, 25,000
Evergreen expense, 100,000
Mott's attorney fees, 200,000
Total, \$1,590,000

The divorce was uncontested.

Mrs. Mott was the former Mrs. Fernando Jacoba Van Balkom Purdy.

Divorced Wife Says Mott Is "Most Eligible"

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—The divorced wife of Charles S. Mott, vice president of General Motors, was in a happy frame of mind today as she talked of the divorce granted her husband in Flint yesterday.

A Mediterranean cruise this winter,

completion of a country home, which is being remodeled from an old farmhouse near Metamora, continued occupation of her Whitcomb apartment, direction of her publication, Bridge and Goller, and a good time generally figure largely in Mrs. Mott's plans for the future. "I am happy this is over," she said. "We both wanted the divorce; I imagine no people could have been unhappier together than we were. It was incompatibility throughout. I never spent an unhappier year in my life."

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FATHER OF 6 DIES, THANKSGIVING TRAGEDY VICTIM

The assistance given the destitute family of John Janis, who was shot trying to steal a Thanksgiving turkey for his six hungry children, proved unavailing. Janis died of his wounds yesterday in a hospital bed, where he was sent by a charitable woman who read of his family's plight.

Two days before the Thanksgiving feast there were only canned beans

in the Janis home at 1454 Parrell avenue. Janis, an unsuccessful radio salesman, was out looking for prospects when he saw hundreds of live fowls in the window of a meat market at 1804 North Halsted street.

That night he promised the hungry youngsters they should have a spread shot at Janis. Mott's plans for the future. "I am happy this is over," she said. "We both wanted the divorce; I imagine no people could have been unhappier together than we were. It was incompatibility throughout. I never spent an unhappier year in my life."

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TEXT OF SOVIET NOTE; "AMAZED" AT YANK ACTION

MOSCOW, Dec. 3.—(AP)—The text of the Russian note in reply to the suggestion of the United States that Russia and China stand by their pledges as signatories of the Kellogg pact and stop hostilities in the far east, follows:

"The union of soviet socialist republics from the first day of its existence has pursued a policy of peace and, unlike other powers has never resorted to military action except as a necessary step for defense due to direct attack on the union or armed intervention in its internal affairs. The soviet union has consistently pursued this policy and intends to pursue it independently of the Paris pact for abolition of war."

Lays Blame on China.

"During recent years the Nanking government, evading by its usual methods settlement of the conflict by diplomatic ways, has carried on toward the soviet union a provocative policy of violation of the customary rules and treaties notwithstanding the fact that these treaties were not imposed on China by force but were concluded on the basis of full equality and free will and that the soviet union voluntarily surrendered in these treaties extraterritorial consular jurisdiction and other privileges which the Chinese government until now has been vainly trying to abolish in regard to other powers."

The climax of this policy was the

seizure of the Chinese Eastern railway without any warning or preliminary presentation of any claims, in violation of existing agreements regarding the joint administration of the railway.

"The soviet government believes that if action such as that of the Nanking government were taken toward the United States, Great Britain or France it would be considered by their governments sufficient cause for putting into force reservations they made when signing the pact."

Did Not Recognize Reservation.

"The soviet government declared when signing that it did not recognize the reservations and did not intend to use them."

"The Nanking government not only resorted to illegal seizure of the Chinese Eastern railway, but mobilized along the soviet Manchurian railway an army, various sections of which, together with counter-revolutionary Russian bands included therein, made systematic attacks on the U. S. S. R. crossing the frontier and firing on units of the Red army and frontier villages, robbing, and violating a peaceful population, causing thereby losses of lives and property."

Despite frequent warnings through

the German government, these attacks did not cease, but rather increased and compelled the soviet far-eastern army in the interests of defense, protection of the frontier and the peaceful population, to take counter measures. Thus, the actions of the red army had due considerations of self-defense and were in no wise violations of any obligations of the Paris pact."

That cannot be said, of armed

forces in Chinese territory and Chinese ports of those powers who have applied today to the soviet union with identical declarations.

"Not a Friendly Act."

The soviet government states that

the government of the United States has addressed its declaration at a moment when the soviet and Mukden governments already had agreed to several conditions and were proceeding with direct negotiations which would make possible prompt settlement of the conflict between the soviet union and China.

"In view of this fact, the above declaration cannot but be considered unjustifiable pressure on the negotiations and cannot therefore be taken, as a friendly act."

The soviet government states further

that the Paris pact does not give any single state or group of states the function of protector of this pact. The soviet, at any rate, never expressed consent that any states themselves or by mutual consent should take upon themselves such a right.

Admits No Interference.

The soviet government declares

that the soviet-Manchurian conflict can be settled only by direct negotiations between the soviet union and China on the basis of positions known to China and already accepted by the Mukden government and that it cannot admit interference of any other party in these negotiations or the conflict.

In conclusion, the soviet government cannot consent to expanding Manchuria into a buffer state of the United States, which by its own will has an official relations with the soviet deems it possible to apply to it with advice and counsel."

CALLS STIMSON PEACE DEMAND UNFRIENDLY ACT

Signs Pact to End Row with China.

MOSCOW, Dec. 3.—(AP)—The American note to Russia and China, reminding them of their obligations under the Kellogg pact for renunciation of war, cannot be considered by the soviet government as a friendly act, according to a memorandum handed to the French ambassador, Maurice Herpoite, tonight by Maxim Litvinoff, acting Russian commissar of foreign affairs.

The memorandum was in answer to

notes from both the United States and Great Britain regarding the hostilities between Russia and China in Manchuria. The purpose of this note had found support in most of the nations signatory to the Kellogg pact, with the exception of Japan.

Tells U. S. "Hands Off."

M. Litvinoff emphasized that the United States government had appealed to Russia at a time when direct negotiations were being carried on with Manchuria. By strength of this circumstance, the American note to Russia was viewed as an unfriendly act, inasmuch as it attempted to influence the Chinese-Russian negotiations and consequently could not be considered as a friendly act.

The memorandum stated that the

Manchurian conflict could be settled only by direct negotiations on the basis of conditions already accepted by the Mukden government and that the soviet government would not tolerate any outside interference.

The memorandum concluded with an expression of surprise that the United States, guided by its own desire, should have any official relations with the soviet union, should deem it possible to give the soviet government advice and directions.

Report Protocol Signed.

NIKOLAI-USURISKI, Dec. 3.—(AP)—Russian and Manchurian representatives today signed a protocol reorganizing the administration of the Chinese Eastern railway in strict conformity with the terms of 1924.

The 1924 treaties, which were signed

by both Peking and Mukden, provided for joint operation of the railway, which crosses Manchuria and provides a short cut for trans-Siberian service. The delegates met at Nikolai-Ussurisk, a few miles north of Vladivostok. Tsai Yunshan, Harbin diplomatic commissioner, signed for China and M. Litvinoff, an agent of the soviet foreign commissariat, at Nikolai-Ussurisk, signed for the soviet union.

Chinese Chairman Fred.

Under the provisions of the protocol, the Mukden provincial government would dismiss Chairman Liu of the board of the railway. Litvinoff promised that, following this dismissal, the soviet government would, in accordance with its declaration made on Aug. 28 by Litvinoff to the German ambassador, be ready to recommend other candidates instead of A. I. Zhukhanov, the former general manager of the railway, and his Russian assistant manager, Rimont.

While giving way in this aspect,

Russia reserved the right to appoint Emshinov and Rimont to other posts on the railway. Tsai Yunshan agreed to this and said that the Mukden government henceforth would strictly conform to the agreements of 1924.

Stimonsky accepted this declaration with satisfaction and said the soviet government always had fulfilled these agreements and would continue to do so in the future.

An Old Stumbling Block.

A stumbling block in previous negotiations both between Nanking and Moscow and between Mukden and Moscow had been the Russian insistence that Emshinov and Rimont should be restored to their former positions as a preliminary to negotiations for final settlement of the dispute.

This the Chinese firmly declined to

do. They had removed the Russian officials and only Russian members of the railway early last summer after they alleged they had found evidence that the Russians were using their railway positions to further communist propaganda.

Foreign Minister C. T. Wang announced a few days ago that the negotiations being carried on by Mukden officials were with the knowledge and approval of the Nationalist government.

China to Answer U. S. Note.

KANKING, Dec. 3.—(AP)—The foreign office of the Nationalist government announced today the receipt of a note from Secretary of State Stimson.

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KANKING, Dec. 3.—(AP)—The foreign office of the Nationalist government announced today the receipt of a note from Secretary of State Stimson.

...of Washington calling the attention of the Chinese government to its Kellogg anti-war pact obligations and expressing the hope of the United States government for peaceable settlement of the Sino-Russian difficulties.

The foreign office said a reply to the American note probably would be sent tonight, saying that it had always been the desire of the Nationalist government to abide by the Kellogg pact.

The Nationalist government, it is expected, further will say that responsibility for military operations in Manchuria lies with the Soviet government, whose forces are alleged to have invaded Chinese territory.

The foreign office also received a similar note from London, to which a reply of like character to that destined for Washington is being prepared.

Japan Refuses to Cooperate.

[Chicago Tribune Press Service.]

TOKIO, Dec. 3.—The Japanese government today officially stated that it would not associate itself with the United States in a note either of warning or advice to Russia and China because it regards the present moment most inopportune in view of the fact that hostilities have not been suspended on the Manchurian front pending Mukden's independent negotiations with Moscow.

It is clear from the official tone and from unofficial statements that Japan looks with disfavor on Secretary of State Stimson's action in sending a note at this time. Kijuro Shidehara, minister of foreign affairs, insists that Japan is avoiding any implication in the whole affair.

The ambassadors of both Russia and China have called at the Japanese foreign office frequently since the dispute began and from these frequent visits many observers believe that Japan all along has been planning an underground settlement.

Since the dispute began virtually the only official act of the Japanese government was the order mobilizing Japanese troops in Manchuria shortly after the start and holding them ready to "protect Japanese property and citizens in South Manchuria."

Italy Sends Note.

ROME, Dec. 3.—(AP)—Foreign Minister Grandi has directed the Italian ambassador at Moscow and the minister at Peking to transmit a note stating that Italy, associating herself with the move proposed by the United States, "calls the attention of the governments of China and the Soviet Union to the dispositions of the Kellogg pact in connection with the Manchurian situation."

In the course of the note, Sig. Grandi said: "Formal assurances that the aforementioned two governments have given either by adhering to the treaty for the renunciation of war or successively by accepting it, give the Italian government the hope that they wish to design for Manchuria a policy of peace and will know how to accord their means so as to arrive at a peaceable solution of their present controversy."

A Stefan communique, giving the tenor of the Italian note says that United States Ambassador Garret and Foreign Minister Grandi during the last week "examined the situation together" and that the Italian government associated itself willingly with the desire expressed by the government at Washington.

Berlin "Reserves Position."

[Chicago Tribune Press Service.]

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—A semi-official statement issued tonight by the German government expresses its sympathy with the American efforts to maintain peace and points out that, as a power in charge of the interests of both Russia and China in each other's territory, Germany has repeatedly worked in the same sense. The government is determined to continue to do everything possible to secure observance of the Kellogg peace pact by the disputing parties. But in view of Germany's special position towards the parties the government has decided to reserve its decision regarding the time or form of its further measures, especially since, according to its information, direct negotiations between Russia and China are impending.

CAMPAIGN BEGUN FOR PREVENTION OF DIPHTHERIA

A program for the prevention of diphtheria among Chicago children was started last night at a banquet given to Health Commissioner Kegel by employees of his office. A check for \$1,000, representing the contribution of the employees, was given to the commissioner for use in the campaign to immunize children from one to ten years old against the disease.

Four hundred children are being vaccinated each year, according to Dr. Kegel, Civic and social organizations have promised their support for the campaign for which the health department is trying to raise \$20,000.

Don Air, Andrews, Ga. Opens Dec. 1928, Special Rates for Christmas Holidays—adv.

SOVIET REJECTION OF PEACE NOTE IS SHOCK TO U. S.

Washington Expected to Ignore Moscow Reply.

[Chicago Tribune Press Service.]

Washington, D. C., Dec. 3.—[Special.]—Russian rejection of the peace overtures made by the United States in an effort to halt hostilities between Russia and China in Manchuria came as a distinct shock to most Washington officials tonight.

In the absence of official information Secretary of State Henry L. Stimson declined to comment.

No Reply from China.

Indications are that the United States will ignore the Russian answer. No reply has been received at a late hour tonight from the Chinese government and no indication has come as to how that nation will react to the American communication of last Monday.

Should the reports of a settlement of the Russo-Chinese dispute over the Chinese Eastern railroad, which reached Washington through the press tonight, prove true it is considered likely that no further action will be taken by the United States.

State department officials were reported tonight as feeling that when the United States appeal to Russia and China to end their dispute and then urged all the Kellogg powers to mobilize public opinion in behalf of peace in Manchuria this government has done all that can be done under the anti-war treaty.

Up to Kellogg Treaty Powers.

Should Russia and China continue hostilities, then it would be up to the Kellogg treaty powers to decide just how far they would go under the pact to avert warfare. The question of whether moral pressure should be followed by force in an effort to make the pact effective would come to the fore. Just how far the powers would be willing to go to bring about peace still is an open question.

The general impression in Washington tonight is that the action of the Russian government will postpone the day when the Soviet will be recognized by the United States. Failure of the Russian government to live up to its pledges under the Kellogg pact would be regarded by the administration as an indication of the value Russia would place on her word is recognized by this government.

In his notes of yesterday to Russia and China, Secretary Stimson asserted that both powers had violated their solemn pledges, given under the Kellogg pact, which bound its signatories to seek settlement of disputes by pacific means. This charge was based on the Chinese action in deporting Russian employees on the Chinese Eastern railroad and the Soviet invasion of Manchuria, a few days ago, as well as the continued use of force by Russia in an attempt to bring China to terms.

Extraterritorial Treaties.

What steps the United States would take in case China continued to ignore the Kellogg pact have not been made known. It has been suggested, however, that if China failed to live up to her pledges under the pact, this fact might be used to base postponement of the abolition of the extraterritorial treaties.

There was much speculation tonight as to just what effect the Russian move would have on the Hoover attempt to mobilize all the Kellogg peace powers into a united drive against war. In some quarters it is believed the bluntness of the Russian reply will serve to prevent some of the powers from taking any further action at this time.

PAIR HELD AS BURGLARS.

John O'Shea and George McFadden, both with police records, were held to grand jury in bonds of \$25,000 each by Judge Francis Burton in Police court yesterday on charges of burglary in connection with the robbery of a store at 436 North Clark street last Saturday night.

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1929, at the postoffice at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Rebels Near Canton



Sharp fighting was reported between rebel forces and China's government troops 50 miles from Canton. The Kwangsi rebels, reinforced by the famous "Ironside," are approaching Canton from the north and west. The shaded semi-circle shows the battle front. Government forces have their backs toward Canton.

FRENCH SEE U. S. MOVE FOR PEACE AS "RIDICULOUS"

[Chicago Tribune Press Service.]

PARIS, Dec. 3.—"Have the men who direct the foreign policies of great powers lost all sense of the ridiculous?"

The Journal des Debats poses this query in an editorial tonight concerning the American plea for peace between Russia and China. The conservative paper prints a front page editorial saying that in effect the Kellogg pact is only a scrap of paper and a very absurd one.

"This enormous buffoonery will have at least one advantage," the paper states. "It will teach the people how much treaties are worth when, like the Kellogg pact, they engage the signatories in nothing. None of the signatories of this document, which was to have transformed the world, lifted a little finger at the time it would have done any good in the Russo-Chinese hostilities."

"When it was all over, fantastically ludicrous notes were dispatched in solemn pomp. Can any one say this paper buckler affords the slightest protection? We know now what to think of it."

SETTLE DISPUTE OVER EMPRESS' \$500,000 JEWELS

A supposed controversy over the authenticity of a \$500,000 historical necklace appeared settled last night when Mrs. Charles F. Townsend, custodian of the necklace, made public in New York a letter from Mrs. Ernest R. Graham, 25 Banks street, Chicago, in which Mrs. Graham denied having challenged the genuineness of the strand.

Mrs. Townsend, an Austrian archduchess, brought from Paris the strand of 47 diamonds which the Empress Napoleon gave to his empress, Marie Louise of Austria, upon the birth of their only son. Mrs. Townsend submitted papers which satisfied customs authorities that the necklace was genuine.

Mrs. Graham's letter denies a purported interview in which she claimed ownership of the original necklace.

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Here is a smart hat that should be a part of every well-dressed man's wardrobe. Come in and try on these new derbies. They are light in weight and come in several proportions to suit the requirements of the individual.

\$8.50
and Ten Dollars

MICHIGAN at RANDOLPH

50,000 REBELS DRIVE ON CANTON IN FIERCE BATTLE

China Rushes Troops to Protect City.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 3.—(AP)—Sharp fighting was reported in progress tonight between insurgent forces making a drive on Canton and Nationalist government troops defending the city. Dispatches received here said the armies were engaged fifty miles northwest of Canton, rich commercial center.

Nationalist government aviators dropped bombs on the rebels and reported they had caused confusion in enemy ranks. Reinforcements coming by sea from Nanking were awaited by the government defenders of Canton, who, although outnumbered by the rebels, are better equipped.

Strike to Wipe Out Rebels.

The Nationalist government issued a statement declaring its determination "to remove permanently these Kwangsi and Ironside rebels, who continue to be a barrier to the country's more complete unification."

The troops attempting to overthrow the Cantonese government are composed of Kwangsi province rebels and the independent army known as the "Ironside division," commanded by Gen. Chang Pak-wai. The "Ironside" tonight are 100 miles north of Canton. Their numbers are reported to total 50,000 and they are cooperating with Kwangsi rebels, who are occupying the district west of Canton in a drive which seems under way toward that city.

Rebels Poorly Equipped.

Authoritative reports indicate that the insurgents have marshaled at least 50,000 men, considered poorly equipped, while the Nationalist government hosts total 40,000, all well equipped. In addition, the Nationalists have 30 airplanes and 15 gunboats in the Canton area.

Radio advices from Canton stated that the opposing forces were drawn up in parallel, semi-circular lines, their extremities extending from southwest of Canton to northwest of the city. The western portion passes within 30 miles of Canton, in the neighborhood of Samshui on the West river.

The government forces occupied the inside of the semi-circle with their backs toward Canton, while the insurgents approached from the west and the north.

Troops Mutiny Near Nanking.

NANKING, Dec. 3.—(AP)—A detachment of Nationalist troops belonging to the 24th division mutinied today at Pukow, across the Yangtze river from Nanking. All communication with Pukow was severed. It is understood, however, that the mutineers looted a considerable portion of the business district of Pukow before loyal forces succeeded in driving them from the city.

The cause of the disorder was not stated. It was widely reported, however, that the government's failure to pay the troops, coupled with their displeasure at being ordered to Canton, precipitated the trouble.

GUNMAN FOUND SLAIN IN FORMER GAMBLING DEN

Mystery Veils Killing of Patrick King.

(Picture on back page.)

What chiefly concerned the police department yesterday about the murder of Patrick J. King was that his death adds one to the murder record of the year, which lists 101 less murders than last year. King was a thief, a dope addict, a hoodlum, a labor slinger and a cheap gunman as well as being a brother-in-law of the Guseberg brothers who were killed in the St. Valentine's day massacre.

There are many persons who may have killed him for many reasons. Deputy Commissioner Stege declared, and there seemed little likelihood that the truth about his murder would become known.

Body Found in Vacant Office.

King's body was found yesterday morning in an office on the fourth floor of the building at 426 South Wabash, the first floor of which houses the Club Royale, a night club. The fourth floor was formerly a nicely appointed gambling place operated by Jerry O'Connor, head of the theatrical janitors' union, but has been vacant for more than a year, since William E. Russell became police commissioner.

The betting booths were there, just as at a race track, and the dice tables were piled up in the corner. Lettering on the floor read, "Movie Club."

King's body was in what had been O'Connor's private office. He had been shot five times, three times in the chest, once in the shoulder and once in the face. A pistol with two exploded cartridges lay beside his left hand.

Believe Slayer Wounded.

If he had fired that gun, as it appeared he had, his adversary was wounded as the bullets were nowhere to be found, Stege said. The bullets that killed King were from a .45 caliber automatic from which ten shots had been fired, as the ejected shells indicated. Some of those bullets

MANCHURIA REFUGEES FLEE BY THOUSANDS IN 20 BELOW ZERO

[Chicago Tribune Press Service.]

HARBIN, Dec. 3.—The Rev. Charles Leonard of the Southern Baptist mission and a member of the American Red Cross, returned to Harbin today from another trip along the Chinese Eastern railway, during which he inspected the refugee situation.

He said thousands of people had left their homes carrying only a few personal belongings and are struggling through the snow with the temperature at twenty below zero. The weaker ones, especially the women and children, sometimes fall by the side of the road, exhausted, and are frozen to death.

The Russian bombing planes, he added, are constantly reconnoitering, but for the last three days have dropped no bombs.

The building was securely locked for the night at 7:30 p. m. on Monday, the police made sure. Many persons had keys to it, they learned, from the time the gambling place was in operation. King had worked there as a gunman guard at \$15 a day and had a key.

What sort of a rendezvous King had there the police could only surmise. One theory was that he lured some one there to rob, only to find his intended victim armed. He was scheduled to go to trial Dec. 15 on a charge of robbing a drug store.

The body of King was claimed at the county morgue by a sister. She told the police his real name was John Voegtle and said his home was at 2341 North Kilpatrick avenue. The sister declared she could throw no light on the killing.

Several hours later Joseph Bushell, 35 years old, 1532 East 43d street, known as a friend of King, was taken to the detective bureau for questioning by Lieut. John Treacy.

TWO NEW SHOES



Black or Brown Suede, Laced Trimmed

White Moire, or tinted to match your formal

HOSIERY \$1.35

You will like this sheer, clear chifon hose, and will find it unusual at \$1.35. We suggest it for Christmas giving.

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CHICAGO MINNEAPOLIS

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JET black unfinished worsted in twill or narrow herringbone weave. Lined with pure dye perspiration-proof silk, lapels of heavy silky satin—tailored to a smoothness that only fine needling can accomplish.

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Our Famous Chicagoan Tuxedo a Feature at \$40 **\$65** Other Stein-Block Tuxedos \$75 and \$85

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Stein-Block Clothes

Chicago Stores
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118 SOUTH MICHIGAN
(NEAR MONROE)

Suburban Stores
EVANSTON
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GARY

A Delightful Dinner in Home-like Surroundings

Miss Ellis' Tea Shop invites people who are seeking a quiet, home-like atmosphere where they may truly enjoy well-prepared meals. Come in for dinner this evening—and, of course, Sunday. You'll feel at home.

Evening Dinner 75c and \$1

Sunday Dinner \$1.25

Miss Ellis' Tea Shop
737 North Michigan Ave.

ENDING LAW PUTS END TO THE JOYS OF EPICURE CLUB

Mr. Ablin's Play Palace
Is Closed by Paschen.

What had been for three bright, cheerful, restful, and merry months the dearest of night clubs and the private enterprise of David Ablin, whose racketeering name is Cockeysville, was devoid of all save trouble last night. For alleged violation of the zoning laws, this four-story building at 19 East Cedar street, which Mr. Mulligan-Ablin named the Epicure club, was closed by order of Police Commissioner Chris Paschen.

For three months it flourished and thrived. A thousand members contributed \$250 each into the Ablin coffers and rumor was that a jolter could be had any time. For those same three months the police and prohibition agents could find no violations of the liquor laws or nuisance laws, but a strange thing happened yesterday.

John Liquor and Caretaker.
Hardly had Commissioner Paschen's order been promulgated when a policeman, guided by information from the federal prohibition bureau, discovered twelve imperial quarts of Scotch whisky and three smaller bottles in the act of being deposited from the club. The man and his car, Harry Alexander, described as the caretaker of the club, were hustled off to the federal building. Just the day before Mr. Mulligan-Ablin had almost convinced Capt. Egan of the East Chicago avenue police that the club did not even tolerate liquor, much less sell it.

Although it was noted that Paschen acted with intense alacrity after the seizure of the Epicure club had been notorious through intensive publicity, it also was recalled that three months had elapsed without any action. During that time the Chicago police were aware that the club was a fire trap, that booze was sold, and that it was the private bootleg racket of Cockeysville-Mulligan-Ablin, a residential neighborhood.

The impetuous of this establishment had his spurs when he organized the Midwest Garage association, which fostered tire puncturing as a warning to motorists not to leave their cars on the street at night. Thus the very bad boys of the west side, Clifford, Reilly, Cawley and McElroy, who are still dead, and George Barker, who is still alive and active, took the garage organization away from Ablin, having to shoot him only once to do so.

Shooting Stirs Things Up.
Ablin was telling Capt. Egan about that incident on Monday when his club came under official scrutiny because of a report that Ablin had shot a bootlegger who wished to share his profits. After the garage association episode, Ablin took over the management of the Club Algiers, a north side play spot, from which he carefully sidled the recruits for the Epicure play palace.

On party there for twenty-two people—behind locked doors—brought him a bill for \$3,700, which was promptly paid, as the story was told. The cute little private dining and sitting rooms were the talk of the town. To be a member stamped one as not only a big shot but a man of money, and the fortunate ones talked of the many beautiful girls who acted as hostesses during the resting hours of the fatigued business man.

Just an Unfortunate Fellow.
Ablin pictured himself last night as just about the most outstanding exhibition of misfortune personified. The liquor stories could do him no harm, he said, because he just wouldn't let a prohibition agent into the privacy of the club and no government sleuth could furnish sufficient references to

Chosen National Health Champions



Harold Destline, Morgan County, Ind., and Florence Smock, Lake County, Fla.
(TRIBUNE Photo.)

be permitted to buy a \$250 entrance card.

Ablin complained that he could keep the police out, and he did so, too, until recently when Capt. Egan was permitted to enter on a nightly tour of inspection—when every bit of the club was safely hidden. And the talk about roll-away beds did him no harm, nor the whippers about big games and big stakes at roulette. He boasted about "being set" with every one but Capt. Egan.

And then along comes Paschen, walked Mr. Ablin. Commissioner Paschen, who ordinarily doesn't do police work, decided that the area in which the club is located was zoned for apartment buildings and not for business purposes. He said he wasn't a lawyer, but he knew that Ablin was conducting a business there, even if Ablin did call his business a private club.

MOIRS IN PLEAS FOR DIVORCE, BUT CASE IS DELAYED

(Pictures on back page.)

Harry C. Moir, son of the owner of the Morrison hotel, and his actress wife, Martha Grief Moir, presented their pleas for divorce before Superior Judge Sabath yesterday. The Moirs were married April 22, 1926, and separated the following St. Valentine's day. Mrs. Moir is contesting his action for divorce in a cross bill. Both charge desertion.

Moir declared that his wife deserted him because he failed to bring her a Valentine. Moir denied that his wife had left him because of other women and hinted that she had proposed a trial divorce. His mother, Mrs. Rose K. Moir, testified that her son had treated his wife kindly.

Mrs. Moir stated that she left her husband on the advice of her physician. Her mother, Mrs. Josephine Grief, testified that Moir once confessed to having been out with other women and begged her not to tell her daughter. The case was continued until next Tuesday so that the physician might testify.

Pick 4-H Club Winners

Florence Smock of Lake county, Fla., and Harold Destline of Morgan county, Ind., each 17 years old, were proclaimed health champions of the National 4-H club congress met at the Sherman hotel last night. It was the most coveted honor of the week's congress, the 720,000 members all over the country having been eliminated in preliminary contests. There were 26 contestants from as many states at the final judging. The two young winners' ratings, as determined by the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial fund, were 98.7 and 99.2 per cent, respectively.

Florence, who uses no rouge nor lip-stick, and has rosy cheeks and lips like most Chicago misses, is an athletic girl. She is a senior Red Cross life saver, and has been swimming since she was 3 years old. She plans to take up physical education work when she enters college. She is five feet four inches in height and weighs 129 pounds.

Harold weighs 160 pounds and is five feet eight inches in height. During his last four years in club work he has carried on projects in poultry, pig, calf, and corn, getting most of his exercise in the open of the farm, and walking a mile and a half to school.

Father of Six Kills Self as He Faces Divorce Suit

Stephen Strines, 44 years old, who engaged a room in the North hotel, 1215 North California avenue, two days ago, committed suicide yesterday by leaping from his fourth story window. Among his effects the police found a subpoena in a divorce suit filed recently by his wife, Mary, who lives with their six children at 2927 Holly avenue. She had charged cruelty and nonsupport.

FALL KILLS WORKMAN.
Edward Mullin, 41, of 713 Wellington avenue, Chicago, was fatally injured yesterday afternoon while working at the north plant of the Public Service company in Waukegan, when he fell 75 feet.

TEST VOTE IN SENATE SPELLS EXIT FOR VARE

Majority to Bar Him Is
Assured.

(Picture on back page.)
(Chicago Tribune Press Service.)
Washington, D. C., Dec. 3.—[Special.]—The United States senate today indicated that after a week or ten days of oratory it will deny W. B. Vare of Pennsylvania a seat in the senate by a substantial majority.

A motion offered by Senator D. A. Reed [Rep., Pa.] to delay the Vare fight until Monday was rejected by a vote of 31 to 42, and a few minutes later sessions were ordered to begin at 10:30 a. m. every day until the three and one-half day old controversy is finally disposed of.

Prior to the roll call vote Senator G. W. Norris [Rep., Neb.], author of the resolution to bar Vare because of excessive expenditures in his primary campaign, sponsored a unanimous consent proposal to postpone consideration of the resolution until the privileges and elections committee has reported its findings in the election count brought against Vare by W. B. Wilson, the defeated Democratic candidate.

Suggests Wilson Be Seated.
The Nebraska senator pointed out that a single roll call seating Wilson, who charged wholesale fraud and corruption in Vare's election, would end the controversy. When Norris refused to amend his proposal to include provision for both morning and night sessions, Senator W. E. Borah [Rep., Idaho] objected to the delay. Senator Reed then offered his motion. After its defeat Norris claimed the floor and held it until adjournment with what he warned the senate was merely the preface to an exhaustive review of the Pennsylvania 1926 senatorial primary scandals.

Among the 21 who voted for the motion to postpone the Norris resolution at least three, Senators Bronson Cutting [Rep., N. M.], R. B. Howell [Rep., Neb.], and T. H. Caraway [Dem., Ark.], will vote to exclude Vare on the final roll call. In addition at least ten of today's absentees are counted upon to vote against Vare, indicating that he will be denied his seat by at least 55 votes, 5 more than the required majority.

Vare Will Fight On.
Vare, still suffering from the effects of a paralytic stroke, refused to admit defeat and took a pot shot at his senate critics in a statement showing that many of the senators who will vote upon his eligibility were themselves elected in campaigns which cost far more per vote cast than the total spent in the Pennsylvania primary campaign in 1926.

Without naming any senators who might have been beneficiaries of the expenditures, Vare's statement contrasted the average cost per vote of 54 cents in the Pennsylvania primary in 1926 with cost per vote to the two major parties in other states as follows:

Republican—Arizona, \$1; Delaware, \$1.41; Florida, \$4.43; Idaho, \$7.78; Montana, \$5.51; Nevada, \$7.74; New Jersey, \$6.60; New Mexico, \$5.57; South Dakota, \$5.53, and Wyoming, \$5.51.
Democratic—Arkansas, \$5.53; Maryland, \$3.32; Montana, \$1.00; Nevada, \$1.94; New Mexico, \$5.55; Virginia, \$5.58, and Wyoming, \$7.73.

FORD'S WORKERS GET \$20,500,000 A YEAR INCREASE

Minimum Pay Raised
Dollar A Day.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 3.—[Special.]—Henry Ford's increase in wages to Ford Motor company employees "as a stimulus to industry and general business" will result in an increased wage distribution of more than \$20,500,000 annually in the plants throughout the United States, and of \$1,000,000 a year in the Canadian plants.

This was made known today in statements by Edsel B. Ford, president of the Ford Motor company here, and by Wallace R. Campbell, president of the Ford Motor company of Canada, Ltd., telling of new wage scales.

In the U. S. Made Monday.
The minimum wage of \$6 a day is increased in both United States and Canadian plants and branches to \$7 a day; the probationary wage paid to apprentice employees for the first two months of their employment "is increased from \$5 to \$6 a day and an increase averaging 5 per cent is made in the wages of workers receiving more than the \$7 minimum.

The increased scale in the plants of the United States was made effective yesterday. In the Canadian plants it will become effective on Dec. 5. The announcement by Mr. Campbell followed in detail closely the previous statement by Mr. Ford.

October Pay Roll Is Baked.
The employment roster of the Ford company constantly shows some fluctuations and Mr. Ford did not state what the total employment list was yesterday when the increase went into effect. He used the October pay roll as the basis of estimating the aggregate increased wage distribution. The October pay roll, he said, registered 144,990 employees, and using these figures as a basis, he said the increase amounts to \$1,628,461 a month, or slightly in excess of \$19,500,000 a year. Mr. Ford's statement showed that 24,320 men are affected by the increase from \$6 to \$7 a day in the minimum rate. Still using the October pay roll figures, he said that 113,643 employees are receiving increases which bring their daily wage to between \$7.20 and \$10.00 a day.

He estimated that approximately \$18,000,000 of the increased annual wage distribution will go to workers in the Detroit area.

Outlook Called Excellent.
"We are able to make this increase," Mr. Ford said, "partly because of anticipated economies and the great volume of production we have had over a period of months and partly because of our excellent outlook for next year."

Mr. Ford was emphatic in his statement that the increase does not preclude an increase in the price of Ford products.

"Wage increases cannot be collected from the public, nor can they be taken out of the quality of the product," he said. "They have to be made up by better management of the work. That is the way we intend to justify this increase."

Railroad Raises Wages.
Houston, Tex., Dec. 3.—[Special.]—A 5 per cent increase in pay for more than 500 clerks at Galveston has been awarded by the Atchafalaya, Topeka and Santa Fe railway.

1,975 Milwaukee Workers.
Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 3.—[Special.]—While notice of the \$1 per day wage

Dry Law Repeal Referendum Won by Petition in Bay State

Boston, Mass., Dec. 3.—[Special.]—Petitions containing the certified signatures of 32,945 citizens were filed today at the office of the secretary of state by the Constitutional Liberty league in support of its referendum petition for the repeal of the Massachusetts prohibition enforcement law, commonly known as the baby Volstead act.

Only 20,000 Names Required.
The filing of the supporting petitions serves to bring the question of repeal of the law before the state legislature and, in the event of adverse action by that body, will place the issue before the voters in the form of a referendum to appear on the ballot in the election next November.

According to a statement issued by the league, more than 40,000 signatures were obtained in all, although under the law only 20,000 are necessary. Among the signers was a large percentage of women. Volunteer workers, it was stated, included students, professors, schoolmasters, heads of business houses and clergymen.

Citizens' Rights Stressed.
Concurrently with the filing of the petition, President Rockemann of the league issued the following statement: "Naturally we feel great satisfaction over the fact that we have obtained so many more signatures than are required by law to bring before the legislature our petition. And we wish to offer our grateful thanks to all our members and other supporters and adherents who, by contributions of time, labor, or money, have insured the success of the effort to have the petition ready on time."

"We consider that bringing about this referendum is part of the general educational work that we have been engaged in for nearly ten years, and we feel that the people of Massachusetts are glad to receive information as to their rights and privileges under the constitution and the infringements thereof made by the eighteen amendment and the national Volstead law, and will not fail to use their knowledge in all lawful ways to do away with prohibition as it is and substitute some better system that will insure temperance combined with individual freedom of choice and action."

THERE ARE WHICH ONE IS YOUR TYPE ???

Types of Feet

SCIENTIFIC FITTING BY MEMBERS OF THE AMERICAN POSTURE LEAGUE

Tru-pedic

SHOE STORE
35 W. MONROE

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Issued Exclusively to Chicago Tribune Readers

\$1.00 a month, with coupon below, for a Life Insurance Policy which pays \$1,000 Plus! No Medical Examination! No Subscription Necessary!

NOTE: Included Are Valuable Total and Permanent Disability Benefits!

This means that Full Amount of Insurance is payable to the insured, WHILE LIVING, in event of Total and Permanent Disability, as stated in Policy. Open to all Federal Reserve Bank members of the Chicago Tribune, age of 18 and 44½. Only one policy to a person. Issued by the Federal Life Insurance Company through special arrangement with the Chicago Tribune.

FILL IN AND MAIL

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"Special Life Insurance advertisement"
FEDERAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
I hereby certify that I am a reader of the Chicago Tribune and wish to receive the Federal Life Insurance Company's special \$1,000 Plus Life Insurance Policy, which costs only \$1.00 a month, with coupon below, for a Life Insurance Policy which pays \$1,000 Plus! No Medical Examination! No Subscription Necessary! I am willing to pay the premium of \$1.00 a month for this policy. I am willing to pay the premium of \$1.00 a month for this policy. I am willing to pay the premium of \$1.00 a month for this policy.

My Name Is..... Print name in full..... Do not use initials

My Address Is.....

Date of Birth..... Day..... Month..... Year.....

Occupation.....

NOTE: This insurance will become effective if and when issued by the Federal Life Insurance Company. It is not a contract until the policy is issued. The Federal Life Insurance Company reserves the right to refuse to issue this policy to anyone who is not a reader of the Chicago Tribune. This offer open only to persons between the ages of 18 and 44½. Only one of these Life Insurance Policies can be issued to any person.

COUPON FOR TRIBUNE ACCIDENT INSURANCE POLICY

For New Policy or Renewal

To secure the Tribune's \$7,500.00 Travel Accident Insurance Policy, or to renew for another year one previously issued to you, cut out and fill in the coupon below and mail it with \$1.00 to Tribune Insurance Dept., Federal Life Insurance Co., 169 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill. (As stated in the Policy, the value of all specific indemnities is 10% of the total policy amount.)

FILL IN AND MAIL

COUPON

☐ NEW POLICY ☐ RENEWAL

APPLICATION for \$7,500.00 TRAVEL ACCIDENT INSURANCE POLICY

Issued to Readers of the Chicago Tribune
This Travel Accident Insurance Policy, which costs only \$1.00 a month, will insure you for \$7,500.00 in the event of death or disability while traveling. It is not a contract until the policy is issued. The Federal Life Insurance Company reserves the right to refuse to issue this policy to anyone who is not a reader of the Chicago Tribune. This offer open only to persons between the ages of 18 and 44½. Only one of these Life Insurance Policies can be issued to any person.

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

DATE OF BIRTH..... DAY..... MONTH..... YEAR.....

PLACE OF BIRTH.....

TO THE EXTENT THAT YOU CANNOT TRAVEL SAFELY IN PUBLIC PLACES.....

WRITE HERE NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON TO WHOM YOU WANT INSURANCE PAID IN CASE YOU ARE KILLED; OTHERWISE IT WILL BE PAID TO YOUR ESTATE.

BENEFICIARY'S NAME.....

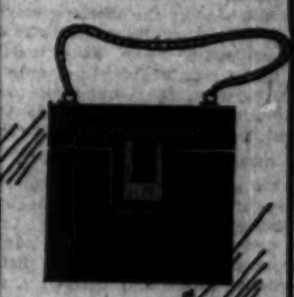
RELATIONSHIP.....

By signing this coupon you agree to pay the premium of \$1.00 a month for this policy. I am willing to pay the premium of \$1.00 a month for this policy. I am willing to pay the premium of \$1.00 a month for this policy.

This offer open only to persons between the ages of 18 and 44½.



HELP WANTED
Attention! Bring your Christmas List to Stevens—On our First and Second Floors you will find the practical, unique, personal or unusual Gift—collection gathered from every corner of the globe for your selection.



APPLY TODAY
—for the Gift that will delight her—An Envelope Handbag of the finest Antelope Suede, with Serpentine Handle and Monogram Clasp—Beautifully lined and fitted. In Black or Brown. \$8.50.



NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY
—to know that any woman will be delighted with a Gift of Harry's French Suede Gloves made exclusively for Stevens. In Mode or Beaver Color. \$4.75 the Pair.



EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY
—to select a very unusual, as well as useful Gift for either man or woman—after-dinner Liqueur and Coffee Set of Hammered Brass Individual Trays, holding the Coffee Cup and Liqueur Glasses—even one's cigarette, \$30 the Dozen.



WANTED!
—a Necklace of Pearls—not so expensive, yet very lovely—we suggest a Choker of Braided Pearls—Copy of a Gypsy Necklace—that is only \$2.95.



ATTRACTIVE
—Is the Gift of Silk and Wool Hose for the woman who "goes in" for numerous sports events. Give her a pair or a Box for Christmas, with lovely Lace Clasp. \$2.95 the Pair.

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SHIRTS OF FINE IMPORTED SHIRTINGS

\$3.45

3 for \$10

White English broadcloths that can't possibly be bettered at any price; beautiful, exclusive French and English shirtings. This event gives you custom quality and custom style at an exceedingly low price. Every shirt is fresh, new—just right for Christmas giving

The white broadcloth shirts are in collar attached or neckband style; the colored shirts are collar attached or have two collars to match

IF YOU CAN'T GET IN, PHONE HARRISON 9000

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MINNEAPOLIS CHICAGO ST. PAUL

John T. Shayne
INCORPORATED
Shop for Women

Shayne Christmas Hose
The Sheerest Chiffon We've Ever Seen

\$1.95

(Three Pair \$5.00)

And to add to their attractiveness this hosiery has both picot tops and exquisite French heels. Only a limited quantity available, in all the newer shades. Wrapped in a charming gift package at no extra charge. We can't imagine a more acceptable gift at such an economical price.

Be prepared—with a book of Shayne Gift Certificates

MICHIGAN at RANDOLPH

COUNCILMEN MAY ASK INQUIRY INTO TAX REVALUATION

Figures Under Fire at
Oratorical Session.

Chicago's financial dilemma was the scheduled subject of an emergency session called by the city council's finance committee yesterday. Civic organizations had been asked to aid the council in drawing up a 1930 budget which must overcome a \$9,000,000 deficit. Representatives of many of the organizations were there to present their views.

Two hours after the meeting started some of the guests began to drift out of the committee room. They had listened to stirring oratory and spirited debates between the committee members. None of those invited to give their advice had yet been heard from.

Strawn Makes a Point.
At this point Elias H. Strawn, who was one of a committee of nine business leaders appointed nearly three years ago to advise the city administration and who had been listening quietly, arose and uttered a few cool words for the fervid minds of the aldermen.

"I personally do not see the pertinence of your discussion thus far," he remarked gently. "I came here only as a citizen to hear what was to be said. I sympathize with your position. Our duty now, regardless of politics, is to work out a plan so that this great city may function."

This produced an impression and the aldermen began to murmur. Harry S. Cutmore, director of the revaluation, said the representatives of the civic organizations waited patiently.

Sullivan Takes the Floor.
Then Thomas Sullivan, attorney for the school board, got the floor. From then on, as one observer remarked, there was plenty of fun even if the subject of the budget was not mentioned.

Attorney Sullivan produced some figures on Cutmore's valuation of loop property that brought exclamations of wrath from the aldermen. The lawyer charged that property values in the loop had been reduced \$200,000,000 while values in outlying districts had been raised. He declared that a comparison of the assessor's appraisals on certain buildings with the amount of the bond issues on the same buildings showed startling variations.

"This is a matter that the attorney general should look into," declared Ald. Oscar Nelson (40th). He introduced a motion to that effect but the committee after some debate, took the motion under advisement.

Aldermen Get a Rebuke.
Along about dusk, George O. Fairweather, chairman of the joint commission on real estate valuation, was given permission to speak. He administered a tactful rebuke to the aldermen.

"I understand your problem was a budget problem," he commented. "Of course, it's all very fine to flout out anything else while you're about it. Now, how about eliminating some of the gravy on the pay rolls?"

This called for some very fine speaking and the committee members responded to the summons. Night drew in and the civic organization speakers, one by one, slipped out. The emergency session drew to a close and was declared a great success.

The City's Predicament.

The session opened with Ald. John B. Clark (20th), chairman of the finance committee, explaining to the assembled guests the predicament in which the city finds itself. He was explaining the hugeness of the task of budget making when Ald. Sheldon W. Davis (8th) interrupted to cry:

"We want you gentlemen to realize what we're up against. For example, the law does not allow us to pay jobs to the Municipal courts and bailiffs' offices. And that department holds such an array of political claims and this eating snap jobs as probably never was seen. The place reeks with dollar chasers."

"Nevertheless," remarked Ald. Clark, "we're going to cut jobs up there. They may run to the courts about it, but let them."

Ringer Tells with Aldermen.

Assessor Charles Ringer, who was present, was asked to explain about revaluation. Almost immediately he was involved in bitter disputes with several of the committee members.

"Was any consideration given the six spending bodies in fixing the factor of 37 per cent upon which to base assessed values?" Ringer was asked by Ald. Nelson.

"That was a legally possible," responded the assessor. After several more questions, he shouted: "We're running the board of assessors and running it under the law! I didn't come up here to be criticized."

"Your attitude that the public can be lugged doesn't reflect credit on you," remarked Nelson.

Assessor Gives Warning.

"I can stand on my feet because I know what it's all about," asserted Ringer. "You're making a lot of insinuations that some outsider, such as Nelson of the state tax commission, had something to do with the fixing of the tax factor. By those insinuations you're jeopardizing the entire assessment and if you kick this one over, gentlemen, you'll be years in getting a dollar."

Then Mr. Strawn was heard.

"The banks are about at the end of their rope in lending you money," he warned the aldermen, after remarking that they had wandered from the subject of the budget.

Then came School Board Attorney Sullivan and his charges about the valuation of business property. Cutmore had left at this time and could not answer the accusations made against him.

"In the face of our growing sky line, it's pretty hard to accept a 300 million reduction in loop property," Sullivan said. "The Furniture Mart, appraised at \$17,000,000 by leading appraisers, and on which bonds to the amount of \$15,000,000 were issued, was valued by Cutmore's man at \$10,000,000."

"Why, somebody ought to go to the president if this is true," exploded Ald. Nelson. "On the one hand, the architects and engineers must have testified falsely to the value of the building in getting the permit to

PROSECUTOR REFUSES O'BRIEN BOND, SO HE IS STILL AT LIBERTY

Assistant State's Attorney A. C. De Witt refused yesterday to accept the surety posted for the liberty of James N. (High Pocket) O'Brien, alleged leader of the slot machine defendants who recently were freed when the state's case collapsed. He O'Brien refused to surrender. The state was set for the long sought O'Brien to walk in and out of the Criminal court building until Prosecutor De Witt decided that the real estate scheduled was not sufficient to cover the bond.

Attorneys for O'Brien said they would submit new bond schedules today and that when the prosecutor decides to accept them O'Brien will come in and not before. Meanwhile O'Brien remains in hiding in Chicago.

Issue Bonds. On the other hand, if they told the truth, then something is radically wrong with the re-assessment.

Other Buildings Cited.
Attorney Sullivan continued to cite the cases of buildings which he said were under-assessed by Cutmore's ap-

prisers. He mentioned the 1400 Lake Shore Drive building, the Stevens hotel, Burnham building, Builders building, State-Lake building, and the Engineering building, and displayed figures showing that each building received cuts totaling millions under the re-assessment.

"If this is proved to the people of Chicago, there'll be hell in this town," remarked Ald. Clark.

At a night session the committee followed that advice and tentatively decided upon some drastic reductions. They slashed a total of 105 jobs in the offices of the corporation counsel, city attorney, controller, treasurer and city collector. They did away with the \$40,000 given the Chicago Plan commission annually. This last step aroused opposition but was finally decided upon.

Two other retrenchment steps were taken. The department of compensation merged with the department of public works at a saving of a number of jobs. Big cuts were made in appropriations for office supplies and expenses. The jobs of the three market masters were abolished and their duties will be performed henceforth by the police.

County Passes 10 Month Budget.
Over in the county building at the same time the commissioners voted to pass a budget on a ten months' basis. This move was heralded as a sound method of meeting the county's \$4,700,000 deficit. But word came at

most immediately from the judges that court action would probably be taken to enjoin the board from proceeding on such a basis.

The budget turmoil in the county building was marked yesterday by a statement issued by the Circuit court judges' committee which disclaimed all responsibility for the county's financial fix and a return statement from President Cernak.

"We found no unnecessary positions on the pay rolls," was the essence of the judges' report.

Cops Escort Arrested Hotel Janitor as He Tends Fire

Perry Wilson, colored janitor at the Pembroke hotel, 1404 Chicago avenue, was arrested in a beer flat raid at 1741 Dodge avenue, Evanston, early yesterday morning. After Wilson had failed to appear to fire the furnace, H. F. Foster, the hotel manager, learned that the janitor was under arrest. He then made arrangements for detectives to accompany Wilson to the hotel while he fired the furnace to keep the 50 guests from suffering. Three such trips were made before Wilson was discharged by Justice of the Peace John Rumm.

INVALED LEAPS TO DEATH.
Depositing of recovery from a long illness, Charles Cullen, 29 year old electrician, committed suicide yesterday by leaping from the second story window of a rooming house at 200 North Crawford avenue.

ELLIS INDICTED AS TAX DODGER IN SLOT RING QUIZ

Oliver J. Ellis, alleged head of a Chicago Heights slot machine ring broken up about a year ago by Chicago police, was named on four counts in federal indictments returned before Federal Judge Wilkerson yesterday charging evasion of tax payments on income received in 1926 and 1927. Ellis owes more than \$11,000 on slot machine profits for the two years of \$116,354, the government says.

The indictment follows a six months' investigation by agents working under Assistant United States Attorney Dwight Green. It was as a result of this same investigation that Gene O. Oliver, member of Cook county board of assessors, was indicted on similar charges recently.

Ellis was arrested last February in a raid conducted by prohibition agents, and disclosures which he made at that time are said to have brought about the investigations which resulted in his and Oliver's indictment.

Woman Dies After She Is Hit by Auto; Driver Held

Mrs. Irene Stainhapel, 43 years old, of Dubuque, Ia., died in the Passavant hospital yesterday of injuries incurred when she was run down at Michigan avenue and Erie street by the automobile of John Webster, 7719 St. Lawrence avenue. Webster was held by Chicago avenue police.

The death and two others raised the 1929 Cook county motor toll to \$14. The other victims.

Charles Schroeder, 23 years old, 1804 West Congress street, a third year student in Loyola Medical college, died early this morning in the county hospital of injuries suffered when he was struck by the automobile of Martin Sumner, 4401 Central boulevard, at Ogden avenue and Honore street. Schroeder's parents reside in Kenosha, Wis.

William Brooks, 7 years old, colored, 3715 Pauline avenue. Died last night at the Provident hospital from injuries received Monday when he was struck by an automobile driven by Edward Dougherty, Pontiac, Ill.

TAXPAYERS OPEN BATTLE AGAINST \$3,000,000 SEWER

More than 400 property owners of the northwest side met last night at the Independence park fieldhouse to plan a new campaign to defeat the \$3,000,000 Bertaux sewer ordinance. The ordinance will be up for confirmation of the County court on Dec. 18.

Ald. Joseph C. Ross (40th) told the tax payers the ordinance was slipped through the council by tactics similar to those used in the passage of the Copper lower ordinance.

Ald. Thomas Bowler (41st) pledged his support to the residents in defeating the bill in the County court.

Mrs. Rena Hired, state senator from the Twenty-fifth district, said she plans to propose an amendment to the special assessment law which now permits the administration to take advantage of the property holders.

RAGING BLIZZARD HIDES FATE OF OCEAN VESSEL

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Dec. 1.—Word was lacking tonight of the fate of the 12 vessels that left New York for Bonaville ports. A strong east gale with heavy snow was raging off the coast and rescue ships made no progress during the day.

Five Perils in Weather.
SANTANDER, Spain, Dec. 2.—Five members of the crew of the small steamer Reina de Los Angeles were believed to have perished when the vessel ran aground today in heavy weather off the port San Vicente de la Barquera.

Flyer's Wife Walks Into Whirling Propeller; Dies
[Chicago Tribune Press Service.]
KINGNA, Sask., Dec. 2.—A woman was instantly killed when she walked into the rapidly revolving propeller of an airplane, piloted by her husband, Mrs. H. Lockwood, Saskatchewan resident, was instantly killed.

We have made many Substantial Reductions in the Gift Room

Solid walnut end
tables with book-
trough. Strikingly
carved.

Regularly \$35
\$19



Occasional furni-
ture, such as coffee
tables, end and work
tables and humidors.

Now \$7.50 to \$250

Ceramics

Vases, figurines and
novelties.

Now \$2 to \$50

Lamps

Bridge lamps, floor
lamps, and table lamps
in modern and period
style.

Now \$5 to \$250

Metals

In pewter and brass.

Now \$1 to \$85

Glassware

French, Venetian, and
Bohemian.

Now \$3 to \$50

Odd Chairs and Sofas

Several patterns have been reduced for quick clearance.
A number are listed here.

\$38 Walnut
arm chair, \$19.50

\$55 Mahogany arm
chair in tapestry, \$29

\$85 Mahogany arm chair in
tapestry or damask, \$35

\$175 Queen Anne sofa
in tapestry, \$125

\$125 Mahogany davenport
in chevron mohair, \$87

\$975 Walnut Venetian carved
sofa in brocade, \$550

Chime Clocks Reduced 25% to 50%

Tables and Table Desks

A Number at
Considerable Reductions

Odd Bedroom Furniture

A number of pieces at half price, these are typical.

\$36 Mahogany
post bed, \$19.50

\$130 Mahogany and
satinwood bed, \$49

\$400 Walnut and gum
suite, 8 pieces, \$195

\$100 Enamel
dresser, \$39

\$60 Walnut dress-
ing table, \$19

\$84 Walnut chest
of drawers, \$35

Dining Room Furniture

Several suites have been marked at greatly reduced prices.

\$265 Walnut suite,
8 pieces, \$195

\$550 Sheraton inlaid
suite, 10 pieces, \$375

\$510 Elizabethan chestnut
and oak suite, 8 pieces, \$395

\$850 Walnut suite,
10 pieces, \$650

\$1,275 Walnut provincial
suite, 10 pieces, \$950

\$2,400 Heppelwhite suite, ma-
hogany and satinwood, 10 pc., \$1500

TOBEY

Michigan Avenue at Lake Street

WHAT A DIFFERENCE FOUR WORDS MAKE IN OVERCOATS AT \$50

[Hart Schaffner & Marx]
are the four words

They mean authentic style, more value,
more quality, more wear, and satisfaction,
or money back



Here's a worsted curl overcoat in Corona
brown, blue, oxford or black—single or
double breasted, with or without velvet
collar—it stands out at \$50



The Hart Schaffner & Marx Argo-
naut fleece town coat is exceptional
at \$50. Warm, deep wool, little bulk,
lots of style, and a world of wear



Then there are
Raglans and
University,
Chesterfields,
and belted coats
—thousands of
coats at
\$50



Gordian worsted suits in
Corona brown, Pyramid
grey, Grenadier blue

\$50

Motor Twist suits with
2 trousers, and how they
wear

\$50

BASKIN

Corner of Clark
and Washington

State Street just
north of Adams

336 North
Michigan

63rd Street
at Maryland
Open evenings

Cor of Lake
and Marion
Oak Park

WEDDING TO WED HINDU PRINCE IN HIS RACING SILKS

Aga Khan's Bride's Outfit
Costs \$50,000.

BY HENRY WALES.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—When the Parisian prince, Aga Khan, high priest of one of the most important sects of Moslems in India, next Saturday at Aix-les-Bains will set a new style in wedding dress by wearing the colors of the Moslem's racing stable.

Strange as it may seem, the bride will go to the altar—rather, before the mayor of Aix-les-Bains—and then be the Imam of the Mohammedan mosque at Paris—clad in emerald and diamonds. This is the combination which Aga Khan's ponies have made familiar to Paris racing crowds.

Bonds Racing Silks.
The dress will be of panne velvet, decorated with heavy cream lace and with crepe hanging over the left shoulder caught by a band of wassail. A couple of the best couturiers in Paris have been called in to lend advice on blending emerald and chocolate into something effective.

The banns, posted in the city hall of Aix-les-Bains, give Saturday as the day and 10 a. m. as the hour of the wedding of the Hindu potentate and the 21 year old French girl of modest origin whose father is in charge of



MRS. BEATRICE M. KIMMETT.
(TRIBUNE Photo.)

the personnel of one of the leading Paris hotels.

Six airplanes will carry the wedding guests from Paris. The ceremony, however, will be a simple civil affair before the mayor of Aix-les-Bains, who happens to be Henri Clerc, a French dramatist, who never imagined anything so fantastic as this marriage in any of his plays.

Prince Builds Wedding Castle.

Immediately after the civil ceremony the couple will proceed to a castle Aga Khan had erected in one of the most quiet spots on the shores of Lake Bourget, a few miles from Aix-les-Bains, for the Mohammedan ceremony.

Si Khaddour and Ben Ghabbrit, director of the Moslem Institute at Paris,

Rum Wedding Is Annulled

Howard Kemp, the "marrying justice" of Crown Point, Ind., yesterday called to appear before Superior Judge Sabath to explain why he officiated at the wedding for which the bride sought an annulment on the plea that she was intoxicated. Judge Sabath signed the decree, asked by Beatrice May Kimmett, 21 years old, 1022 North Dearborn street, after waiting more than three hours for the justice to keep his appointment.

Miss Kimmett came before the judge last week. She declared she had been married to Henry Louis Debus by Justice Kemp as the climax of a three-day drinking party in celebration of her birthday.

"I will have to grant your plea," the judge said. "I could do no more than ask Justice Kemp to appear. If I were attacked as he was I would go to the end of the world to clear my reputation."

Another "gin marriage" was dissolved yesterday when Judge Claire C. Edwards in Waukegan granted an annulment to Frederick Schmidt and his wife, the former Jeannette Gallagher, both of Highland Park. The young couple appeared in court and said they were married "on a dare" at the end of a drinking party in Rogers Park.

and two of the Imams of the mosque here, will officiate at the marriage of the man, who is nothing less than the pope of a Mohammedan sect, and a wealthy one, too. As this sect of Indian Mohammedans can marry Catholics, Protestants, and Israelites with impunity, Mile. Carron will not have to adopt her husband's creed.

The bride's trousseau is valued at close to \$50,000 and represents the cream of the collections of the big dressmaking houses of Paris. Every dress has some shade of green running through emerald, turquoise, and almandine.

TWO DAY HUNT FOR MAIL PILOT ENDS IN FAILURE

Clarion, Pa., Dec. 2.—(AP)—Air Mail Pilot Thomas P. Nelson of Plainfield, N. J., still was missing tonight as planes and men completed a second full day of search for him over the rough country of western Pennsylvania.

Whether a heavy blanket of snow that fell since he disappeared early Monday had formed a shroud for him and his ship, or only had prevented him from making known his plight if he escaped death, was undetermined.

The show, the searching pilots said, made it almost impossible to sight a grounded plane from the air, but despite the chances against success of the air search ten planes circled about.

Boy Pilot Killed.

Randall, Ia., Dec. 2.—(AP)—Paul Stewart, 17, son of Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Edwards, farmers near here, was killed today when his airplane crashed into a field a half mile from his home.

The youth had received his pilot's license about two weeks ago from the airport at Waterloo, where he had been a student for several months.

Two Negroes Held for Burglary of Glencoe Home

Len Franklin, 28 years old, and Henry Nethers, 27 years old, Negroes, who were captured in their home, 370 East 55th place, last Saturday on a charge of terrorizing the family of William J. Panceo in their residence at 130 Euclid avenue, Glencoe, and escaping with \$15,000 loot, were arraigned yesterday before Magistrate A. H. Watts in Glencoe. Mr. Panceo, wealthy wholesale stationer, identified both in court. They were bound over to the grand jury in bonds of \$30,000 each for burglary and robbery.



QUALITY-SERVICE
SATISFACTION

The greatest \$50 worth in the
entire clothing industry

THESE SUITS AND OVERCOATS ARE
VIRTUALLY WORTH 1/3 MORE

Hand needed fleece overcoats in authentic
Scotch colorings and patterns—waist-deep satin
linings—coats that are actually worth \$75

\$50

Imported Irish frieze overcoats with full worsted
body lining. They can't be matched for less than \$75

\$50

Worsted curl overcoats with warm Scotch backs
instead of plain backs—a competitionless value at

\$50

Worsted curl ulsters with full worsted body linings
—you can't find a warmer coat or a bigger value

\$50

Kuppenheimer overcoats of warm, rich, deep
fleeces unconditionally guaranteed for 2 years

\$50

Kuppenheimer suits of de luxe custom worsteds
for all men and young men

\$50

Kuppenheimer Cavalier handcrafted tuxedos
richly silk lined and satin faced. Matchless at

\$50

A special purchase of GGG famous young men's
suits give you \$65 values at

\$50

2-trouser hand tailored suits of 16-oz. Australian
worsted are virtually worth 1/3 more

\$50

Men's suits 2nd floor

Young men's 4th floor

Overcoats 6th floor

MAURICE L ROTHSCCHILD

State at Jackson

CHICAGO

ST. PAUL

MINNEAPOLIS

I. Miller
INSTITUTION
INTERNATIONALE

CELEBRATES
DECEMBER
WITH NEW IDEAS IN
GIFTS



Give her I. Miller
HOSIERY

..... the kind
she'd choose herself

Because she loves its sheerness, its
silken lustre . . . because she knows
its long-wearing quality and correct-
ness of coloring, she'll be delighted if
you choose I. Miller Hosiery for her
Christmas Gift . . . And when you
find how easy it is to buy, how hand-
ily you can step inside an I. Miller
Shop, how quickly and expertly you
can be served, you'll be delighted, too.

No. 383
Sheer Silk Hosiery.
Picot edge. By the box
5 PAIRS

\$375

No. 322
All-silk Ingrain
Cliffon. By the box.
5 PAIRS

\$695

No. 392
All-silk Sheer Ho-
siery. Exquisite
texture. By the box.
5 PAIRS

\$435

No. 351
51-gauge Ingrain
Cliffon. By the box
5 PAIRS

\$875

IMILLER
Beautiful Hosiery

137 SOUTH STATE STREET

312 SO. MICHIGAN AVENUE

near Adams

KELLOGG-BRIAND AGREEMENT RAISES HIGH MORAL STANDARD FOR WORLD

MEXICO AT PEACE
AND PROMISES
A GOOD FUTURENational Defense Amply
Provided.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 3.—(AP)—Following is the text of the address of President Hoover, sent to joint session of the house and senate today:

"To the Senate and House of Representatives:

"The constitution requires that the President shall, from time to time, give to the congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient. In complying with that requirement I wish to emphasize that during the last year the nation has continued to grow in strength; our people have advanced in comfort; we have gained in knowledge; the education of youth has been more widely spread; moral and spiritual forces have been maintained; peace has become more assured.

"The problems with which we are confronted are the problems of growth and of progress. In their solution we have to determine the facts, to develop the relative importance to be assigned to such facts, to formulate a common judgment upon them, and to realize solutions in a spirit of conciliation.

FOREIGN RELATIONS

Kellogg-Briand pact raises high moral standard for the whole world.

"We are not only at peace with all the world, but the foundations for future peace are being substantially strengthened. To promote peace is our long established policy. Through the Kellogg-Briand pact a great moral standard has been raised in the world. By it fifty-four nations have covenanted to renounce war and to settle all disputes by peaceful means.

"Through a new world outlook has been inaugurated which has profoundly affected the foreign policies of nations. Since its inauguration we have initiated new efforts not only in the organization of the machinery of peace but also to eliminate dangerous forces which produce controversies amongst nations.

International Court.

"In January, 1928, the senate gave its consent to adherence to the court of international justice with certain reservations. In September of this year the statute establishing the court has, by the action of the nations signatory, been amended to meet the senate's reservations and to go even beyond those reservations to make clear that the court is a true international court of justice.

"I believe it will be clear to every one that no controversy or question in which this country has or claims an interest can be passed on by the court without our consent at the time the question arises. The doubt about advisory opinions has been completely safeguarded.

"Our adherence to the international court, as now constituted, not the slightest step toward entry into the league of nations. As I have before indicated, I shall direct that our signature be affixed to the protocol of adherence and shall submit it for the approval of the senate with a special message at some time when it is convenient to deal with it.

Naval Arms Conference.

"In the hope of reducing friction in the world, and with the desire that we may reduce the great economic burden of the armament, we have joined in conference with Great Britain, France, Italy, and Japan to be held in London in January to consider the further limitation and reduction of naval arms. We hold high hopes that success may attend this effort.

"At the beginning of the present administration the neighboring state of Mexico was beset with domestic insurrection. We maintained the embargo upon the shipment of arms to Mexico but permitted the duly constituted government to procure supplies from our surplus war stocks. Fortunately, the Mexican government by its own strength successfully withstood the insurrection with but slight damage.

Peace in Mexico.

"Opportunity of further peaceful development is given to that country. At the request of the Mexican government, we have since lifted the embargo on shipment of arms altogether. The two governments have taken further steps to promote friendly relationships and so solve our differences. Conventions are pending for the period of two years the life of the general and special claims commissions have been concluded.

"In South America we are proud to have had part in the settlement of the long-standing dispute between Chile and Peru in the disposal of the question of Tacna-Arica.

"The work of the commission of inquiry and conciliation between Bolivia and Paraguay, in which a representative of this government participated, has successfully terminated an incident which seemed to threaten war. The proposed plan for final settlement as suggested by the neutral governments is still under consideration.

"All parties pending the training of a domestic constabulary capable of insuring tranquility. We have already reduced these forces materially and we are anxious to withdraw them further as the situation warrants.

"In Haiti we have about 700 marines, but it is a much more difficult problem, the solution of which is still obscure. If congress approves, I shall dispatch a commission to Haiti to study the matter in an endeavor to arrive at some more definite policy than at present. Our forces in China constitute 2,500 men, which we hope also further to reduce to the normal legion guard.

"Latin American Diplomacy.

"It is my desire to establish more firmly our understanding and relationships with the Latin American countries by strengthening the diplomatic missions to those countries. It is my hope to secure men long experienced in our diplomatic service, who speak the languages of the peoples to whom they are accredited, as chiefs of our diplomatic missions in these states.

"I shall send to the senate at an early date the nominations of several such men.

"The congress has by numerous wise and foresighted acts in the past years greatly strengthened the character of our representation abroad. It has made liberal provision for the establishment of suitable quarters for our foreign staffs in the different countries.

"I believe, however, that we may further develop the most effective force in this one of the most responsible functions of our government. I shall recommend to the congress more liberal appropriations for the work of the state department. I know of no expenditure of public money from which a greater economic and moral return can come to us than by assuring the most effective conduct of our foreign relations.

NATIONAL DEFENSE

Army and navy ample as authorized; government expenses mounting.

"To preserve internal order and freedom from encroachment is the first purpose of government. Our army and navy are being maintained in a most efficient state under officers of high intelligence and zeal. The extent and expansion of their numbers and equipment as at present authorized is ample for this purpose.

"We can well be deeply concerned, however, at the growing expense. From a total expenditure for national defense purposes in 1914 of 267 million, the reduction of 160 million in income taxes to be collected during the calendar year 1930. The loss in revenue will be divided approximately equally between the fiscal years 1930 and 1931. Such a program will give a reduction of 160 million in the number of taxpayers, with relatively larger benefits to taxpayers with small or moderate incomes.

"The government of France ratified the agreement with us July 27, 1929. This agreement will shortly be before the congress, and I recommend its approval.

"The past year has brought us near to completion of settlements of the indebtedness of foreign governments to the United States.

"The act of congress approved Feb. 4, 1929, authorized the settlement with the government of Austria largely similar to the terms of settlement offered by that government to its other relief creditors. No agreement has yet been concluded with that government, but the terms of settlement have been settled and its execution only awaits the government of Austria securing the assent by all the other relief creditors of the terms offered.

"The act of congress approved Feb. 14, 1929, authorized the settlement with the government of Greece, and an agreement was concluded on May 10, 1929.

"The government of France ratified the agreement with us July 27, 1929. This agreement will shortly be before the congress, and I recommend its approval.

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which no estimate can as yet be determined for 1931.

"Assume New Burdens.

"Owing to the many necessary burdens assumed by congress in previous years which now require large outlays, it is with extreme difficulty that we shall be able to keep the expenditures for the next fiscal year within the bounds of the present year. Economies in many directions have permitted some accommodation of pressing needs, the net result being an increase, as shown above, of about one-tenth of 1 per cent above the present fiscal year.

"We can not fail to recognize the obligations of the government in support of the public welfare, but we must be careful to bear in mind the burden of taxes and strive to find relief through some tax reduction. Every dollar so returned fertilizes the soil of prosperity.

"Prices of agricultural products dealt upon the great markets have been affected in sympathy with the stock crash.

"Credit System Unimpaired.

"Fortunately, the federal reserve system has taken measures to strengthen the position against the day when speculation would break, which together with the strong position of the banks has carried the credit system through the crisis without impairment. The capital which has been hitherto absorbed in stock market loans for speculative purposes is now returning to the normal channels of business.

"There has been no inflation in the price of commodities, and there has been no undue accumulation of goods, and foreign trade has expanded to a magnitude which exerts a steady influence upon activity in industry and commerce.

"The sudden threat of unemployment and especially the recollection of the economic consequences of previous crashes under a much less secured financial system created unwarranted pessimism and fear. It was the aim of the government to counteract this, and the result has been a character of construction, reduction of wages, and laying off of workers.

"Unemployment Averted.

"The natural result was the tendency of business agencies throughout the country to pause in the plans and proposals for continuation and extension of their businesses, and this hesitation unchecked could in itself have resulted in a widespread unemployment and suffering.

"I have, therefore, instituted systematic, voluntary measures of co-operation with the business institutions and with state and municipal authorities to make certain that fundamental business of the country shall continue as usual, that wages and therefore consuming power shall not be reduced, and that a special effort shall be made to expand construction work in order to assist in equalizing other deficits in employment.

"Confidence Reestablished.

"Due to the enlarged sense of co-operation and responsibility which has grown in the business world during the last few years the response has been remarkable and satisfactory. We have canvassed the federal government and instituted measures of prudent expansion in such work that should be helpful, and upon which the government of Austria largely similar to the terms of settlement offered by that government to its other relief creditors. No agreement has yet been concluded with that government, but the terms of settlement have been settled and its execution only awaits the government of Austria securing the assent by all the other relief creditors of the terms offered.

"The act of congress approved Feb. 14, 1929, authorized the settlement with the government of Greece, and an agreement was concluded on May 10, 1929.

"The government of France ratified the agreement with us July 27, 1929. This agreement will shortly be before the congress, and I recommend its approval.

"The past year has brought us near to completion of settlements of the indebtedness of foreign governments to the United States.

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ress during the last year with a steady improvement in methods of production and distribution and consequent advance in standards of living. Progress has, of course, been unequal among industries, and some, such as coal, lumber, leather, and textiles, still lag behind.

"The long upward trend of fundamental progress, however, gave rise to over-optimism as to profits, which translated itself into a wave of uncontrolled speculation in securities, resulting in the diversion of capital from business to the stock market and the inevitable crash. The natural consequences have been a reduction in the consumption of luxuries and necessities by those who have met with losses, and a number of persons thrown temporarily out of employment.

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THE TARIFF

Early action desirable; flexible clause needed; no conflict between east, west, and south.

"The special session of congress was called to expedite the fulfillment of party pledges of agricultural relief and the tariff. The pledge of farm relief has been carried out. At that time I stated the principles upon which I believed action should be taken in respect to the tariff.

"An effective tariff upon agricultural products that will compensate the farmer's higher costs and higher standards of living, has a dual purpose. Such a tariff not only protects the farmer in our domestic market, but it also stimulates him to diversify his crops and to grow products that he could not otherwise produce, and thus lessens his dependence upon exports to foreign markets. The great expansion of production abroad under the conditions I have mentioned renders foreign competition in our export markets unusually serious. It seems but natural, therefore, that the American farmer, having been greatly handicapped in his foreign market by such competition from the younger exporting countries, should ask that foreign goods in our domestic market should be regulated by taking into account the differences in our costs of production.

"In considering the tariff for other industries than agriculture, we find that there have been economic shifts necessitating a readjustment of some of the duties. Seven years of experience under the tariff bill enacted in 1922 have demonstrated the wisdom of congress in the enactment of that measure. On the whole it has worked well. In the main our wages have been maintained at high levels; our exports and imports have steadily increased; with some exceptions our manufacturing industries have been prosperous. Nevertheless, some changes have taken place during that time which have placed certain domestic products at a disadvantage and new industries have come into being, all of which create new needs in the schedules and in the administrative clauses of the laws as written in 1922.

"It would seem to me that the test of necessity for revision is, in the main, whether there has been a substantial slackening of activity in an industry during the past few years, and a consequent decrease of employment due to insurmountable competition in the foreign market. If so, it is not as if we were setting up a new basis of protective duties. We did that seven years ago. What we need to remedy now is whatever substantial loss of employment may have resulted from shifts since that time.

"In determining changes in our tariff we must not fail to take into account the broad interests of the country as a whole, and such interests include our trade relations with other countries.

"Views Not Changed.

"No condition has arisen in my view to change the principles stated at the opening of the special session. I am firmly of the opinion that their application to the pending revision will give the country the kind of a tariff law it both needs and wants. It would be most helpful if action should be taken at an early moment, more especially at a time when business and agriculture are both cooperating to minimize future uncertainties. It is just that they should know what the rates are to be.

"Even a limited revision requires the consideration and readjustment of many items. The exhaustive inquiries and valuable debate from men representative of all parts of the country which is needed to determine the most desirable rates must necessarily be accomplished in the congress. However, perfectly this rate structure may be framed at any given time, the shifting of economic forces which inevitably occurs will render changes in some of the rates desirable between the long intervals of congressional revision.

"Flexibility Tariff Needed.

"Injustices are bound to develop, such as were experienced by the dairymen, the flaxseed producers, the glass industry, and others, under the 1922 rates. For this reason, I have been most anxious that the broad principle of the flexible tariff as provided in the existing law should be preserved and its delays in action avoided by more expeditious methods of determining the costs of production at home and abroad, with executive authority to promulgate such changes upon recommendation of the tariff commission after exhaustive investigation.

"Changes by the congress in the isolated items such as those to which I have referred would have been most unlikely, both because of the concentration of opposition in the country, who could see no advantage to their own industry or state, and because of the difficulty of limiting consideration by congress to such isolated cases.

"No Sectional Conflict.

"There is no fundamental conflict between the interests of the farmer and the worker. Lowering of the standards of living of either tends to destroy the other. The prosperity of one rests upon the well being of the other. Nor is there any real conflict between the east and the west or the north and the south in the United States. The complete interlocking of economic dependence, the common striving for social and spiritual progress, our common heritage as Americans, and the infinite web of national sentiment have created a solidarity in a great people unparalleled in all human history. These inviolable bonds should not and can not be shattered by differences of opinion growing out of discussion of a tariff.

"PUBLIC BUILDINGS

Early completion of necessary federal buildings urged to avert expenses of rents.

"Under the provisions of various acts of congress 200 million dollars has been authorized for public buildings and the land upon which to construct them, being \$75,000,000 for the District of Columbia and 225 millions for the country at large. Excluding \$25,000,000 which is for the acquisition of land in the so-called 'triangle' in this city, this public building legislation provides for a five year program for the District of Columbia and between

an eight and nine year program for the country at large. Of this sum approximately \$37,400,000 was expended up to June 30 last, of which \$11,400,000 has been expended in the district and \$14,000,000 outside.

"Even this generous provision for both the District of Columbia and the country is insufficient for most pressing governmental needs. Expensive rents and inadequate facilities are extravagance and not economy. In the district even after the completion of these projects we shall have fully 20,000 clerks housed in rented and temporary war buildings which can last but a little longer.

"Early Construction Advised.

"I therefore recommend that consideration should be given to the extension of authorizations both for the country at large and for the District of Columbia again distributed over a term of years. A survey of the need in both categories has been made by the secretary of the treasury and the postmaster general. It would be helpful in the present economic situation if such steps were taken as would enable early construction work.

"An expedition and enlargement of the program in the district would bring about direct economies in construction by enabling the erection of buildings in regular sequences. By maintaining a stable labor force in the city, contracts can be made on more advantageous terms.

"The earlier completion of this program which is an acknowledgment of the addition of the two hundredth anniversary of the birth of President Washington.

"In consideration of these projects which contribute so much to dignify the national capital I should like to renew the suggestion that the Fine Arts commission should be required to prepare a plan for the construction of public buildings and parks. Without such control much of the effort of the congress in beautification of the capital will be minimized.

"WATERWAYS AND FLOODS

Increase in appropriations recommended; effective large depths warranted.

"The development of inland waterways has received new impulse from the completion during this year of the canalization of the Ohio to a uniform 9 foot depth. The development of other segments of the Mississippi system should be expedited and with this in view I am recommending an increase in appropriations for rivers and harbors from \$50,000,000 to \$55,000,000 per annum which, together with about \$4,000,000 per annum released by completion of the Ohio, should make available after providing for other rivers and harbors a sum of from \$25,000,000 to \$30,000,000 per annum for the Mississippi system and thus bring it to early completion.

"Conflict of opinion which has arisen over the proposed floodway from the Arkansas river to the Gulf of Mexico via the Atchafalaya river has led me to withhold construction upon this portion of the Mississippi flood control plan until it could be again reviewed by the engineers for any further recommendation to congress.

"The other portions of the project

are being vigorously prosecuted and I have recommended an increase in appropriations for this from \$30,000,000 of the present year to \$35,000,000 during the next fiscal year.

"Expansion of our intracoastal waterways to effective barge depths is well warranted. We are awaiting the action of Canada upon the St. Lawrence waterway project.

"There are over 5,000 miles of legally established highways in the United States, of which about 10 per cent are included in the state highway systems, the remainder being county and other local roads. About 125,000 miles have been improved with some type of surfacing, comprising some 83 per cent of the state highway systems and 16 per cent of the local roads. Of the improved roads about 103,000 miles are hard surfaced, comprising about 22 per cent of the state highway systems and about 8 per cent of the local roads.

"While proper planning should materially reduce the listed mileage of public roads, particularly in the agricultural districts, and turn these roads back to useful purposes, it is evident that road construction must be a long continued program. Progress in improvement is about 50,000 miles of all types per annum, of which some 12,000 miles are of the more durable types. The total expenditures of federal, state and local governments last year for construction and maintenance assumed the huge total of one billion 400 million dollars.

"Federal aid in the construction of the highway systems in conjunction with the states has proved to be beneficial and stimulating. We must ultimately give consideration to the increase of our contribution to these systems, particularly with a view to stimulating the improvement of farm-to-market roads.

"POSTOFFICE

Deficit due to ocean mail; revision of air mail rates desirable.

"Our postoffice deficit has now increased to over \$30,000,000 a year, of which perhaps \$14,000,000 is due to losses on ocean mail and air mail contracts. The department is making an exhaustive study of the sources of the deficit with a view to later recommendation to congress in respect to it.

"The postoffice quarters provided in part by the federal construction, in part by various forms of rent and lease arrangements. The practice has grown up in recent years of leasing quarters for use of the postoffice at principal cities of buildings is included.

"I am advised that fully 40 per cent could be saved from many such rent and lease agreements even after allowing interest on the capital required at the normal government rate. There are also many objectionable features to some of these practices. The provision of adequate quarters for the postoffice should be put on a sound basis.

"A revision of air mail rates upon a more systematic and permanent footing is necessary. The subject is under study and legislation should prove necessary the subject will be presented to the congress.

"In the meantime I recommend that the congress should consider the

desirability of authorizing further expansion of the South American service.

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Women's Footwear—Saks-Fifth Avenue—Second Floor

SEVERAL CHANGES NEEDED TO PROVIDE REAL ENFORCEMENT OF PROHIBITION

FIRST DUTY OF PRESIDENT IS TO HAVE LAW OBEYED

Growing Contempt by the Public Menace.

(Continued from preceding page.)

at lower and more even rates than would otherwise be attained. Legislation to simplify and expedite consolidation methods and later to protect public interest should be enacted.

Consideration should also be given to relief of the members of the commission from the necessity of detailed attention to comparatively inconsequential matters which, under the existing law, must receive their direct and personal consideration. It is in the public interest that the members of the commission should not be so preoccupied by minor matters that they have inadequate time for investigation and consideration of the larger questions committed to them for solution. As to many of these minor matters, the function of the commission might well be made advisory, and the primary responsibility delegated to subordinate officials after the practice long in vogue in the executive departments.

MERCHANT MARINE

Increasing success marks work of nation on the building of ships.

Under the impulse of the merchant marine act of 1928 the transfer of private enterprise of the government owned steamship lines is going forward with increasing success. The shipping board now operates about sixteen lines, which is less than half the number originally established, and the estimate of expenditures for the coming fiscal year is based upon a saving of approximately \$78,000,000 out of the revolving fund authorized by congress and has furnished an additional aid to American shipping and further stimulated the building of vessels in American yards.

Desires of securing the full values of the nation of the great effort to develop our merchant marine by the act of 1928 in respect of mail contracts; to inquire into its workings and to advise the postmaster general in the administration of the act.

Ad for Merchant Marine. "In particular it seemed to me necessary to determine if the result of the contracts already let would assure the purpose expressed in the act, to further develop an American merchant marine, to assure its permanence in the transportation of the foreign trade of the United States, and to other purposes, and to develop a coordinated policy by which these purposes may be translated into actualities.

In review of the mail contracts already let it was found that they aggregated 25 separate awards, imposing a governmental obligation of a little over \$12,000,000 per annum. Provision had been imposed in five of the contracts for construction of new vessels with which to replace old and worn services. These requirements came to a total of 13 vessels in the 10 year period, aggregating 122,000 tons. From other conditions in the contracts had not worked out satisfactorily.

To Advise Routes. "That study has now been substantially completed and the committee has advised the desirability and the necessity of securing much larger undertakings as to service and new construction in future contracts. The committee at this time is recommending the awarding of fourteen additional contracts, making substantial requirements for the construction of new vessels during the life of each contract recommended. A total of forty new vessels will be required under the contracts proposed, about half of which will be required to be built during the next three years.

The capital cost of this new construction will be approximately 250 million dollars, involving approximately \$100,000,000 gross tonnage. Should bidders be found who will make these undertakings, it will be necessary to recommend to congress an increase in the authorized expenditure by the postoffice of about \$5,500,000 annually. It will be advantageous to grant such an authority.

A conflict as to the administration of the act has arisen in the contention of persons who have purchased shipping board vessels that they are entitled to mail contracts irrespective of whether they are the lowest bidder, the postoffice, on the other hand, being required by the law to let contracts in that manner. It is urgent that congress should clarify this situation.

THE BANKING SYSTEM. Some changes are needed to meet changes in the conditions in country.

It is desirable that congress should consider the revision of some portions of the banking law.

The development of 'group' and 'chain' banking presents many new problems. The question naturally arises as to whether it should be allowed to expand without restraint these methods would dangerously concentrate control of credit, and whether they should not in any event seriously limit one of the fundamentals of the American credit system—which is that credit which is based upon bank-

President's Views on Many Issues as Outlined in His Address

Washington, D. C., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Some of the outstanding utterances of the President in his first annual message to congress follow:

Upon the conference shortly to be held in London will depend such moderation as we can make in naval expenditure. If we shall be compelled to undertake the naval construction implied in the Washington arms treaty as well as other construction which would appear to be necessary if no international agreement can be completed, we shall be committed during the next six years to a construction expenditure of upward of \$1,200,000,000 besides the necessary further increase in cost for annual upkeep.

From a defense point of view our forces (navy and military) should be proportioned to national need and should, therefore, to some extent be modified by the prospects of peace, which were never brighter than today.

I recommend that congress give earnest consideration to the possibilities of prudent action which will give relief from our continuously mounting expenditures.

The country has enjoyed a large degree of prosperity and sound progress during the last year with a steady improvement in methods of production and distribution and consequent advancement in standards of living.

The development of inland waterways has received new impulse from the completion during this year of the canalization of the Ohio to a uniform 9 foot depth. The development of the segments of the Mississippi system should be expedited and with this in view I am recommending an increase in appropriations for rivers and harbors from \$50,000,000 to \$55,000,000 per annum.

The most extensive action for strengthening the agricultural industry ever taken by any government was inaugurated through the farm marketing act of June 15 last.

As a whole, the railroads never were in such good physical and financial condition, and the country has never been so well served by them.

We need some new federal prisons and a reorganization of our probation and parole systems; and there should be established in the department of justice a bureau of prisons with a sufficient force to deal adequately with the growing activities of our prison institutions.

I can see no hope for the development of a sound reorganization of the government unless congress be willing to delegate its authority over the problem (subject to defined principles) to the executive.

The enforcement of the laws enacted to give effect to the eighteenth amendment is far from satisfactory and this is in part due to the inadequate organization of the administrative agencies of the federal government. . . . There should be an immediate concentration of responsibility and strengthening of enforcement agencies of the federal government by transfer to the department of justice of the federal functions of detection and to a considerable degree of prosecution, which are now lodged in the prohibition bureau in the treasury.

ing deposits should be controlled by persons within those areas which furnish these deposits, and thus be subject to the restraints of local interest and public opinion in those areas. To some extent, however, this movement of chain or group banking is a grouping for stronger support to the banks and a more secure basis for these institutions.

The growth in size and stability of the metropolitan banks is in marked contrast to the trend in the country districts, with its many failures and the losses these failures have inflicted upon the agricultural community.

The relinquishment of charters of national banks in great commercial centers in favor of state charters indicates that some conditions surrounding the national banks which render them unable to compete with state banks; and their withdrawal results in weakening our national banking system.

It has been proposed that permission should be granted to national banks to engage in branch banking of a nature that would preserve within limited regions the local responsibility and the control of such credit institutions.

All these subjects, however, require careful investigation, and it might be found advantageous to create a joint commission embracing members of congress and other appropriate federal officials for subsequent report.

POWER REGULATION

Changes urged in body which has control of the natural resources of nation.

"The federal power commission is now comprised of three cabinet officers, and the duties involved in the conduct of the growing responsibilities of this commission far exceed the time and attention which these officials can properly afford from other important duties. I recommend that authority be given for the appointment of full time commissioners to replace them.

It is also desirable that the authority of the commission should be extended to certain phases of power regulation. The nature of the electric utility industry is such that about 90 per cent of all power generation and distribution is intrastate in character, and most of the states have developed their own regulatory systems as to certificates of convenience, rates, and profits of such utilities.

To encroach upon their authorities and responsibilities would be an encroachment upon the rights of the states. This, however, is a jurisdiction of the states beyond the jurisdiction of the states. To meet these cases it would be most desirable if a method could be worked out by which initial action may be taken between the commission and the states whose joint action should be made effective by the federal power commission with a reserve to act on its own motion in case of disagreement or nonaction by the states.

RADIO CONTROL

Zonal control by commission seen as solution of newly raised problem.

"I recommend the reorganization of the radio commission into a permanent body from its present temporary status. The requirement of the present law that the commission shall be appointed from specified zones should be abolished and a general provision made for their equitable selection from different parts of the country.

Despite the effort of the commission, the present method develops a public nuisance that the commissioners are specially charged with supervision of radio affairs in the zone from which each is appointed.

As a result there is danger that the system will degenerate from a national system into five regional agencies with varying practices, varying policies, competitive tendencies, and consequent failure to attain its utmost capacity for service to the people as a whole.

water in the arid states which renders it desirable that we should give a wider vision and purpose to this service.

To provide for careful consideration of these questions and also of better division of responsibilities in the transfer to the states for school purposes of the lands unsurveyed for forests, parks, power, minerals, etc., I have appointed a commission on conservation of the public domain, with membership representing the major public land states and at the same time the public at large. I recommend that congress should authorize a moderate sum to defray their expenses.

SOCIAL SERVICE

Federal government can extend the work for benefit of the people at large.

"The federal government provides for an extensive and valuable program of constructive social service, in education, home building, protection to women and children, employment, public health, recreation, and many other directions.

In a broad sense federal activity in these directions has been confined to research and dissemination of information and experience, and at most to temporary subsidies to the states in order to secure uniform advancement in practice and methods. Any other attitude by the federal government will undermine one of the most precious possessions of the American people; that is, local and individual responsibility. We should adhere to this policy.

Federal officials can, however, make a further and most important contribution by leadership in stimulation of the community and voluntary agencies, and by extending federal assistance in organization of these forces and bringing about cooperation among them.

Better Housing Hoped For.

"As an instance of this character I have recently, in cooperation with the secretaries of interior and labor, laid the foundations of an exhaustive inquiry into the facts precedent to a nationwide White House conference on child health and protection. This cooperative movement among interested agencies will impose no expense upon the government. Similar nationwide conferences will be called on connection with better housing and recreation.

In view of the considerable difference of opinion as to the policies which should be pursued by the federal government with respect to education of public health and protection, I have urged the establishment of a representative of the important educational associations and others to investigate and present recommendations.

In cooperation with the secretary of the interior I have also appointed a voluntary committee of distinguished membership to assist in a nationwide movement for abolition of illiteracy.

I have recommended additional appropriations for the federal employment service in order that it may more fully cover its cooperative work with state and local services. I have also recommended additional appropriations for the women's and children's bureaus for much-needed research as to facts which I feel will prove most helpful.

PUBLIC HEALTH WORK

Work among children will be benefit to the nation in the future.

"The advance in scientific discovery as to disease and health imposes new considerations upon us. The nation as a whole is vitally interested in the health of all the people; in protection from spread of contagious disease; in the relation of physical and mental disabilities to criminality, and in the economic and moral advancement which is fundamentally associated with sound body and mind.

The government has preventive measures and health education in its personal application is the province of public health service. Such organization should be as universal as public education. Its support is a proper part of the national budget and should not be organized with success, either in its sanitary or educational phases, except under public authority.

It should be based upon local and state responsibility, but I consider that the federal government has an obligation of contribution to the establishment of such agencies.

Local Aid Needed.

"In the practical working out of organization, exhaustive experiment and trial have demonstrated that the base should be competent organization of the municipality, county, or other local unit. The federal government should outlay upon the project. I recommend that the necessary funds be appropriated for the initiation of this work as soon as the contract is in the hands of the local unit. Conservation of national resources is a fixed policy of the government. Three important questions bearing upon conservation of the public lands have become urgent.

Conservation of our oil and gas resources against future need is a national necessity. The working of the oil permit system in development of oil and gas resources on the public domain has been subject to great abuse. I considered it necessary to suspend the issuance of such permits and direct the review of all outstanding permits as to compliance of the original purpose of the reclamation service. There still remains the necessity for extensive storage of water.

We are also confronted with a major problem in conservation due to the overgrazing on public lands. The effect of overgrazing (which has now become general) is not only to destroy the ranges but by impairing the ground coverage seriously to menace the water supply in many parts of the west through quick run-off, spring floods, and autumn drought.

We have a third problem of major dimensions in the reclamation of our reclamation policy. The inclusion of most of the available lands of the public domain in existing or planned reclamation projects largely completes the original purpose of the reclamation service. There still remains the necessity for extensive storage of water.

All funds appropriated should, of course, be applied through the states, so that the public health program of the county or local unit, which is efficiently coordinated with that of the whole state.

FEDERAL PRISONS

Efforts should be made to prepare convict to return to life of freedom.

"Closely related to crime conditions is the administration of the federal prison system. Our federal penal institutions are overcrowded, and this condition is daily becoming worse. The present and probation systems are inadequate to handle the increasing number of prisoners who are sent to the federal penitentiaries. It is impossible to perform the work of personal reconstruction of prisoners so as to prepare them for return to the duties of citizenship.

In order to relieve the pressing evils I have directed the temporary transfer of the army disciplinary barracks at Leavenworth to the department of justice for use as a federal prison. Not only is this temporary but it is inadequate for present needs.

We need some new federal prisons and a reorganization of our probation and parole systems, and there should be established in the department of justice a bureau of prisons with a sufficient force to deal adequately with the growing activities of our prison institutions. Authorization for the improvements should be given speedily, with initial appropriations to allow the construction of the new institutions to be undertaken at once.

IMMIGRATION

Congress urged to change present plan based on national quotas.

"Restriction of immigration has from every aspect proved a sound national policy. Our pressing problem is to formulate a method by which the limited number of immigrants whom we do welcome shall be adapted to our national setting and our national needs.

I have been opposed to the basis of the quotas now in force and I have hoped that we could find some practical method to secure what I believe should be our real national objective; that is, fitness of the immigrant as to physique, character, training, and our need of service. Perhaps some system of priorities within the quotas could produce these results and at the same time enable some hardships in the present system to be cleared up.

I recommend that the Congress should give the subject further study, in which the executive departments will gladly cooperate with the hope of discovering such method as will more fully secure our national necessities.

CARE OF VETERANS

Men who saw service must be protected in rights for the future.

"It has been the policy of our government almost from its inception to make provision for the men who have been disabled in service of our country. This policy should be maintained.

Originally it took the form of land grants and pensions. This system continued until our entry into the world war.

The congress at that time inaugurated a new plan of compensation, rehabilitation, hospitalization, medical care and treatment, and insurance, whereby benefits were awarded to those veterans and their immediate dependents whose disabilities were attributed to their war service. The basic principle in this legislation is sound.

In a desire to eliminate all possibilities of injustice due to difficulties in establishing service connection of disabilities, these principles have been broadened to include veterans whose diseases or injuries have become apparent within a brief period after the war are now receiving compensation; insurance benefits have been liberalized. Emergency officers are now receiving additional benefits.

Hospitals Are Opened. "The doors of the government's hospitals have been opened to all veterans, even though their diseases or injuries were not the result of their war service. In addition, adjusted service certificates have been issued to 3,433,300 veterans. This will mean an expenditure of nearly \$3,500,000,000 before 1945, in addition to the \$600,000,000 which we are now appropriating annually for our veterans' relief.

The administration of all laws concerning the veterans and their dependents has been upon the basis of dealing generously, humanely, and justly. While some inequalities have arisen, substantial and adequate care has been given and justice administered. Further improvement in administration may require some amendment from time to time to the law, but care should be taken to see that such changes conform to the basic principles of the legislation.

I am convinced that we will gain in efficiency, economy, and more uniform administration and better definition of national policies if the pension bureau, the national home for volunteer soldiers, and the veterans' bureau are brought together under a single agency. The total appropriations for these agencies now exceed \$600,000,000 per annum.

Civil Service. "Approximately four-fifths of all the employees in the executive civil service now occupy positions subject to competitive examination under the civil service law.

There are, however, still commanding opportunities for extending the system. These opportunities lie within the province of congress and not the President. I recommend that a further step be taken by authorization that appointments of third-class postmasters be made under the civil service law.

DEPARTMENT REORGANIZING

Several changes are needed to bring end to present troubles; require congress action.

"This subject has been under consideration for over 20 years. It was promised by both political parties in the recent campaign. It has been repeatedly examined by committees and commissions—congressional, executive, and voluntary.

The conclusions of these investigations have been unanimous that reorganization is a necessity of sound administration; of economy; of more effective governmental policies and relief to the citizen from unnecessary harassment in his relations with a

multitude of scattered governmental agencies.

"But the presentation of any specific plan at once envisions opposition from every official whose authority may be curtailed or whose position is imperiled by such a result; of bureaus and departments which wish to maintain their authority and activities; of citizens and their organizations who are inspired by fear that their favorite bureau may, in a new setting, be less subject to their influence, or more subject to some other influence.

Two Changes Needed.

"It seems to me that the essential principles of reorganization are two in number. First, all administrative activities of the same major purpose should be placed in groups under single headed responsibility; second, all executive and administrative functions should be separated from boards and commissions and placed under individual responsibility, while quasi-legislative and quasi-judicial and broadly advisory functions should be removed from administration and assigned to boards and commissions.

Indeed, these are the fundamental principles upon which our government was founded, and they are the principles which have been adhered to in the whole development of our business structure, and they are the distillation of the common sense of generations.

Conflict and Overlap.

"For instance, the conservation of national resources is spread among thirty agencies in five departments. They suffer from conflict of policy. There is no proper development and adherence to broad national policies and no central point where the searchlight of public opinion may concentrate.

"These functions should be grouped under the direction of some such official as an assistant secretary of conservation. The particular department of power of revision by which such a group should be placed is of secondary importance to the need of concentration. The same may be said of educational services, of merchant marine, of public health, of public health, of veterans' services, and many others, the component parts of which are widely scattered in the various departments and independent agencies. It is desirable that we first have experience with these different groups in action before we create new departments. These may be necessary later on.

With this background of all previous experience I can see no hope for the development of a sound reorganization of the government unless congress be willing to delegate to the executive the problem (subject to defined principles) to the executive, who should act upon approval of a joint committee of congress or with the reservation of power of revision by the executive within some limited period adequate for its consideration.

PROHIBITION

Several changes urged in order to obtain obedience to and enforcement of the law.

"The first duty of the President under his oath of office is to secure the enforcement of the laws. The enforcement of the laws enacted to give effect to the eighteenth amendment is far from satisfactory and this is in part due to the inadequate organization of the administrative agencies of the federal government.

With the hope of expediting such reorganization, I requested on June 6 last that congress should appoint a joint committee to collaborate with executive agencies in preparation of legislation. It would be helpful if it could be so appointed.

The subject has been earnestly considered by the law enforcement commission and the administrative officials of the government. Our joint conclusions are that certain steps should be taken at once.

Three Specific Changes. "First, there should be an immediate concentration of responsibility and strengthening of enforcement agencies of the federal government by transfer to the department of justice of the federal functions of detection and, to a considerable degree, of prosecution, which are now lodged in the prohibition bureau in the treasury; and at the same time the control of the distribution of industrial alcohol and legalized beverages should remain in the treasury.

Second, provision should be made for relief of congestion in the federal courts by modifying and simplifying the procedure for dealing with the large volume of petty prosecutions under various federal acts.

Third, there should be a codification of the laws relating to prohibition.

Lunch at the office... and relax

In the Fifth Avenue Building, tenants can have luncheon without walking through crowded streets. It's a convenience in wet weather, and when you're tired, or pressed for time. And the restaurant is excellent, with food in tempting variety, well prepared, efficiently served. There's a lunch club, as well, where you can entertain business acquaintances.

Situated at the intersection of Broadway and Fifth Avenue—in the center of commercial New York—this building has the convenience of a club. There are restaurants, a valet service, banking facilities—everything to make the transaction of business pleasant and successful.

THE FIFTH AVENUE BUILDING

300 Fifth Avenue, New York

"More than an office building"

bition to avoid the necessity which now exists of resorting to more than twenty-five statutes enacted at various times over forty years.

Fight Against Smugglers. "Technical defects in these statutes that have been disclosed should be cured. I would add to these recommendations the desirability of reorganizing the various services engaged in the prevention of smuggling into one border patrol under the coast guard. Further recommendations upon the subject as a whole will be developed after further examination by the law enforcement commission, but it is not to be expected that any national law will ever be fully enforced, so long as criminals exist.

The District of Columbia should be the model of city law enforcement in the nation. While conditions here are much better than in many other cities, they are far from perfect, and this is due in part to the congestion of criminal cases in the Supreme court of the district, resulting in long delays.

Furthermore, there is need for legislation in the district supplementing the national prohibition act, more sharply defining and enlarging the duties and powers of the district commissioners and the police of the district, and opening the way for better cooperation in the enforcement of prohibition with the district officials and the prohibition officers of the federal government. It is urgent that these conditions be remedied.

No one will look with satisfaction upon the volume of crime of all kinds and the growth of organized crime in our country. We have pressing need to reorganize our system of administration of justice so as to establish right vision and effectiveness. We need to reestablish faith that the highest interests of our country are served by insistence upon the swift and even-handed administration of justice to all offenders, whether they be rich or poor. That we shall effect improvement in our institutions. It is the most serious issue before our people.

Under the authority of congress I have appointed a national commission on law observance and enforcement, for an exhaustive study of the entire problem of the enforcement of our laws and the improvement of our judicial system, including the special problems and abuses growing out of the prohibition laws. The commission has been invited to make the widest inquiry into the shortcomings of the administration of justice and into causes and remedies for them.

It has organized its work under subcommittees dealing with the many contributory causes of our situation and has enlisted the aid of investigators in fields requiring special consideration. I am confident that as a result of its studies now being carried forward it will make a notable contribution to the solution of our pressing problems.

Fight on Inefficiency. "Pending further legislation, the department of justice has been striving to weed out inefficiency wherever it exists, to stimulate activity on the part of the prosecuting officers, and to use increasing care in examining into the qualifications of those appointed.

"The test of the righteousness of our decisions must be whether we have sustained and advanced the ideals of the American people: self-government in its foundations of local government; justice whether to the individual or to the group; ordered liberty; freedom from domination; open opportunity and equality of opportunity; the initiative and individuality of our people; prosperity and the lessening of poverty; freedom of public opinion; education; advancement of knowledge; the growth of religious spirit; the tolerance of all faiths; the foundations of the home and the advancement of peace."

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FROM ABROAD comes this chic Morocco case in all of the season's most popular colors with enamel fittings including bottles, cream jar, brushes, comb and mirror. A splendid gift at the remarkably low price of \$37.50

ANOTHER IMPORT—Ecclesiastical leather in green, blue, beige and wine red. Fittings are French enamel—the cover is Duffon contrasting color. One of the season's best values \$65

Our assortment of Fitted Cases is unusually complete—prices range from \$35.00 to \$400.00

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178 N. MICHIGAN Between RANDOLPH and LAKE

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Mandel's Store Hours Are from 9 o'Clock to 6 o'Clock Till Christmas

Gifts Your Home Would Like!

Buy Out of Income . . . Use the Mandel Co-operative Plan of Deferred Payments . . . a time payment plan to meet your needs. Christmas gift purchases of \$50 or more for your home may be made in any home furnishing department . . . out of income.

India Prints Ensemble at Windows and on the Bed!

\$2.95

In 72x108 and 72x90-Inch Sizes
Remarkably Low-Priced!

A new ensemble fashion dresses up windows, makes a gay splash of color for a spread and is picked up again in a wall hanging! The size is right for smart ensembling—and the prints make delightful gifts! Some are dull with soft patterns, others are gay—so it is easy to match rooms and color schemes.

Others in 90x108 Inch Size **\$3.75**
in Similar Patterns and Colors,



Mandel's Draperies—Eighth Floor—State.

This Normandy Chair Has Soft Kapok-Filled Cushion

\$29.50

Chintz-Covered, in a Choice
of Unusually Lovely Designs

Looking as though it had come straight from the provinces of France, this Normandy chair, with its chintz cover, has all the grace and charm of Provincial design. The cover may be selected from a variety of designs offering a chance to choose a pattern to harmonize with your home's appointments.

An Attractive Gift

Graceful turnings of the front legs, that continue to make part of the arms, and the slender stretchers serve to emphasize the lovely design. The construction is sturdy and lasting—unusually fine for a chair priced so low as only \$29.50.



Phone Table, \$9.75

It's sturdily built, with compartments large enough to hold three directories.

Coffee Table, \$19.75

Queen Anne design, constructed of butt walnut veneers, with gumwood.

Book Rack, \$13.75

Large enough to hold the books you want within reach . . . conveniently revolving.

Mandel's Furniture—Fourth Floor.

Sale! Lamps for a Dressing Table

Bases **\$2** Each

In Jade Green, Ivory, Orchid
or Rose Opaque Glass

Quaint things that are as dainty as the famous little French dressing tables for which they were first designed . . . and copied to give more certain light—but quite as lovely an effect. They are used in pairs—one at each side . . . and you'll find them just the right height to give a perfect light by which to powder your nose! Two styles—both unusual at \$2 each.

Pleated and Ruffled
Georgette Shades **\$2 - \$3**
Like Those Sketched

Mandel's Lamps—Seventh Floor—State.



Sturdy Hampers of Generous Girth

\$5

A practical gift! Two-toned fibre in green, blue, orchid, or white. The cover is unusually deep. Size is 10 3/4 x 19 1/2 x 24 1/8 inches.

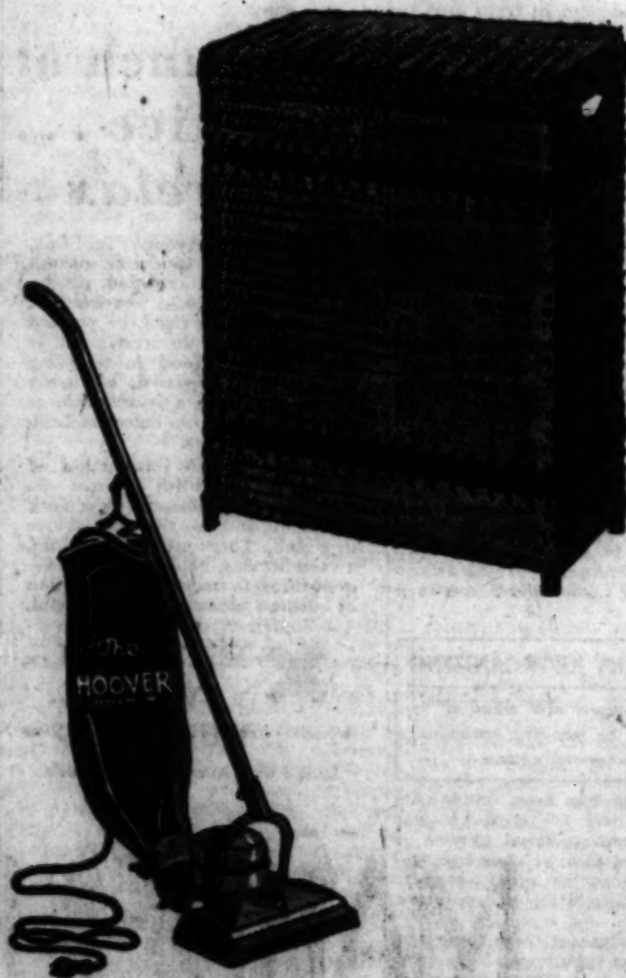
Mandel's Housefurnishings—Seventh Floor—State.

A Hoover—Gift of Leisure Hours . . .

\$6.25 Convenient
Down Payment

A gift of many leisure hours through the year . . . what could be more welcome. And it may be purchased conveniently out of income.

Mandel's—Seventh Floor—State.



Stemware Glows in a New Color

\$4 Dozen

Goblets—Sherbets—Beverage
Glasses—Ice Cream Glasses

"Company Clothes" for a smart table! Etched stemware—always distinguished—takes a warm, amber shade, called "Golden Glow" that is very new—and very lovely! It's a thin, delicate, lead blown glass in all sorts of unusual shapes—surprisingly low-priced!

Mandel's Glassware—Seventh Floor—State.



Tea Sets Show Unusual Shapes

\$10

There is a plump teapot, six cups and saucers, six plates, and the cream pitcher and sugar bowl. In green, rose, yellow, lavender, and ivory; some have contrasting handles. \$10.

100-piece Imported China **\$35**
Dinner Set—Remarkable at

Mandel's China—Seventh Floor—State.



Plateaus Mirror Crystal Trees

These are five shapes, one of them sketched left, in these gleaming mirror plateaus, for the center of your table, each, **\$1**

Crystal Trees—Amber, Red, Pink, **\$5**
and Crystal Combinations, \$1 and

Mandel's Gift Shop—Seventh Floor—State.



MANDEL BROTHERS
STATE AT MADISON

Mandel's Store Hours Today Are from 9 o'Clock to 6 o'Clock

12,297 Pairs Phoenix Gift Hosiery

Chiffon and Service Weights in Mandel Holiday Event

Three Days Only!

Kid Gloves in Holiday Sale

\$2.70 Pair

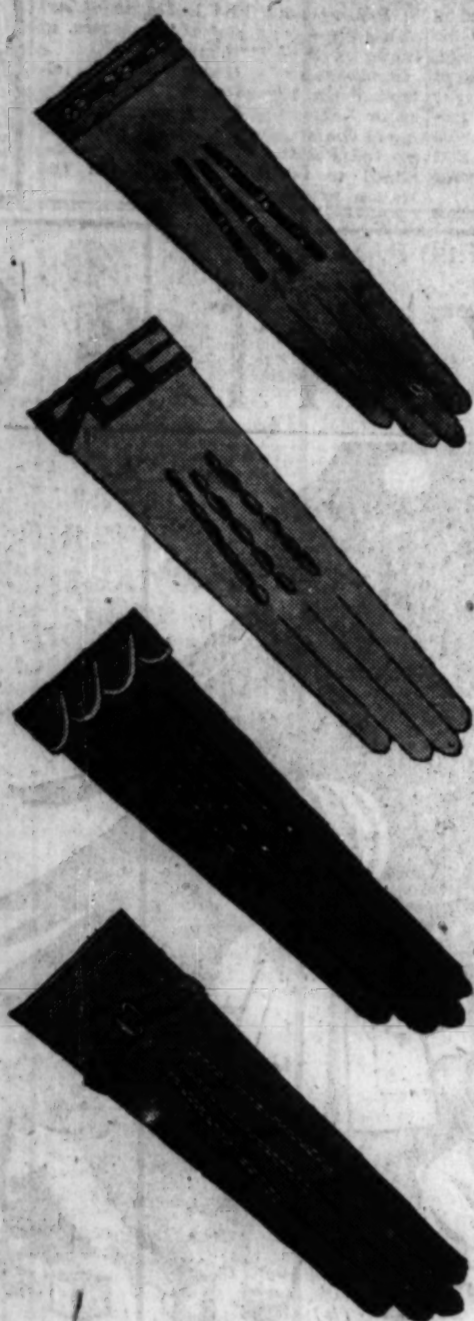
Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday Only—On Friday Any Remaining Gloves Will Be Marked Up to Regular Prices of \$3.45 to \$3.95

These are costume cuff styles—of fine imported kid. They're a wise choice for Christmas giving! Favorites because they are gloves that add a bit of chic to any costume. Some of them are washable—and all of them are pique sewn . . . remarkable values, priced at just \$2.70 a pair in this Christmas sale.

In Black, Brown, Champagne, Gray, White, Even Reds and Navy Blues—Smartest Shades for Winter

Slip-on styles, too, in this event! Of soft, washable kid, they are of excellent quality. Some suede slip-ons, too, shown in popular shades, outstanding values, price just \$2.70.

Mandel's Gloves—First Floor—State.



Fitted Cases—Enduring Gift

\$25

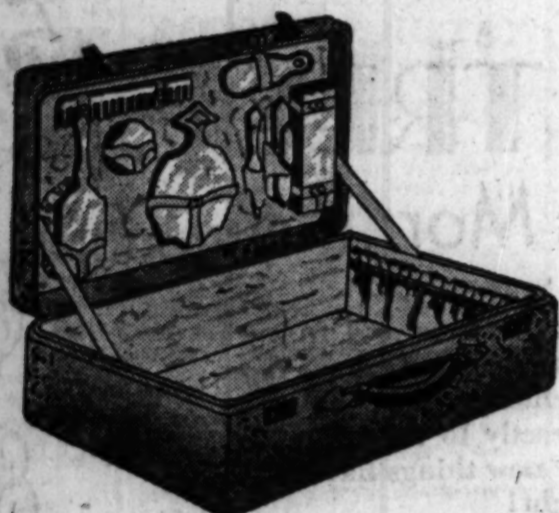
For Those Who Have Wanderlust

Two styles that women like . . . one has lid mirror and seven modernistic fittings of Pyralin in maize, green or shell . . . the other style has hand mirror and nine piece set of fittings. Both styles come in shark, pony, or tarpon leathers in 16 inch size . . . many have Yale locks.

Gladstone Bags for Men
—Exceptional at \$25

Fine walrus leather, seldom found at this price in a 22 inch bag . . . lined with grain pig leather, and hardware in gunmetal or brass finish. Men will appreciate a gift like this . . . and its pleasure is lasting. Just \$25.

Mandel's—Second Floor—Wabash.



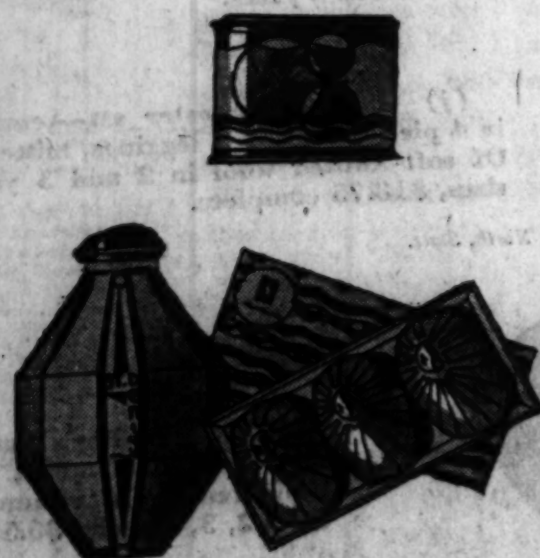
Gift Toiletries from St. Denis

\$1 Each

Fragrant Crystals, Powders and Soaps, Match the Color Scheme of Your Bathroom

They are luxurious accessories that have a knack of pleasing almost any one on your gift list. It's a clever idea to give the three as an ensemble. Each one priced just \$1.

Mandel's Toilet Goods—First Floor—State.

**\$1.25** Pair

First Quality . . . Full Fashioned . . . Chiffon and Service Hose at This Remarkable Price

They're amazing values for hose with the famous name of Phoenix, hose that you may wear for any occasion. You'll likely want to purchase them by the half dozen pair, boxed for gift giving or to add to your own supply. There's a fashion right color to harmonize with every Winter costume.

Both Styles Shown in These Popular Shades—Autome, Caramel, Copper, Turf Tan, Beachburn, Castor, Gunmetal, Vanity. Shown in Sizes 8½ to 10½.

Chiffon Hosiery

This All-Silk Sheer Phoenix Hose Is Attractive for Gift Giving

1. Silk to the top.
2. Hose of sheer chiffon.
3. 30 inches long.
4. Doubly reinforced toe.

Mandel's Hosiery—First Floor—State.

Service Hosiery

Medium Service Weight Silk Hose, Too, in This Holiday Sale

1. Fine lisle hem.
2. Hose of clear quality.
3. 30 inches long.
4. Doubly reinforced foot.

Last Day! Sale of Gift HANDBAGS

\$7.50

Many Paris Copies in This Holiday Event! In Favorite Daytime Styles

These are handbags rarely seen at just \$7.50! They are styled with the craftsmanship of experts . . . in suede, calf, Morocco . . . all fashion approved styles that you'll want for yourself and gift giving, too. Just two of many popular Daytime fashions in this group at \$7.50, sketched.

Mandel's Handbags—First Floor—State.



MANDEL BROTHERS

STATE AT MADISON

RIVAL GROUPS IN CONGRESS CLASH OVER MESSAGE

Hoover Men Praise It; Foes Criticize.

(Chicago Tribune Press Service.)
Washington, D. C., Dec. 3.—[Special.]—President Hoover's proposals for legislation in his annual message will furnish much controversy during the coming winter, judging from comments in the senate and house.

While the regular Republicans, for the most part, approved the message, some of them did not enthrone over some recommendations.

Senator James E. Watson (Rep., Ind.), majority leader of the senate, said that the message "is in no wise dictatorial but is suggestion throughout, and was written in a conciliatory tone."

He was of the opinion, however, that "we have too many questions of local concern that need attention at this time to divert our attention to the world court."

Robinson Criticizes Tariff Section.
Senator Joseph T. Robinson (Dem., Ark.), the minority leader, asserted that with respect to the tariff controversy, the message "supplies no additional suggestion of value."

"The President reaffirms the declaration that the test of necessity for revision is whether there has been a substantial shaking of activity in an industry," said Senator Robinson. "He refrains from indicating the industries to which this test is fairly applicable. So the contest between limited and general revision probably will continue."

Senator William E. Borah (Rep., Idaho) said that he agreed with the President that there is need of speeding up the tariff bill.

"Wonderful," Longworth Says.
Speaker Longworth said that the message showed the President's "wonderful grasp of affairs, both national and international, and his knowledge of pressing problems."

Senator George H. Moses (Rep., N. H.) described the message as "long, comprehensive, and worth while."

Senator C. A. Swanson (Dem., Va.), ranking minority member of the foreign relations committee, said that he approved the recommendation for adherence to the world court, for increased appropriations for public road improvement, for tax reduction, for reduction of naval armaments, for increased appropriations for public buildings, and for inland waterway development.

"I am utterly opposed to him as to the necessity or wisdom of continuing the existing flexible tariff," said Senator Swanson.
Representative John Garner (Dem., Tex.), minority leader, said he would call it a fine "commission message."

"Never in the history of presidential messages have there been proposed so many commissions to tell congress what to do," said Mr. Garner. "It is a radical departure from our idea of government, but it is in keeping with his acts when he was secretary of commerce, and is rather to be expected now."

La Guardia Is Cautious.
Representative F. H. La Guardia (Rep., N. Y.), a wet leader in the house, said that the President's reference to prohibition indicates "the hopelessness of the law."

"The shutting of enforcement from one department to another will not quench the thirst of the American people," said Mr. La Guardia.
Representative J. C. Linthicum (Dem., Md.), another wet, said that the President's language on prohibition is very voluminous, and it is

Can You Work As Hard For Yourself As For Some Boss?

FOR the man who has the ability to work as hard for himself as for some one else and who seeks an opportunity in which his initiative and ability will directly react to his own progress and increased earnings, The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States offers an opportunity that is worth careful consideration.

There is now One Hundred Billions of life insurance in force in America; another One Hundred Billions will probably be added during the next decade. The hundreds of thousands of policies comprising this huge volume will be written largely by trained representatives. The Equitable trains its salesmen.

Correspondence is invited from men of industry and integrity seeking a permanent and remunerative career.

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EQUITABLE
LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY
OF THE UNITED STATES
THOMAS L. PARKINSON, President

To THE REPRESENTATIVE
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Please send full information
covering your salesmanship
opportunities for new agents. (C.S.)

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Address _____

LONDON PRESS ASKS BRITAIN TO FOLLOW POLICY OF HOOVER

(Chicago Tribune Press Service.)
LONDON, Dec. 4 [Wednesday].—President Hoover's message to congress received general praise in editorial comment in this morning's London newspapers. The most outstanding is Lord Rothermere's Daily Mail, which is not usually so enthusiastic regarding things American.

"President Hoover has given a fine lead to governments in other parts of the world by the policy outlined in his message to congress," the leading article says. "Not only in tone is the message buoyant and hopeful, but the practical measures he announces show that he has been looking ahead and has not been content to fold his hands and do nothing to remedy the mischief caused by the financial slump. It is to the great merit of the present administration that it has been so alert and watchful. The President may well be congratulated on the steps he has taken to make sure that 'the fundamental business of the country shall continue as usual.'"

"The plans for helping business by voluntary cooperation with private industry is one wholly deserving of praise. The United States is in an exceptional position among the great nations of the world. It is so wealthy and has such vast territory and natural resources that any setback in its industry can be only temporary and prelude to certain recovery."

Like other London morning papers, the Daily Mail cites President Hoover's policy as an example to the British government "not to be too proud to imitate," and realize that the only satisfactory medicine for the present distress in England is to be found in such economy and tax reduction as President Hoover has secured for the Americans.

hard to decide what he is driving at without a more specific study."

"I fear he is like many of us," said Mr. Linthicum, "and finds no possible chance for enforcement or exit."

PROHIBITION AND TARIFF CHIEF HOOVER TOPICS

Message Is Optimistic on Business Outlook.

(Continued from first page.)

tax rates and in the corporation tax should be limited to the present year.

In discussing tariff legislation, on which he urged early action, Mr. Hoover quoted his recommendation in his message to the special session of congress. He said he still stood on that recommendation, which was for greater protection for agriculture and for industry in cases where there has been a substantial slackening of activity and a consequent decrease in employment. He favored retention of the flexible tariff.

President Hoover advocated an increase in appropriations for rivers and harbors improvement from \$50,000,000 to \$55,000,000 annually. Of this amount, he said, there should be from \$25,000,000 to \$30,000,000 available for the Mississippi inland waterway system.

Hope for Illinois Project.

While the President did not specifically mention the proposal for federal contribution for the completion of the Illinois state waterway project, his declaration favoring early completion of the Mississippi system was construed as being broad enough to include it.

The President expressed "high hopes" for success in the approaching naval armament reduction conference in London and indicated concern over

the growing expense of maintaining the national defense. Total expenditures, he said, are in excess of those of the most highly militarized nations of the world. If the movement toward naval armament reduction fails, he suggested that a naval construction program to cost upward of \$1,500,000,000 over the next 15 years might be necessary. He recommended that congress "give earnest consideration to the possibilities of prudent action which will give relief from our continuously mounting expenditures."

Proud of Kellogg Pact.

In a discussion of foreign relations, the President said that through the Kellogg-Briand war renunciation treaty "a great moral standard has been raised in the world."

The President indicated his intention to submit the amended world court reservations to the senate for its approval in a special message "at some time when it is convenient to deal with it."

Ratification of the French debt funding agreement was one of the President's recommendations on questions affecting international relations.

In dealing with domestic issues the President gave his views on the present economic situation. He expressed confidence that the measures taken at conferences with big industrial leaders during the last two weeks have reestablished confidence and that a very large degree of unemployment has been prevented.

Finds Agriculture Improving.

The agricultural situation is improving, the President said. The new federal farm board, he said, has made substantial progress toward a more efficient organization of agriculture.

The President's tendency toward the creation of commissions was evidenced in several recommendations. These included suggestions for a commission to study the problem of branch, group and chain banking; a commission to dispose of the Muscle Shoals controversy; and a commission to study conditions in Haiti.

The President also recommended appointment of three full time members of the federal power commission, replacing three cabinet officials, and

broadening of the authority of the commission to deal with power regulation of an interstate character which does not fall within the jurisdiction of state commissions. He favored reorganization of the radio commission as a permanent body.

Acts Great of Power.

In recommending legislation for reorganization of government departments the President said he had come to the conclusion that the only way in which endless controversy over details of the program can be avoided is to provide for delegation of authority to the executive.

Other recommendations included the enactment of pending railroad consolidation legislation, encouragement of the American merchant marine by greater appropriations for ocean mail contracts, increased authorizations for the construction of public buildings, speeding of work on the Mississippi flood control project by an increase in appropriations, continuance of federal aid road construction with a possible increase in appropriations, and revision of the immigration quota system.

Hours of Business 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co



Under the BABY'S TREE On Christmas Morning

Blocks and tin soldiers, wee wagons and funny curly little dogs, of course. But as important are the exquisite little garments for which friends of wee folks have learned to come directly to this Infants' Wear section. Fresh and lovely new things have just arrived. Early choice is a delight!

And Here Is a Special Selling of the Most Exquisite Little Garments At a Wide Range of Prices

(a) Creeper, imported, of linen, is hand embroidered, sizes to 3, \$5.95.

(b) Imported silk creeper dress, hand made, in pastel shades, \$10.75.

(c) Baby boy's knitted suit, two piece, with design in color. Pastel shades. Sizes 1 to 3 years, \$3.95.

(d) Imported dotted Swiss dress in white with trimming in color, \$5.50.

(e) A dainty French frock in petal design. In sizes 2 to 6. Price \$10.75.

(f) Imported sweaters, \$3.95 to \$5.95. Creeping rugs (not sketched), \$3.95 to \$5.95. Blankets, hand-woven (not sketched), \$2.95 to \$7.95.

(f) Italian silk wrapper with Trapunto hand work in soft contrasting shades. Wool interlining, silk lining, \$14.75. The bonnet to match, \$3.95.

(g) Bunting—silk with wool interlining—feather stitched or with silk binding is \$10.75.

(h) Imported French coat of silk crepe with hand-drawn work and hand-embroidery—padded detachable lining. Priced at \$29.75. Cap to match at \$7.95. Infants to 2 years.

(j) Imported sweater set—comes in 4 pieces, coat, cap, leggings, mittens. Of soft knitted wool in 2 and 3 year sizes, \$18.75 complete.

(k) Baby boy's imported linen suit, hand-made, hand-embroidered. In various styles. Sizes 2, 3, 4 years, \$6.50.

Third Floor, North, State.



Fatigue? Kill it with this first of all malted milks. Don't load the stomach with heavy food when you are fagged out. A delicious Horlick's soothes restless nerves, relieves brain stress and quickly restores the system to normality. At the soda fountain or in your home it is your one best bet.

Horlick's is a most extraordinary milk product coming from you over WMAQ on Friday evenings at 8:30. Send one quart for specimen sample, and please include address, to Horlick's, Racine, Wisconsin.

HORLICK'S

SENATE GOSSIPS WHEN DENEEN HAS CROWE AS GUEST

Their Chicago Political
Feud Recalled.

(Chicago Tribune Press Service.)
Washington, D. C., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—United States Senator Deneen and Robert E. Crowe, former state attorney of Cook county, put their heads under the same table in the senate luncheon yesterday and broke bread together. It is understood it was the senator's treat and the corridors are still buzzing with the result.

Informed senators recalled that it was only last year that the former prosecutor charged Mr. Deneen with having his (Deneen's) Chicago home—or having it bombed—for political purposes. They remembered also that all during the campaign Mr. Crowe was charging Mr. Deneen with the responsibility for widespread Chicago prostitution and gambling when Mr. Deneen was state's attorney, and that Mr. Deneen's comeback was that he admitted Mr. Crowe was better informed about such matters than he.

They recalled the fact that these events were merely indicators of the intense political dislike, possibly personal also, known to exist between the two men for many years. In many private conversations at the capital the subject took precedence over the tariff and weight matters.

Seeks to See Hoover.

Mr. Crowe, it seems, came to Washington, accompanied by his associate, Joseph P. Savage, their purpose being to see President Hoover as the speaker for a meeting of the Irish Fellowship club of Chicago next spring. Having been photographed with Vice President Curtis recently, it was said, Mr. Crowe conceived the idea that he might get the ultimate step higher.

In his effort to do so he went to his ancient enemy and asked his assistance. That was said to have happened in Chicago some time ago.

Whatever the understanding reached then, Mr. Crowe appeared here today and was received by Senator Deneen, who today resented being questioned about the political significance of the meeting.

"Just a Courtesy," Deneen Says.
"There was nothing secret or mysterious about the affair," he said. "On the contrary, it was all in the open. Our luncheon was in the senate luncheon at the capital for the very reason that I did not want any one to think the visit was private."

"After luncheon I showed Mr. Crowe and Mr. Savage the senate chamber, the Supreme court chamber and one or two other places, after which they departed."

"It was just one of those situations that had to be cared for as a matter of official courtesy," Mr. Crowe did not mention politics, and I assure you that I had no desire whatever to bring up the subject. On my part it was merely a matter of being polite."

The politeness extended to Senator Deneen's escorting the visitors to the office of President Hoover, apparently to keep an appointment that he had made in advance for them. He previously had suggested to his Illinois colleagues, Senator Glenn, that he join the party but it is understood, the junior senator firmly declined.

At the White House Mr. Crowe extended his invitation to the President in a ten minute speech in which he gave assurances of "a good crowd" if the executive would come to Chicago. The invitation, it was learned, was taken under advisement, but intimations at the White House were that it would not be accepted.

Until they appeared together socially here, Washington had been refusing to credit Chicago reports that Mr. Crowe is now allied with the Deneen forces for the next primary.

Police Hunt in Vain for Missing Bank Manager

Chicago police continued to search yesterday, at request of St. Louis authorities, for William J. Lavery, 1111 Maple avenue, Evanston, who was Chicago branch manager of the Mississippi Valley Merchants State Trust company of St. Louis, who disappeared last Friday. According to J. Sheppard Smith, president of the trust company, Lavery's accounts are \$47,900 short, and Lavery, in addition, is reported to have lost his personal fortune in speculation. Mrs. Dorothy Lavery declared Lavery left home, ostensibly to go to St. Louis on business.

Modern-day Lighting

EMERALITE electric daylite eliminates the dark spots in any office and the 30% loss in output caused by eyestrain.

Nature made Green and Daylight useful to eyes. That's why Emeraldite has a Green Glass Shade and a Special Brown that changes ordinary electric light into soft, glorious daylight that prevents eyestrain and improves visibility. Ideal for reading or working.

Emeraldite offices look better, have more output and daylite on every desk. There is an Emeraldite for every writing or reading need.

Complete Emeraldite sets are sold for the name. It's the lighting service that counts.

Sold by office supply and electrical dealers.

E. S. Bell & Co., Inc., 25 Warren St., N. Y.

Established 1874

EMERALITE
KIND TO EYES

WED 60 YEARS TOMORROW



MR. AND MRS. BERTRAND HALVORSEN.

ASK LAW TO END REPUBLICAN JOB SCANDAL IN TEXAS

Washington, D. C., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Legislation to prohibit the installment note system of contributions, now used by the Texas state Republican organization to finance its campaigns, was recommended to the senate today by the subcommittee investigating federal patronage scandals in southern states.

Under the system devised in 1921 by R. B. Craggar, the Republican, national committeeman in Texas, federal pay rollers and office seekers are solicited for contributions in the form of two year promissory notes to the party organization.

The notes are gathered in so-called "off years" when federal office terms are expiring and, according to the subcommittee's report, "thereafter many recommendations are made for post-offices and other federal offices by the Craggar political machine."

"The effect of the system, the report charged, is to require federal officeholders to give mortgages on their positions."

"It avails nothing," the report submitted by Senator S. W. Brookhart (Rep., Iowa), chairman of the subcommittee, continued, "that they say in these speeches that a candidate for appointment is not required to sign these notes and that such fact will be given no consideration in the selection for appointment. The argument is a subterfuge and is belied by the very circumstances under which the notes are taken."

"Such a system of raising party funds, in the opinion of this committee, is coercive."

RECORD POULTRY SHOW OPENS AT COLISEUM TODAY

(Picture on back page.)

Turkeys gobbled their way into the Chicago Coliseum yesterday to take part in the twenty-first annual poultry show, which opens its doors today, continuing four days. The International Turkey club, responsible for these beautifully plumaged fowl, is holding its show along with that of the poutermen. Rabbit fanciers of the Chicago area are also exhibiting.

The largest number of entries ever reported for the show are on hand, according to Theodore Hewes, secretary, who has been managing poultry shows for forty years. Nearly every known breed and variety are represented and from nearly every state.

What loyalty do advertising agencies deserve?

LEGALLY it may not be true—but actually, it is more than true—that confidence counts for more than contracts in perpetuating any advertising relation.

The Roche Agency endeavors to obligate every advertiser it serves—but neither by means of, nor because of, his signature to an actionable document.

We think the better way to hold accounts is never to

consider them as too securely ours. We think the best assurance of permanence is in doing more than is expected by the advertiser.

Sometimes this policy reduces profits for us—but not for long—since invariably it increases profits for our advertisers.

A principal serves every advertiser here. No account, however small, is ever classified as minor.

Roche
ADVERTISING COMPANY
The Twenty-Sixth Floor of the Straus Building
CHICAGO

New York Buffalo

JARECKI FIRES BARBER FROM BALLOT BOARD

Awaits G. O. P. Changes
to Name Successor.

BY PARKE BROWN.

County Judge Jarecki has fired Lieut. Col. Frank W. Barber, Deneenite, from the board of election commissioners. That step has raised the question whether the judge in appointing a new man to the place may not

recognize the majority forces of the Republican county central committee instead of naming another Deneen man.

The ouster of Commissioner Barber, it is understood, occurred some time ago, but Judge Jarecki has kept his action to himself in order to avoid the flood of applications and the political pressure that he knew would be certain the moment news of the change became public.

Awaits G. O. P. Reorganization.

It is expected that the judge will not fill the place until after the first of the year, when it will be known whether the efforts of B. W. Snow and his associates to reorganize the control of the Republican county committee and oust its old leaders are to be successful. There is every indication of such a success and if it comes, it is believed, Judge Jarecki may accept the recommendations of the committee in selecting a commissioner.

The political importance of this situation is that throughout Judge Jarecki's service in the county court the Deneen people have had the minority

member. First it was Anthony Carnecki, now United States custom collector. Barber was appointed to succeed Carnecki at the city hall on July 10, 1928. The minority member named the Republican judges and clerks of election in most of the wards of the city. If this power were to shift to the Barrett-Snow camp considerable effect might be seen in the April primary.

Board Dispute Reported.

The history of Barber's ouster, the politicians say, dates back something more than a year ago when Judge Jarecki broke with Carnecki. The judge permitted the Deneen judges and clerks of election in most of the wards of the city. If this power were to shift to the Barrett-Snow camp considerable effect might be seen in the April primary.

It is understood that, over the protests of his associates and despite the fact that the board has its own fraud bureau, the Deneen member insisted on bringing State's Attorney Swanson's force into the election. And even earlier, it is understood, he attempted

to assume a dictatorship over the affairs of the board, particularly in the selection of judges and clerks. One report is that there was a serious clash between Barber and Chairman Fred V. Maguire at one of the board meetings.

The election board situation attracted a considerable amount of attention among the politicians but the real goings on were even more interested in a story going around that back of the plan for a big banquet in compliment to Judge Marcus A. Kavanagh next Wednesday is the purpose of his friends to boom him for appointment as secretary of war to succeed the late James W. Good.

The banquet is to be given in the gold room of the Congress hotel, one of the largest dining halls in the city, and it is hoped by those in charge that there will be many more than 1,000 present. On the reception committee headed by Elias H. Strawn, former president of the American Bar association, are listed the holders of the largest state and local offices. Among them are United States Sena-

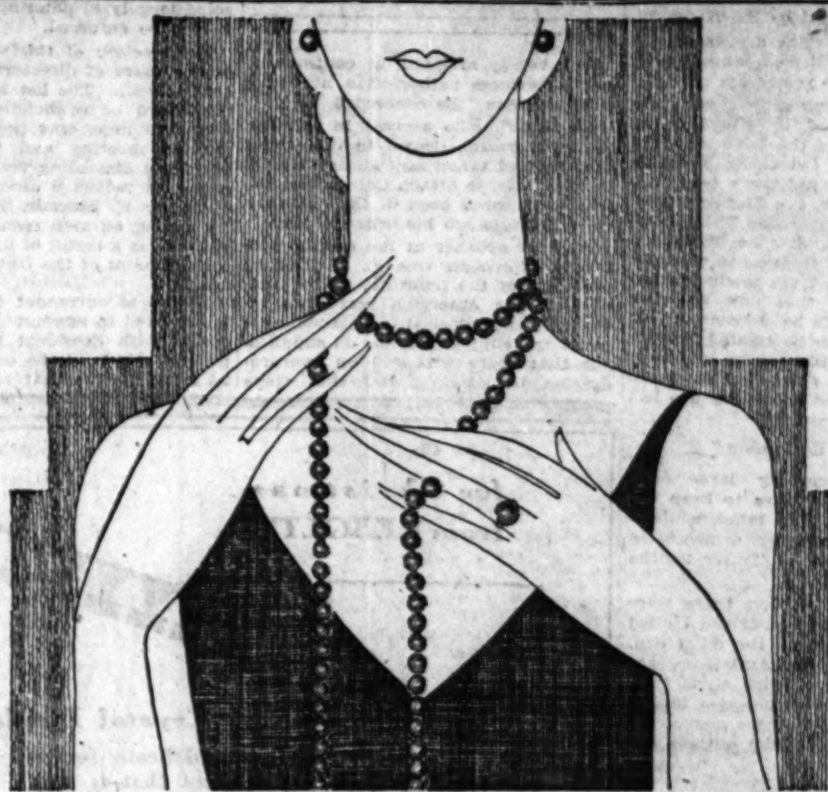
tors Deneen and Glenn, Gov. Emmerson and Mayor Thompson. Attorney General Charleston is named as toastmaster.

The chairman of the committee on arrangements, Col. Anton F. Lorenson, is out of the city, but the vice chairman, W. D. Saltiel, said yesterday that he had heard nothing of the plan to boom the veteran jurist for appointment to the Hoover cabinet. Judge Kavanagh himself said the same.

"The only position I seek," he said jovially, "is a place in the kingdom of heaven."

Forbidden to Wed, Farmer Kills 8 of His Own Family

(Chicago Tribune Press Service.)
WARSAW, Dec. 3.—Czes Krolewsky, a wealthy farmer, infuriated by his family's refusal to agree to his marriage with a poor girl, murdered his entire family—his mother, four brothers, and three sisters—while they slept. Police prevented a lynching by an angry crowd.



TO THE WOMAN WHO PREFERS
TO CHOOSE HER JEWELLED
ORNAMENTS TO COMPLEMENT
EACH PARTICULAR ENSEMBLE

Técla

Specialists in Pearls and Jeweled Adornment

extends an invitation to inspect the
magnificent display of Técla jewels
now on exhibition at the Técla Salon at

22 S. MICHIGAN AVENUE

HERE she can find—in great variety—the luxurious
last details that "make or break" a costume. Genuine Técla Pearls with all the lustre and beauty of the Oriental—chosen, perhaps, for the neckline of that newest black velvet—the single sapphire ring that will emphasize the clear blue in that new brocade—the flash of light for her ears—the band of radiance for her wrist. Emeralds, sapphires, rubies—each for a particular ensemble.

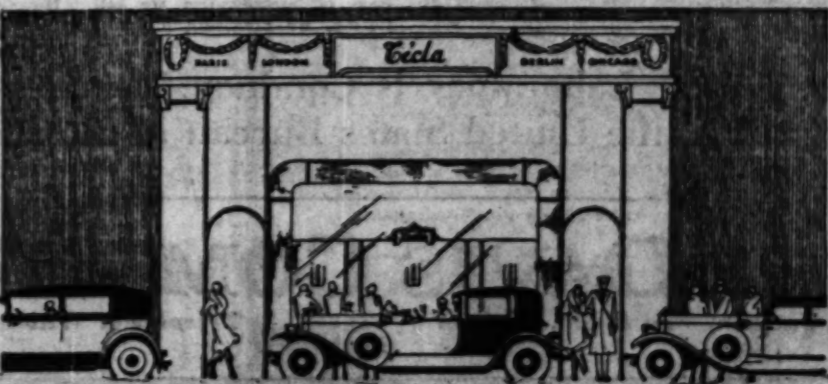
There are jewels of every hue in our collection—jewels of every type that a new and complex mode demands. So exquisite in workmanship that they are appropriate companions for your other jewels—so skillfully simulated that they add grace and eloquence to any costume. Here your ornaments may be chosen—as they should be—to complete every ensemble.

For neither in Paris, Berlin, or New York, will the smart woman find a more elaborate selection of Técla creations from which to choose her jeweled adornments than is now presented in Técla's beautiful Chicago Salon.

Técla Pearl Necklaces from \$25 up.

Only gold, platinum and genuine diamonds used in Técla settings.

A SUGGESTION: Now is an excellent time for a calm, unhurried selection of the perfect Christmas Gift—A Genuine Técla Pearl Necklace



A square cut sapphire set in diamonds—a hat ornament to accompany Vionnet's coat of dark blue velours de laine



A square cut emerald ring gives the necessary note of color to a long evening ensemble in black and white.



A crystal and diamond pin completes the lace jabot neckline of Paton's "Castiglione," for afternoons.



Conventions govern the riding habit—only in accessories may a woman evidence her taste. For the formal habit—severely plain cuff links of cabochon sapphires



Double pearl earrings against a black hat give the contrast of black velvet and white ermine.



Diamond and sapphire earrings echo the jewelled cuffs of this Ardene creation.



A ring and circle of diamonds set in platinum combine to accent the neckline and repeat the circular motif in this sheer tulle from Gossyp.

GIFTS in Mandel's Foreign Shops



Deceiving

—because it looks just like a brush! But there's a little comb tucked in the handle! A man would like it because it's compact—simple—a good size. Chromium plate, three styles, \$5



Whimsies

—for a Smart Modern Spirited little animals in brass—from Austria—become cunning ash trays, cigarette stampers or holders, paper weights, and ornaments, \$3.50



Marco Polo

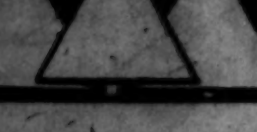
brought vases like this from his famous travels. Cloisonne on copper foundation in delicate Chinese patterns splashed with turquoise... King's blue... red browns... pale greens... \$7.50



A Fashion

—for a smart lady's breakfast table! Slim little fruit knives, forks, spoons... gold finished—with gay Gallic handles in ruby, coral, turquoise, lapis, emerald—each \$7.50

Mandel's, 11th Floor



DETERDING URGES WORLD TO CURB WASTING OF OIL

Sees Future Shortage of Petroleum in U. S.

BY WILLIAM SHINNICK
(Picture on back page.)

A plea for a world wide conservation plan, having as a principal feature the elimination of wasteful methods in the production and marketing of petroleum, was advanced by Sir Henri V.

Sir Henri, a Dutch subject, who was granted knighthood by the king of England, addressed the 2,500 members of the American Petroleum Institute attending the organization's tenth annual convention at the Stevens hotel. "A great many today," he said, "think the oil supplies inexhaustible. We pay too little attention to wasteful exploitation (apart from producing too much), forgetting that new fields in the states may still be discovered, but that they can never be created. Nature put them in limited number and it is almost childish to state that the more that are discovered the fewer are left to the fate of discovery."

"Day of Reckoning." Oil men representing large companies, he declared, have to keep the "day of reckoning" in mind, while it is being disregarded by democracies ruled by the policy of "after us the deluge."

Sir Henri asserted that there were wise men who had stated the United States is producing all the oil it can, with the result that Americans are exporting at a low price what they are likely to be importing at a higher price later on. Then he asked the question: "Is the public outside the United States going to rely on American supplies when no thought is being given to conservation, and the supplies may be cut off? Then, without making the direct statement, he indicated a firm belief that the outsiders must make every effort, regardless of present cost, to protect themselves against future consumption needs."

Urges Oil Conservation.

His recommendation was for conservation, a liberal conservation that would permit withdrawal of petroleum here, even for export, if the United States can assure a continuance of the supply to outside customers. The overproduction here and dumping of the surplus in foreign lands will have the effect of promoting tariffs against the product, while at the same time the market is being pulled down.

As a long range view he urged that the establishment of excess facilities for production be held down as an unjust tax on the consumer. As there are some dozens of important producers, joint action must be taken where it is necessary, he asserted.



"Sink vanity and aim at continually sound business rather than at being a big oil man," he concluded. Sir Henri, who arrived in Chicago in the morning, denied in interviews that he had taken any steps, directly or indirectly, to attach Col. Robert W. Stewart, former head of the Standard Oil of Indiana, to his organization. Another speaker at the session yesterday afternoon was E. B. Reaser, president of the institute. He asserted that the American petroleum industry had succeeded in balancing demand and supply of crude oil supplies, but that there was still an overproduction of gasoline and that steps were being taken to remedy that situation.

A little earlier the directors of the institute had endorsed a policy of limitation of oil field production. This means the lumping of productive facilities by the owners over a wide territory, with the owners sharing on an agreed basis in the output of a few wells operated for all. This, it is held, will prevent the race on the part of each owner of small acreage to get his share out before it can flow to the wells of some one else. Local action leading to this result was advocated wherever it could not be taken up on a large scale.

Among the matters still to be taken up by the convention, which will continue through tomorrow, is a discussion of the code of marketing ethics. This was approved by the federal trade commission last summer, and President Reaser declared in his speech that 4,000 companies engaged in refining and marketing had notified the commission that they approved it without qualification. Under these circumstances the discussion will be devoted largely to determination of how it may be enforced.

The election of thirty-one members of the board of directors passed without incident. The list as prepared by the board of directors, comprising some 500 men, was presented at the general meeting and was approved without a dissenting vote. Among the names of reflected directors was that of Harry F. Sinclair, whose popularity among oil men seems not to have suffered as a result of his fall sentence for contempt of the United States senate.

Before adjournment the convention is expected to appoint a committee to confer with President Hoover on the present status of the oil industry and its plans for the next year.

Small holders SM Tight. "A buying hysteria preceded the selling sickness; there was much unwisdom of deflation fell upon us. Because some of us lost our heads going up the hill more of us lost them coming down. The thing most needed now is to keep our heads and get back to our jobs of creating something useful."

"It was not the small holders, the men who work for their money and invest their savings for the protection of their later years, who lost their heads and threw their holdings upon the market for what they would bring. The small investors kept their heads and sat tight. They saw their paper profits melt like snow in the spring time and still sat tight. They had the good common sense to know that it was not value that was declining, that the earning power of their securities was a great asset."

"If we are to have 'business as usual' [and it is my sincere belief that we are] it will be because of the faith, of the common sense, of the small investors. After all, while the men at the top may do the shouting, the men at the bottom carry the load. The men at the top would inspire more confidence in themselves if they would shut in unison. Take Washington, for instance. Business will never get anywhere while our leaders there are trying to promote prosperity at one end of Pennsylvania avenue when destructive criticism goes on at the other end."

"Neither will we establish a sound basis of prosperity throughout the country by trying to give something more to the farmer which must be taken away from the manufacturer, or vice versa. To rob Peter to pay Paul will be no great help to the general purse."

Mr. Reynolds pointed out that the unemployment situation in 1921 was wiped out in less than six months largely through the railroad, which launched such a buying and improvement program that in sixty days common labor was hard to get.

"Present unemployment doesn't begin to compare with then," he said. "The creation of a proper psychological attitude will do much. For one thing, I think if the proposed railroad consolidations could be worked out it would have a beneficial effect."

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INSULL STAKES \$200,000,000 ON 1930 EXPANSION

(Continued from first page.)

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"We cannot prevent a recurrence of destructive hysteria by prescribing a building hysteria. To plan to build and fail, or to plan unwisely to build and carry out the undertaking, will have as bad an effect in the end as the original hysteria to destroy."

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Blue Ribbon Wednesday—TODAY!

Idaho Russet Baking Potatoes
Uniform Size
25 Lb. Bag, \$1.49

Italian Broccoli
Large Bunch, 35c

Cranberries
Quart, 29c

Winesap Apples
Doe, Case of 113, 59c

Blue Ribbon Day Teas
For years Tebbetts and Card has been noted for its fine teas—Blue Ribbon Teas are our own special selection—the choice of connoisseurs. Orange Pekoe and Basket Fired Japan. 2 Lbs. \$1.00

DUTCH PROCESS COCOA—Our own importation. It is rich and "chocolaty" in flavor, soluble, 25% butter fat. 4 Lbs. \$1.50

JELBERT—The new jelly dessert. Makes delicious and attractive salads. 8 flavors—Raspberry, Strawberry, Cherry, Orange, Lemon, Grape, Mint, and Lime. 6 Packages \$5.00

TAO TEA BALLS—Large tin of 50 Orange Pekoe Steepings, 4 to 5 cup size. \$1.00

Superfine Eating Chocolate
Broken Milk Chocolate Lb. \$45c

Imported Glace Fruit
5 Lb. Box \$3.50

Blue Ribbon Day Meats
Round Steak
Cut from carefully raised selected corn-fed yearling steers. The meat is firm, yet tender, juicy and savory... Lb. 45c

Pork Chops
Cut from Small Baby Loin... Lb. 33c

Veal Loin Chops
From Finest Milk Fed Calves... Lb. 55c

Veal Steaks
From Choice Young Calves... Lb. 65c

Blue Ribbon Day Hams
They are meat of the finest texture, the pick and choice of the best from prime, corn-fed young porkers, sugar cured and then allowed to smoke slowly over fragrant, smoldering hickory embers... Lb. 27c

Blue Ribbon Bacon
Firm, evenly streaked slabs of bacon. In whole or half slabs only... Lb. 33c

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DUTCH PROCESS COCOA—Our own importation. It is rich and "chocolaty" in flavor, soluble, 25% butter fat. 4 Lbs. \$1.50

JELBERT—The new jelly dessert. Makes delicious and attractive salads. 8 flavors—Raspberry, Strawberry, Cherry, Orange, Lemon, Grape, Mint, and Lime. 6 Packages \$5.00

TAO TEA BALLS—Large tin of 50 Orange Pekoe Steepings, 4 to 5 cup size. \$1.00

Superfine Eating Chocolate
Broken Milk Chocolate Lb. \$45c

Imported Glace Fruit
5 Lb. Box \$3.50

Blue Ribbon Day Meats
Round Steak
Cut from carefully raised selected corn-fed yearling steers. The meat is firm, yet tender, juicy and savory... Lb. 45c

Pork Chops
Cut from Small Baby Loin... Lb. 33c

Veal Loin Chops
From Finest Milk Fed Calves... Lb. 55c

Veal Steaks
From Choice Young Calves... Lb. 65c

Blue Ribbon Day Hams
They are meat of the finest texture, the pick and choice of the best from prime, corn-fed young porkers, sugar cured and then allowed to smoke slowly over fragrant, smoldering hickory embers... Lb. 27c

Blue Ribbon Bacon
Firm, evenly streaked slabs of bacon. In whole or half slabs only... Lb. 33c

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Cut from carefully raised selected corn-fed yearling steers. The meat is firm, yet tender, juicy and savory... Lb. 45c

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Veal Loin Chops
From Finest Milk Fed Calves... Lb. 55c

Veal Steaks
From Choice Young Calves... Lb. 65c

INSULL STAKES \$200,000,000 ON 1930 EXPANSION

(Continued from first page.)

business can succeed, for any length of time, unless other businesses succeed also. We know that our bills are paid out of current earnings or not at all.

"We cannot prevent a recurrence of destructive hysteria by prescribing a building hysteria. To plan to build and fail, or to plan unwisely to build and carry out the undertaking, will have as bad an effect in the end as the original hysteria to destroy."

Small holders SM Tight. "A buying hysteria preceded the selling sickness; there was much unwisdom of deflation fell upon us. Because some of us lost our heads going up the hill more of us lost them coming down. The thing most needed now is to keep our heads and get back to our jobs of creating something useful."

"It was not the small holders, the men who work for their money and invest their savings for the protection of their later years, who lost their heads and threw their holdings upon the market for what they would bring. The small investors kept their heads and sat tight. They saw their paper profits melt like snow in the spring time and still sat tight. They had the good common sense to know that it was not value that was declining, that the earning power of their securities was a great asset."

"If we are to have 'business as usual' [and it is my sincere belief that we are] it will be because of the faith, of the common sense, of the small investors. After all, while the men at the top may do the shouting, the men at the bottom carry the load. The men at the top would inspire more confidence in themselves if they would shut in unison. Take Washington, for instance. Business will never get anywhere while our leaders there are trying to promote prosperity at one end of Pennsylvania avenue when destructive criticism goes on at the other end."

"Neither will we establish a sound basis of prosperity throughout the country by trying to give something more to the farmer which must be taken away from the manufacturer, or vice versa. To rob Peter to pay Paul will be no great help to the general purse."

Mr. Reynolds pointed out that the unemployment situation in 1921 was wiped out in less than six months largely through the railroad, which launched such a buying and improvement program that in sixty days common labor was hard to get.

"Present unemployment doesn't begin to compare with then," he said. "The creation of a proper psychological attitude will do much. For one thing, I think if the proposed railroad consolidations could be worked out it would have a beneficial effect."

GIRL TESTIFIES AGAINST WITNESS FOR PANTAGES
Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 2.—[Special.]—Dorothy Fringle, 17 year old girl whose charges and testimony recently led to Alexander Pantages' conviction for rape, today offered damaging testimony against Garland Hiffe, who was a pro-Pantages witness in that case. Hiffe is on trial charged with perjury.

"I did not go to the Pantages theater with Nick Dunaway, as Mr. Hiffe said," Miss Fringle testified. "I went alone. And there was no one in the lobby, as Mr. Hiffe said."

Her testimony was supported by John Johnson, elevator operator.

Blue Ribbon Wednesday—TODAY!

Idaho Russet Baking Potatoes
Uniform Size
25 Lb. Bag, \$1.49

Italian Broccoli
Large Bunch, 35c

Cranberries
Quart, 29c

Winesap Apples
Doe, Case of 113, 59c

Blue Ribbon Day Teas
For years Tebbetts and Card has been noted for its fine teas—Blue Ribbon Teas are our own special selection—the choice of connoisseurs. Orange Pekoe and Basket Fired Japan. 2 Lbs. \$1.00

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From Finest Milk Fed Calves... Lb. 55c

Veal Steaks
From Choice Young Calves... Lb. 65c

Sure Relief

Makes you feel better

HOME SIZE SAVES MONEY

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION
HEARTBURN SOUR STOMACH
HEADACHE DIZZINESS GAS
DISTRESS FROM
EATING OR DRINKING
ACUTE INDIGESTION

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY EVERY DRUGGIST

Blue Ribbon Wednesday—TODAY!

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Uniform Size
25 Lb. Bag, \$1.49

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Superfine Eating Chocolate
Broken Milk Chocolate

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co

for the feminine CHRISTMAS

Fine Silk Lingerie
From Italy
\$8.75 to \$12.75

Exquisitely hand-embroidered, with that inimitable delicacy characteristic of Italian work. It comes in soft, dull-finish silk, in peach and pink. Beautifully tailored, thoroughly practical, yet feminine enough to delight the most frivolous taste.

Gown, \$12.75

The finest drawn-work and embroidery in charming designs lend the decorative interest. It is very well-cut.

Chemise, \$8.75

Shadow-work, unbelievably dainty, with a tiny medallion. The top is scalloped. \$8.75. A gown to match is \$12.75.

Princess Slip, \$10.75

Its fine design of drawn-work and embroidery matches that of the gown mentioned just above. It is excellently tailored.

Third Floor, North State.

Brocaded Negligees
With Ostrich
\$10.75

Graceful and extremely flattering is a negligee of rayon and silk, luxuriously trimmed with ostrich at neck and sleeves. It is made in the wrap-around style, and is priced at \$10.75. A similar one uses maribou at the bottom and sleeves. Also \$10.75.

Glove-Silk with Lace

The smooth trimness of glove silk—the frivolous charm of lace. Vest, \$5. Step-ins, \$6.50. Chemise, \$7.50.

Tailored Vest, \$3

Tailored glove silk step-ins, designed to fit trimly and comfortably are priced at \$3.50. Chemise, \$3.50.

Pajamas, \$12.50

With a smart applique design on the tuck-in blouse, \$12.50. In beautifully blended two-tone combinations. Others \$7.50 to \$20.

Third Floor, East.

To do early
for
Christmas

So many small details which may be so troublesome unless you use these sections now.

Gift Wrappings

Here are fancy papers, cord, ribbon, bows, stickers. Our gift wrapping service will wrap your packages.

Second Floor, Bridge.



Gift Counters

Here you will find a collection of gifts, assembled to assist you in "picking up" those many things which take so much time.

Second Floor, North State.



Cards

And now there is a new special section for Christmas greeting cards on the Second Floor, Bridge, you may choose to suit your taste.

Second Floor, Bridge.



Decorations

The house, too, must be decorated. Table favors, baskets of artificial flowers, poinsettias, artificial trees, wreaths, holly or mistletoe may be found here.

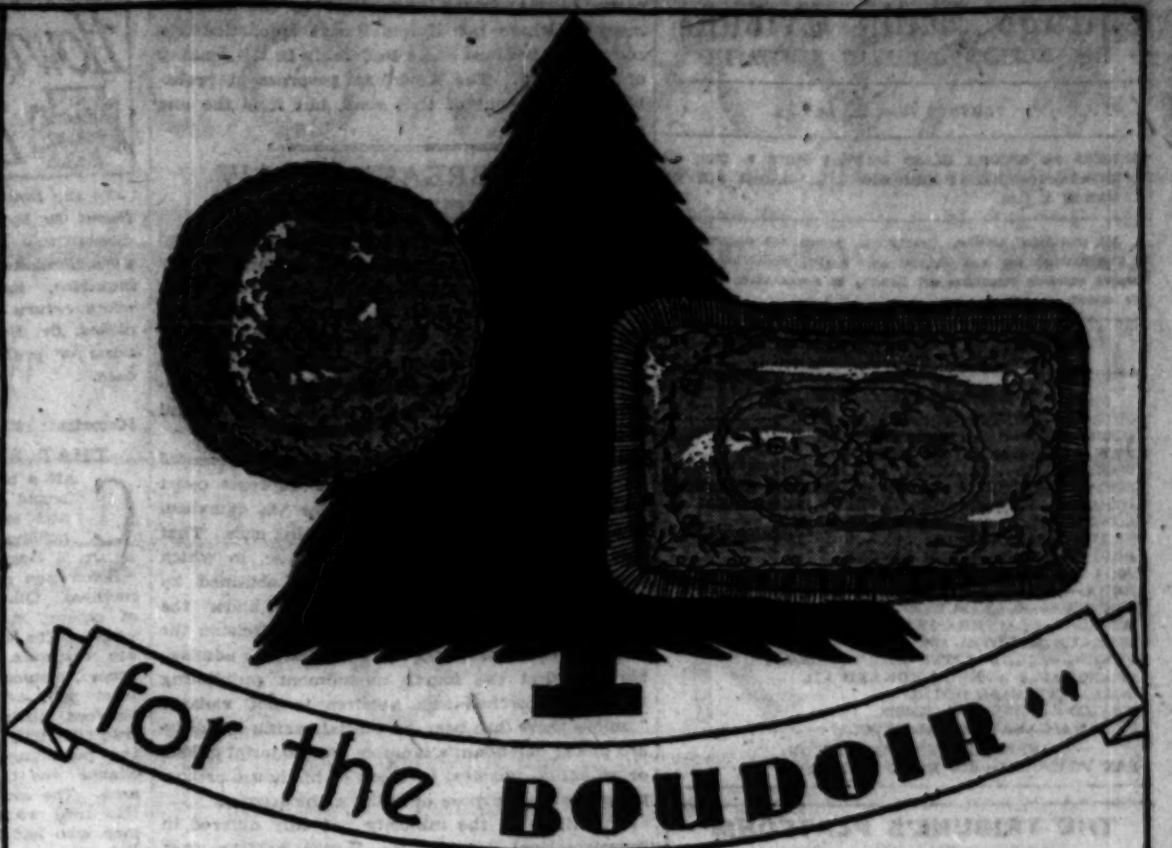
Fifth Floor, North State.



Candy

Delicious fresh candies, boxed and wrapped in festive style—dainty delicacies which may not be overlooked. Orders taken over the phone; city delivery.

Second Floor, North State.

Art Needlework
Suggests

FOR that woman who has everything—for that woman who looks to Christmas time for the delightful bit of luxury in which she does not indulge herself—

Marquise and Princess
Laces, \$2.75 to \$50

Just out of their foreign boxes, ready for first choice, are these exquisite laces.

Dollies, center-pieces, vanity pieces and dresser scarfs of Marquise lace range from \$2.25 to \$25, according to the piece.

Princess laces in chaise longue covers, bedspreads, dresser scarfs, vanity piece, and pillows range from \$1.25 for a small scarf to \$50 for a chaise longue cover.

Normandy patterned pillow cases, from Paris, at \$4.25.

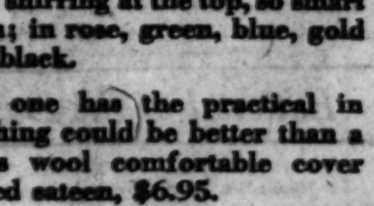
Alencon lace dresser scarfs and vanity priced \$4.75 to \$31.50.

Second Floor, East.

Rayon Bedspreads
In Pastel Colors
\$6.95

Smoothly and finely tailored as to detail with shirring at the top, so smart this season; in rose, green, blue, gold color and black.

And if one has the practical in mind, nothing could be better than a soft lamb's wool comfortable cover with figured satin, \$6.95.



Second Floor, South State.



Hours of Business: 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co

Chicago Daily Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1850

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 5, 1895, AT
CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF
MARCH 3, 1879.

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WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1929.

THE TRIBUNE OFFICES

CHICAGO—TRIBUNE SQUARE,
MILWAUKEE—515 TRIST COMPANY BUILDING,
NEW YORK—315 FIFTH AVENUE,
WASHINGTON—315 ALBANY BUILDING,
BOSTON—715 CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BUILDING,
ATLANTA—125 RHODES-BLAVERY BUILDING,
LONDON—75-77 FLEET STREET, E. C. 4,
PARIS—1 RUE SCRIBE,
BERLIN—1 UFER DEN LINDEN,
RIGA—NORDENFELDT STR. 15/17,
ROME—GALLERIA COLOMBA (SCALA A),
VIENNA—2 ROSENBERGSTRASSE,
WARSAW—PLAC KRASINSKA 6,
GIBRALTAR—HOTEL CRUIX,
PEKING—GRAND HOTEL DES WAGON-LITS,
SHANGHAI—4 AVENUE EDWARD VII,
TOKYO—IMPERIAL HOTEL,
MEXICO CITY—HOTEL REGIS,
PANAMA CANAL—HOTEL TIVOLI,
SPECIAL REPRESENTATION,
SAN FRANCISCO—320 KOHL BUILDING.

THE TRIBUNE'S PLATFORM FOR CHICAGO

1. Make Chicago the First City in the World.
2. Start the Subway.
3. Electrify the Railroads.
4. Abolish the Smoke Pail.
5. Separate grades of Boulevards and of Thorough Streets.

"Give me liberty to know, to utter and
to argue freely according to my con-
science, above all other liberties."
—Milton.

MR. HOOVER ADMINISTERS THE PEACE.

President Hoover has asked Russia and China
to honor their pledge and cease their fighting.
He reminds them that they signed the Kellogg
peace treaty and by that they renounced war as
an instrument of national policy.

It is no longer possible for any government to
ignore the fact that there is war on the Man-
churian frontier. It is attended by a great deal of
ferocity. Not only are the military losses consid-
erable but the innocents are suffering intolerably.
It has been growing worse month by month.

As has been the case in many wars, it is not
simple to find the right and wrong in the start
of it. China repudiated a railway treaty with
Russia and expelled the Russians. Nations re-
serve the right to denounce treaties, but they must
stand the consequences of doing so. Russia has
undertaken to restore by force the treaty rights it
had. China has every reason to distrust all
Russian purposes but is too disorganized to pro-
tect itself.

In the days before Mr. Kellogg's treaty ushered
in a new era for the hopeful and the wistful it
was an ordinary thing for a government to offer
its good services to nations which were at war or
were about to go to war. This was done consid-
erably and politely in the hope that the belliger-
ents could be persuaded of the reasonableness of
other means of settlement. It didn't always work,
but it nearly always, in modern days, has been
tried.

Under the Kellogg treaty this method becomes
peremptory. President Hoover does not approach
the erring brothers as a friend but as the head of
a government offended by their actions. They
have violated pledges given in agreements spon-
sored by the United States. An element of of-
fense pride unmistakably enters. A moral in-
dignity is in waiting. Russia and China are
warned that they cannot be faithless and com-
mand any respect as respectable and responsible
powers. Very likely they ought to be scolded, but
where does the United States get the authority to
do so?

In the first place, the United States does not
recognize the soviet government of Russia. The
letter of the American President was delivered to
France and by the French ambassador in Moscow
read to the Russian soviet officials, a curious diplo-
matic incident. The United States does not recog-
nize Russia because it maintains that the soviets
are faithless in their international relations and
therefore will not make any treaties with them.
With that idea as a background it interferes in
Russian affairs as a moral head master shaking a
broken school rule of its own promulgating under
the Russian nose.

Almost anything can come of this, beginning
with a great deal of sardonic amusement the
world over. The United States with its marines
in Haiti and Nicaragua and its delegates not in
the league of nations, the United States asserting
its right to correct its own frontier troubles with-
out challenge and its intent to keep out of inter-
national schemes for world control, is reading
the riot act in a war which is about as far away
from its shores as any war could get. The amuse-
ment that it will cause will be quietly enjoyed
in many places, but there is not likely to be much
profit in it for the American people.

It will be interesting to learn what the Rus-
sians do, but not very easy to anticipate it. This
is a rich Christmas pudding and plums may
be taken out of any part of it. The immediate threat
for Russia to do would be to advise the American
government to jump into the Atlantic and to be
eloquent in the advice. That, however, may be too
simple and downright a pleasure and the soviets
may recognize that even if it has been by way
of the back door Uncle Sam at last is before
them in Moscow. They may make the most of it.

To Americans the Russian response will be in-
teresting but not of the greatest importance.
That lies elsewhere. It has been maintained in
Washington that the peace treaty carried no obli-
gations. By design it had no machinery of en-
forcement. It was a pledge the United States
intended to observe. This country has renounced
war as a policy. Consequently it armed only for
defense, whatever that may be. But here is an
effort to enforce the peace. The American
President has intervened in an unusual way and
the American state department has organized the
letter writing of other nations. Great Britain, at
the request of the United States, has sent notes.
The enterprises is to present the coercion of world
opinion morally exerted to sustain the Kellogg
treaty. And then? To retire defeated if in any
attempt the parties at fault refuse to yield or to
continue to other kinds of coercion, such as non-
intercourse, blockade or the use of armed force?

It cannot be foreseen just now, but Mr. Hoover
certainly has taken the position that the Kellogg
treaty is something more than a declaration of
intent on the part of the United States and is

LAW BREAKING LAW ENFORCEMENT.

Representative Clancy of Detroit has introduced
a bill, H. R. 4129, to prohibit wire tapping by any
officer of the federal government or the divulging
of any message by any employee of a telephone
or telegraph service. The bill provides a penalty
of fine or imprisonment or both, and, what is
perhaps even more important, prohibits any evi-
dence thus procured to be admissible in any federal
court.

This legislation is to correct the situation created
by a five to four decision of the Supreme court
in the case of the United States vs. Olmstead
et al., the much discussed wire tapping case. That
was a prosecution under the wire law, in which
evidence for the government was obtained by
tapping telephone wires, an offense under the
law of Washington. In a five to four decision the
Supreme court held that this evidence was admissi-
ble and that the fourth amendment prohibiting
unlawful searches and seizures is not violated
unless there has been an official search and sei-
zure of the defendant's tangible and material effects
or an actual physical invasion of his house or cur-
tilage for the purpose of making the seizure.

The views of the minority not only differed in
interpretation, Mr. Justice Butler holding that
tapping the wire and listening literally constituted
a search for evidence, but also on policy, Mr. Jus-
tice Holmes asserting that "decency, security, and
liberty alike demand that government officials shall
be subjected to the same rules of conduct that are
commands to the citizen."

Whatever the proper interpretation of the exist-
ing law may be, the question of public policy,
as expressed forcefully by Justices Holmes and
Brandeis, will seem clear to every one except
individuals whose dry bias obscures every other
consideration. Indeed, Chief Justice Taft, who
delivered the majority opinion, suggested that if
the question of public policy was outside the
judicial consideration of the issue involved in the
Olmstead case it is an appropriate consideration
for the legislative branch of government and evi-
dence procured by wire tapping can be declared
inadmissible by act of congress.

We realize that the bill of rights has little
esteem with dry zealots or with congressmen who
take their orders from them. But the press and
public of the country which is not perverted by
dry sentiment should insist upon the enactment
of Mr. Clancy's measure at this session. The
judicial theory that listening in on a telephone
line and the interception of private messages are
not in fact an invasion of private rights seems to
us an intellectual quibble, but it is now the law.
The question of public morals and public policy
involved in the Olmstead case is clear. It is
surely bad both in morals and policy to permit
or encourage officers of the law to break the
law as a means to enforce the law. The common
conscience must be offended by such a vicious
paradox and the common welfare injured by it.
If officers of the government do not respect the
law, what standing has government to demand of
the people what it does not itself obey? There is
nothing more important than that the government
should come into a court of justice with clean
hands. The officers of the federal government
broke the law of Washington in the Olmstead
case, and whether the act violated the fourth
amendment or not, the government should not be
permitted to profit by wrongdoing of its agents.

Our friends who indulge in snipes
will learn from this article that the
smoke from a cigarette but has qualities
somewhat peculiar to the smoke from a
cigar. Dr. Bogen contends that reports on
cigarettes should be limited to analyses
of the smoke. There are several ingredi-
ents besides nicotine to be taken into
consideration. The smoke should be based
on the volatilized product ready to be
taken into the human system and not
on the tobacco itself.

There is no danger.
A. T. writes: Is it possible for a
person to catch tuberculosis from the
dishes of one who recently had this
disease, but whose case was pronounced
arrested?
REPLY.

OUR ANCIENT TERMINALS.

The council committee on railway terminals has
despaired of getting the south side railroads to
agree upon a plan for new stations. Accordingly
the committee has instructed its engineers to de-
vise a plan which will meet the requirements of
the city and of the companies. No doubt the rail-
road managements will resent this attempt to
force their hand, but it is clear that they have
only themselves and their policy of postponement
to blame if the initiative has finally been taken
from them.

We believe it would be unfair to charge the
railroads' executive officers with responsibility for
the delays. The railroad presidents and engineer-
ing staffs might have been willing enough to meet
the city's needs if the boards of directors had
given the authorization. This authorization has
been withheld for Chicago while large appropriations
have been made for terminal improvements
elsewhere, especially in eastern cities, where most
of the directors of our railroads live.

Railroad executives have justified their failure
to appropriate for Chicago by saying that the
money spent on terminals here would not earn a
fair return. If that is so, it is hard to see why
railroads ever build terminals. If a terminal can-
not be made to pay in Chicago, the largest rail-
road center in the world, it cannot be made to
pay anywhere, we should imagine. If railroad
directors had to see and use the antiquated and
grimy sheds here as often as they saw and used
the Grand Central in New York, our problem
would have been solved long ago.

Editorial of the Day

SOLOMON GRUNDY.

(Sault Ste. Marie Evening News.)

How does it go? Solomon Grundy, born on Sun-
day, married on Monday, and so it went. Then
Solomon got into Pennsylvania. Then he became
an industrial force. Then he went to Washington to
"see" about the tariff. Then he told Bluff Blaine
of Wisconsin, Billous Borah of Idaho, and Cautious
Caraway of Arkansas that senators from petty back-
woods states ought to take a back seat and not try
to run the country like Arkansas is; or like baby
Idaho or La Follette's Wisconsin.

What La Grundy said fills all the interaction be-
tween the inferior and superior maxillaries; a mouthful.

One of two things ought to be done with the United
States senate. Either it ought to be abolished or
else put on a case and just parity as to representa-
tion. There is no reason why a handful may run
or stall the country.

Idaho and Nevada have as much power in the senate
as New York and Michigan.
It might have been all right when we first imi-
tated the house of lords of Great Britain. Now the
situation is worse than obsolete. States only exist
today as a convenient unit of government. Majori-
ties or pluralities are supposed to rule. They do not
in the senate.

Time to abolish the outfit anyhow. It is an expe-
riment in chaos.

Otherwise elect senators on a basis of population
with no reference to imaginary state lines and un-
imaginative states.

MODERN METHOD PREFERRED.
Boxing instructor (after first lesson)—Now, have
you any questions to ask?

Beginner (dazed)—Yes; how much is your corre-
spondence course?—Pearson's.

How to Keep Well

By Dr. Williams

To the host of space questions per-
taining to hygiene and prevention of
disease, the answer is in this col-
umn. Personal replies will be made to
inquiries, under proper limitations,
when return stamped envelope is in-
closed. Dr. Williams will not make diag-
noses or prescribe for individual dis-
eases.

(Copyright, 1929, by The Chicago Tribune.)

THAT BLINDFOLD TEST.

AN A blindfold man pick out a
brand of cigars by the odor
and taste of the smoke? This
question is answered as follows
by Dr. E. Bogen:

Some men can do so with great cor-
rectness. Others can pick out the type
of cigar in that way, but not the
brand. The cigar types he considers
are oriental, blends, domestic, West
Indian, denicotinized and tobacco-free.
Most men are unable to differentiate
between either types or brands. It is
true that they guess right at times, but
percentage of error is high. The
chance was the only factor that oper-
ated. The considerable group on whom
this trial was made was composed of
men who had been smoking more than
three years and who consumed nearly
an average of one package a day. The
general run of men in a group might
tell whether a cigar was strong or
mild, but that was about the limit of
their expert ability.

There are nearly three hundred
brands of cigars on the market. These
were examined for nicotine. The amount
found was greatest in the domestic
brands and least in the West Indian.
The others ranged from domestic, West
Indian, denicotinized and tobacco-free.
To West Indian. A person can decrease
his nicotine intake by choosing his
brand. Dr. Bogen's report did not give
the details of the analyses by brands,
but it did classify sixty-seven brands
into orientals and the other five types.
This information is to be found in the
Oct. 12 number of the Journal of the
American Medical Association.

There are other means of regulating
the quality of the smoke besides selec-
tion of brands of cigars. The quality
of the smoke depends greatly upon how
the man smokes. If he draws mildly
and frequently he gets smoke of a
certain quality, of another quality. The
smoke which the other fellow gets is
of still another quality. By this is
meant that which issues from the end
of a cigarette is not the same as the
atmosphere of a room or car.

Our friends who indulge in snipes
will learn from this article that the
smoke from a cigarette but has qualities
somewhat peculiar to the smoke from a
cigar. Dr. Bogen contends that reports on
cigarettes should be limited to analyses
of the smoke. There are several ingredi-
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taken into the human system and not
on the tobacco itself.

There is no danger.
A. T. writes: Is it possible for a
person to catch tuberculosis from the
dishes of one who recently had this
disease, but whose case was pronounced
arrested?
REPLY.

NO DIFFERENCE IN FATS.

Mr. D. W. writes:
1. Will you kindly discuss the relative
values of animal and vegetable fats used
in everyday cooking?
2. If twice cooked meat is injurious to
persons of delicate stomach, why do
dietitians constantly give recipes for re-
cooking meats?
3. I was badly bitten by mosquitoes
during the summer. Each scar is dark
brown and most evident. Is there a mild
balm which will remove these?

REPLY.
1. There is no particular difference be-
tween animal and vegetable fats as con-
stituents for cooked foods. A few fats
are much richer than others in the
vitamins which protect against rickets.
But adults do not need special supplies of
certain vitamins and we expect to get
them from children from better sources than
cooked foods. Fats vary in their content
of fatty acids but cooking causes greater
variation than is found in the native fats.
2. I know of no objection to twice cooked
meats if the juices are saved.
3. You might try peroxide. I do not
know what else to suggest.

FRIEND OF THE PEOPLE

Letters to this department must be
signed with names and addresses of writers

PROTESTING A CHECK.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—[Legal Friend of the
People.]—1. What is meant by protesting
a check?
2. When a check is protested, who
pays the cost?
3. Why are some checks (which have
been paid and returned to the drawer)
"no protest" and others are not
marked in this manner, and who
stamps this "no protest" on them, and
why?

4. Is it legally necessary to have a
check protested if payment, for any reason,
is stopped on it?
5. I am the semi-judicial procedure of
securing a statement by a notary that the
instrument has been presented to the bank
in which it is drawn and has been dishon-
ored. The notary ordinarily also notifies
secondary parties and includes a statement
on this point in his certificate. 2. The holder
would pay in the first instance, but he would
be entitled to recover them against any of
the parties liable on the check. 3. The hold-
ers of some checks prefer not to have the
cost of protest charged against them. The
instructions may be stamped on the check
by them or by others on the instructions.
4. Under the negotiable instruments law pro-
tect is necessary in order to charge secondary
parties on a "foreign" check, meaning a
check drawn in one state and payable in
another. TRIBUNE LAW DEPARTMENT.

IS A CITIZEN?

Chicago, Nov. 24.—[Friend of the People.]—I came to this country in 1920 as
the daughter of a naturalized citizen.
I was then 18. Am I an American citizen?
If so, so will I still be one if I
marry an immigrant?
If the applicant arrived in the United
States before she attained the age of 21
years, as the daughter of a citizen of the
United States, she is a citizen and she will
not lose her citizenship by marrying. If
she desires a certificate of naturalization,
she should make application therefor through
this office, room 775 postoffice building.
FRED J. SCHLOTSMILDT,
District Director of Naturalization.

ILLEGAL INTEREST RATE.

Chicago, Nov. 20.—[Legal Friend of the
People.]—Is an automobile finance com-
pany, not incorporated under the small
business act, permitted to charge 15 per
cent monthly on a ten month loan?
R. P.

See TRIBUNE LAW DEPARTMENT.

A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

How to the Line, let the
quips fall where they may.

YOUTH.

You never are old when the fire within
Burns on with the same old heat,
When a smile from a girl wakes an answering din
In the depths of your vagrant breast.

When a spring moon smiles and the far sea calls,
And the roads twist off in the dusk,
When you feel there are no such things as walls,
And a house is an empty husk.

And what is a crow's foot, or two, or three,
When the heart is young and the soul is free?
E. LESLIE SPAULSTON.

"I SAID MR. HOOVER in his message many
times yesterday. 'I wish,' said Mr. Hoover in his
message yesterday. 'I believe,' 'I shall,' 'I may,'
however. 'I am convinced,' 'I am firmly,' 'I
should like,' 'I do not favor,' 'I considered,' 'I
have also,' 'I have been opposed,' 'I can see,' 'I
would add,' and enough more 'I's' to convince
us that Mr. Hoover can never be an editor or a
column conductor who, as we often have been told,
together with people who have tapeworms,
always say 'we.'"

THE U. S. HAS TOLD Russia and China to re-
member the Kellogg treaty and keep it holy. And,
inasmuch as the U. S. does not recognize the Rus-
sian government, we shouldn't be a bit surprised
if the soviets snapped back with, "Wellaki, go to
hellaki," or something rude like that.

Whither, Brethren, Are We Drifting?

Somewhere, doggone 'em, as Cleopatra said to
Marcus Antonius, is always a grabbin' the joy
outta life. And now they're advertising that
they've got big fishworm ranches out in Califor-
nia where they keep big herds of short horn fish-
worms fed on meal, and that they express them in
neat tins to anybody in the U. S., all ready to put
on the hook. That certainly makes us mad! Why,
half the fun in fishing was getting up while it was
still dark and taking the old pikehook and going
out behind the barn and digging around for fish-
worms. Well, all we've got to say is that the
bird who would buy patent home grown meal fed
fishworms might just as well send down to the
butcher's or grocer's for his fish. He might just
as well do his fishing out of a sardine can.

GUEST OF HONOR Floyd E. Thompson at the
Judges' victory party Monday night made the
judges thoroughly happy by telling them that they
had a soft snap, that they couldn't earn half their
salary in private practice, and that they had no
right to take two months and a half holiday. How-
ever, the guest of honor didn't mention that any
of the judges had dirty faces or had neglected to
comb their hair; and in the words of the rural
journalist, a pleasant time was had by all.

"The American Business Man Is the Dullest Creature on Earth!"

says Gertrude Atherton in the Pictorial Review.
And that's the bologna. But we'll tell you what
isn't the bologna. It would do the American Busi-
ness Man a power of good to have

THE 1929 LINEBOOK

He's probably too busy, poor dear, to order it him-
self, so you see that one is sent to him. It will give
him a lot of chuckles and some corking good stories—
and the next time Gertrude Atherton sits next to
him at dinner she won't say she might as well talk
to his future statue in Golden Gate Park.

Order Him a Linebook Today!

Price 12c, including postage. Address Hugh
Donaldson, Trib. Pub. Serv. Dept., 1 South
Dearborn street, Chicago.

SOMEbody wrote to The Tribune if I Were
President Editor the other day and said the first
thing he would do would be to stop Sec. Davis
making so many silly speeches. Which seems to
us most unkind, but we would gently suggest to
the secretary that in his programs of Welsh song
over the radio he stop singing "Maer gwaged
a reddod ar y groes." We don't understand the
Welsh language ourselves, but our little Welsh
terrier Tylwyth Teg always breaks out into the
most heart-breaking howls whenever Sec. Davis
sings "Maer gwaged a reddod ar y groes." Either
the words are very sad or the way Sec. Davis sings
the song is very sad. Anyhow, we wish he wouldn't
do it any more.

PROF. ARTHUR H. COMPTON of the Uni. of
Mich. says that the seventeenth century theory
of Sir Isaac Newton that light consists of a flux
of minute particles is now receiving the support
of modern scientists. Here in Chicago we
support that theory without reservation. Light
not only seems to consist of bullet-like particles,
but, oh, very like bullets, especially when the
gunmen are staging a street battle.

And We Could Think Up Lots More.

While young John D. Rockefeller III. has
begun work in his pa's office at less than five
thousand dollars a year as an ordinary employee,
he needn't worry when somebody bawls him out
for coming in late or taking too long for lunch.
A snappy comeback for him to say at such a time
would be, "Well, I'm heir to a billion dollars
and on the day when I become the head of this
establishment, you poor sump, I'll have you hung
up by your ears from the seventy-ninth story
and then keep you on the pay roll just for the pleasure
of firing you every fifteen minutes." Or, maybe
he could think up a shorter one like "You wait,
you big boob, just wait." Anyhow, if we were
young John D. III. we wouldn't worry.

LAGNIAPPE.

A WASHINGTON COURT has ruled that a hus-
band need not pay his wife's bill. But the court
hasn't ruled on what we may think about a hus-
band that won't pay his wife's bill. And if we
were a wife there would be only one answer—the
rolling pin! Or the flatiron!

WELL, we're no fashion expert, and we know
nothing about women's styles, but, anyhow, we
know what we like, and after looking over pictures
of the gals in the magazine advertisements and the
few we've seen wearing the latest from Paris we
wish to go on record as saying that the new long
skirts look like something that the cat brought in.

STOCKS went up yesterday because of the read-
ing of Mr. Hoover's annual message to congress.
Three cheers! Let's have it read to congress
every day until things get back to where they used
to be.
R. H. L.

THE EVERLASTING STRUGGLE



FROM THE TRIBUNE'S COLUMNS

65 YEARS AGO TODAY

DECEMBER 4, 1864.
NEW YORK.—Following is an ex-
cerpt of a letter from Capt. George W.
Ward of the steamer Gen. Lyon just
received here by the owner of the ves-
sel, dated below Savannah, Nov. 27:
"Sherman is reported to be near Sa-
vannah and the rebels are trembling
in their shoes."

WASHINGTON.—The government
has received information that Gen.
Sherman had captured Millen, Ga.,
about sixty miles northwest of Sa-
vannah, on Nov. 29. His army had
been concentrated and it is thought
he has moved to Savannah before this.
Richmond papers also announce the
capture of Millen. It had been made
a depot for Union prisoners and the
rebel papers express the fear that the
prisoners have been freed by Sher-
man.

WASHINGTON.—Gen. Thomas
Crittenden of Kentucky, who has not
been in active service since the battle
of Chickamauga, is in Washington and
has been assigned to duty under Gen.
Meade of the Army of the Potomac.
HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE
POTOMAC.—A great deal of heavy ar-
tillery firing has prevailed today in
the vicinity of Jerusalem, and it is
thought that the rebels are making
without any important result.

NASHVILLE.—There was skirmish-
ing with cavalry all day yesterday.
A portion of our cavalry encountered
Forrest's rebel cavalry three miles
from Nashville, but, as night was com-
ing on, our troops retired to the city.
It is rumored that Gen. Hood is en-
deavoring to cross the Cumberland
with a large body of rebel cavalry and
many predict a battle shortly.

CHICAGO.—"Ten Nights in a Bar
Room" will open tomorrow night for
a week's engagement at Col. Wood's
museum.

30 YEARS AGO TODAY

DECEMBER 4, 1899.

LEXINGTON, KY.—Scores of mount-
ain Republicans are gathering in Lex-
ington prepared to move to Frankfort
tomorrow and use force if necessary
to seat W. S. Taylor as governor,
should the state board of election com-
missioners attempt to count Goebel
into the executive chair. Many of the
men mobilizing here are members of
state militia companies recently or-
ganized in the mountain districts.
Serious trouble is expected at Frank-
fort if the Goebel men succeed in in-
fluencing the election board.

LONDON.—In the dead of night the
flower of the British army just rode
through the streets of London to em-
bark for Africa. Dozens of regiments
have gone before, but still more men
are required to overwhelm the stub-
born, fighting Boers, so the war office
has sent out England's pride—what
is known as the household cavalry.
These troops are only called out on
what may be termed emergency cam-
paigns. Their foreign service includes
Dettingen, the Spanish peninsula,
Waterloo, Egypt in 1882, and Tehe-
kebir. Dukes, earls, barons and even
princes fought and pulled wires to go
with the regiment.

10 YEARS AGO TODAY

DECEMBER 4, 1919.

CHICAGO.—Manufacturing, whole-
sale, retail and other industrial estab-
lishments in Chicago and a large part
of Illinois—estimated at one-third—
were prohibited yesterday from using
more than six and a half hours a
day in the transaction of business.
CHICAGO.—The legitimate and
vaudeville theaters will be closed dur-
ing the coal crisis on Monday and
Tuesday nights and Wednesday mat-
inees.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Rupture of
diplomatic relations with Mexico and
withdrawal of recognition of the Car-
ranza government are imminent. Con-
gress will adopt the Full resolution
requesting such actions by the ad-
ministration.

AUSTIN, TEX.—Gov. W. P. Hobby
directed that Texas ranger units be
recruited to full strength and as many
more companies be organized as the
adjutant general deems necessary to
protect the border.

CHICAGO.—Miss Charlotte Eliza-
beth Sims, daughter of Mr. and Mrs.
Edwin Sims of 4200 Kenwood avenue,
was married to Dr. P. C. Krupp of
Houston, Tex., at the residence of her
parents.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

Writers should confine themselves to 200 or 300 words. Give full names
and addresses. No manuscripts can be returned. Address: Voice of the
People, The Tribune.

RECALLING TENTH AMENDMENT.

Chicago, Oct. 3

▲ MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY ▲

STATE, WASHINGTON, RANDOLPH, WABASH
HOURS UNTIL CHRISTMAS: 8:30 A. M. TO 6 P. M.

★ THE EVANSTON STORE, CHURCH AND SHERMAN
STORE HOURS: 9 A. M. TO 6 P. M.; SATURDAYS, 9 A. M. TO 9 P. M.

★ THE WEST SUBURBAN STORE, LAKE AND HARLEM, OAK PARK
STORE HOURS: 9 A. M. TO 6 P. M.; SATURDAYS, 9 A. M. TO 9 P. M.

GIFTS FOR THE MOST PARTICULAR WOMAN ON YOUR LIST

She will like **PERFUMES!** She will like **NEGLIGEEES!** She will like

And surely her favorite fragrances are among these specially priced perfumes. Some of the loveliest odors by Coty and Rosine, and others that are made exclusively for Marshall Field and Company are included in this special selling.

Coty's Perfumes

L'Origan 1 1/4 oz. \$3
Emeraude 1 1/4 oz. 3
Paris 1 1/4 oz. 3
Chypr 1 1/4 oz. 3

Rosine's Perfumes

Nuit de Chine 2 oz. \$4
Nuit de Chine 4 oz. 7
Maharajah 2 oz. 9

Field's Exclusive Perfumes

Pois de Senteur . . . 1 oz. \$8
Pois de Senteur . . . 2 oz. 15
Un Bouquet 1/2 oz. 4
Un Jasmin 2 1/2 oz. 15

First Floor, North, Wabash
Also in Evanston Store and
West Suburban Store, Oak Park



And negligees today are as various as the women that wear them. From sophisticated lounging pajamas in fascinatingly vivid prints and exotic haori and mandarin coats to sweet old fashioned (and therefore very new fashioned) bedjackets—the negligee section just teems with contrasting personalities these days.

Fifth Floor, South, State
Also in the Evanston Store and
West Suburban Store, Oak Park



Above—If she is going south give her some colorfullounging and beach pajamas. Three-piece with printed coat and wide trousers—\$18.75

Above—If she prefers vivid things—this Japanese Mandarin Coat in Nile, maize, red, black or blue will please her. Exceptional at \$14.75

Above—If she craves variety—a reversible haori coat, black with scenic lining in soft lovely shades would solve your problem. \$24.75



Above—If she takes breakfast in bed—a little silk bed-jacket, lace trimmed, in pink, blue or orchid should be just the thing. \$6.50



Extreme left—For cool winter mornings give her a quilted satin robe in a pastel shade lined with matching or contrasting satin—\$14.75 Others \$9.75 to \$150

If she likes reading in bed—a soft, woolly little shoulderette with ribbon ties and angora trimming in pink, blue or orchid would be a sensible frivolity. \$5

And don't forget—Our Special Lingerie Values continue all this week!

F U R S

... and the Fur Salon knows it and is prepared with an unusually comprehensive selection. For instance, Hudson Seals are \$245 up—then there are the beaver and raccoon and black Persian and caracul families—so important this season. So whether you plan giving her a \$5,000 mink coat or that \$245 Hudson Seal, the Fur Salon is the place.

The Fur Salon, Sixth Floor, North, Wabash



Give her Beaver if she looks lovely in brown, and who wouldn't in the deep velvety softness of a Field beaver coat! \$565

Give her Raccoon if she is one of those persons who loves to be out of doors in the very coldest weather—and if you want her to have a coat which is hard to wear out. \$295



Give her Black Caracul if you want her to look slim and sleek, if you want her to have a coat that is as ultra smart as that new princess line frock she's wearing, \$985

Give her Black Persian lamb if you want her to have a coat with the virtues of caracul—and the economy of Persian. \$625



Give her Hudson Seal if you want her to have a coat of superb wearing quality, and smartness which lasts season after season—the one pictured, \$265

She will like **GLOVES!**

Costume Gloves by Alexandre

If she likes lunching and having tea with a certain degree of formality give her a few pairs of Alexandre-made costume gloves to match her afternoon ensembles. In various styles and costume colors, \$4.50 to \$6

Tailored Kid Gloves

If she is a conservative—and a fastidious one—we suggest fine quality kid gloves with contrasting welts and pearl clasps. In many desirable winter colors including brown, beaver, tan, beige, gray, black, white. \$2.50

Warmly Lined Gloves

If she likes to walk, or skate or drive her own car she would appreciate these: Fur-lined mocha Slipon in beaver and gray—\$8 Mocha one-clasp lined with seamless knit wool. Beaver and gray. \$5. Capekin with strap, seamless knit, wool lined. Black, brown, gray. \$5

First Floor, South, State

Also in the Evanston Store and
West Suburban Store, Oak Park



SEE MR. POLITICS SMILE IN INDIANA ROAD PROJECTS

Dry-Klan Clique Again Is Bidding for Favor.

BY HAL FOUST.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 3.—[Special.]—A peek under the hood of Indiana's highway plans shows Mr. Politics smiling.

The highway department a few days ago announced 1,953 miles of roads for future addition to the state system. An analysis of the announcement indicates it is a bid for public favor by a clique that rose in public office during the power of the Anti-Saloon league and the Ku Klux Klan.

No new trunk lines are included in the proposed additions. They consist of 85 widely distributed roads, acquired almost without exception by local traffic only.

Just How Scheme Works.

Indiana seems to have torn a leaf from the rule book of former Gov. Len Small of Illinois, who knew so well the political advantage of road promises, regardless of how vague.

This is the example of how the scheme is designed to function. The administration announced that at some indefinite time it will include in the state system the road between Hebron and Knox, in the northern part of the state.

So long as the villagers of Hebron and the townsmen of Knox believe there is a fair chance of the state improving this 30 miles they will favor perpetuating the administration.

Municipal elections last month showed that the discredited dries and kluxers are in disfavor throughout the state. The spring primary for seats in congress is only five months away. A big program for the extension of the state highway system is announced from the capital.

When Klan Ruled Legislature.

Gov. Harry G. Leslie, who was speaker of the house when the Klan and Anti-Saloon league ruled the general assembly, has reorganized the highway department in his year in the executive mansion. John D. Williams, who was the stumbling block in the rule of D. C. Stephenson, former Klan dragon, serving a life sentence for murder, was replaced as highway director by John J. Brown, formerly the governor's secretary. Albert J. Wedekind, who was looked upon kindly by the Anti-Saloon league while a legislator, is chairman of the highway board.

Ugly rumors were circulated in protest against the removal of Williams. There was a state-wide grumbling. An announcement was made of plans for the addition of 10 miles to the state highway system.

George E. Herschman, Crown Point, said yesterday that it was the Klan that caused him to resign as a state highway commissioner while the attack was being made on Williams.

Dries Lose Their Influence.

"This vacant promise of 2,000 more miles of the state highway," Mr. Herschman continued, "was prompted in part by a desire to justify the removal of Mr. Williams. He would not take orders from the Klan."

The Klan and the dry leaders, as organizations, have lost their influence. It is political groups they helped to develop that remain.

In the 2,000 mile extension of the highway system Lake county, Chicago's neighbor, is given only seven miles, a road extending west of Crown Point to the Illinois line.

"Lake county, the second biggest taxpayer in the state, is being mulcted for the benefit of downstate," said W. J. McAleer, Hammond, lawyer and chairman of the Tenth district Republican committee. "The Indiana industrial district is finding itself in the same position as was Cook county under Gov. Small."

Gary Man Not Alarmed.

Col. A. P. Melton of Gary, a new member of the state highway commission, was not alarmed by the situation. "It may be six or seven years before additions to the highway system are improved," he said. "In the meantime the state is going to build a new 40 foot highway from Michigan City to Gary at a cost of \$1,500,000. Construction will start next year."

Highway Director Brown was more polite in his reference to the prospects of any of the 2,000 miles being paved within the next few years.

"Will you finish paving the existing system before working on the proposed additions?" he was asked.

"The priority of construction," he

IF I WERE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

The Tribune invites witty, brief statements describing what you would do if you were President of the United States. The invitation is to Tribune readers everywhere. Address: Government Editor, The Tribune.

Editor: If I were President, I would recommend the issuance of government securities for future financing that would be suitable for individuals and small banks, rather than the present plan which seems to be suitable only for large interests.—Homer C. Blair, Albion, Mich.

Editor: I would do all in my power to have Canada annexed to the United States. I think it would be wonderful for both countries.—Mrs. A. Mc.

Editor: I would endeavor, through the national legislative bodies, to have passed a law forbidding individuals or corporations from publishing daily newspapers in more than one state and thus obviate the danger of monopolizing control of public opinion. D. B.

Editor: I would make a wire cage for the bunch of senators who have frittered away the senate's time with a lot of farces too numerous to mention and give each a thundering big sack of peanuts, cage them, and leave them there and let them eat peanuts there and let them eat peanuts there and lobby on these farces to their hearts' content, so the rest of the senate can do something worth while.—E. N. Kring, Fairbury, Ill.

Editor: If I were President I would pass a law to entitle every one who works for one year or more in the same place to two weeks' vacation with his regular pay.

Editor: I would induce Big Bill to relinquish his office, telling Bill that he would be honored by having a new holiday named in his honor. It would be called "Resignation day." L. J. K.

Editor: I would open the doors of our country to the immigrants from Sweden, Denmark, Finland, Norway, Germany and also Great Britain, and at the same time cut the ratio of the Italians and their Fascists. The Nordic races all prove to be a hard working, law abiding, patriotic people. F. P. Johnson.

replied, "will be determined by our opinion of the needs of traffic."

"What is your program for 1930 construction?"

"It would not be expedient to publish a program," Mr. Brown said.

Indiana has 5,100 miles in its state highway system as mapped by former Director Williams and approved by the bureau of public roads in 1923.

CONSTIPATION THE CAUSE OF BAD SKIN

Get Natural Relief With Kellogg's ALL-BRAN

Rid yourself of constipation! The longer it lingers, the greater the poisons it sends through your body—poisons which can undermine your health and lead to many serious diseases.

The work of constipation shows in the face—pimples, puffy or swollen cheeks, dark circles. It brings headaches. Causes spots before the eyes. Unpleasant breath. But you can get prompt relief and prevent it! Begin eating Kellogg's ALL-BRAN today.

After all else has failed, thousands have regained their health with Kellogg's ALL-BRAN. Because it is 100% bran, it is 100% effective. Part-bran products bring only "part" results.

Doctors recommend it—and Kellogg's ALL-BRAN is guaranteed. Just eat two tablespoonfuls daily—chronic cases, with every meal.

Ready-to-serve with milk or cream. You will like its crispness and flavor. Use it in cooking. Sprinkle into soups. Made by Kellogg in Battle Creek. Served by hotels, restaurants, dining cars. Sold by all grocers.

Kellogg's ALL-BRAN

The Gift that Came from SPAULDING-GORHAM, Inc. Michigan Avenue CHICAGO Oregon Avenue EVANSTON

What will you send this Christmas?



PEARLS for Necklaces or Additions

GARY RUMRUNNER POINTS OUT 21 AS BOOZE PLOTTERS

Identifies Official and Policemen on Trial.

An Italian youth wearing a yellow sweater sat nonchalantly on the witness stand in Federal Judge Slick's court at Hammond yesterday afternoon and rapidly identified twenty-one of the twenty-two defendants in the first of the Indiana liquor trials, as men with whom he had had liquor dealings.

John Gregori, 23 years old, was the witness, and it is principally by his testimony, together with corroborative evidence, that United States Attorney Oliver Loomis hopes to convict the twenty-two of conspiring to violate the Volstead law. Gregori's life has been carefully guarded for three months, since he was threatened with death after he told his story to

a grand jury, according to the government.

Witness Is Fearless.

But yesterday Gregori showed no fear as he sat facing the double row of men he came to testify against. He told a long story of his bootleg enterprises in Gary, and as he came to the name of a defendant, he unhesitatingly stepped from the witness stand and tapped the accused on the shoulder or pointed a scornful finger at him.

Those he identified were Special City Judge Thomas Galasini of Gary, Police Lieutenant Frank Galloway, Sgt. Bud Ingersoll, Roy Keel, Henry Prohl, John Papp, Oscar Salsman, Charles Wampler, and Robert Book, and the following alleged bootleggers: Steve Kish, Peter Laterzo, John Roman, Alex Santi, Albert Smelko, Frank Marshall, Joe Sannicola, Frank Bocca, Frank White, a Negro, John Russo, William Harding, and Santoro Necca, all of Gary. He could not identify Peter Sul, another alleged bootlegger.

Gregori may have been hazy on dates or places, but he was certain in his identifications. His job was to deliver alcohol, whisky or wine, according to the orders of his different bosses and he kept a careful notebook and remembered faces, conversations and the amounts of cash paid. He was perhaps more positive of the amount of bribe money he said he had paid to policemen than anything else.

Gregori was on direct examination at the hands of Mr. Loomis for more

than two hours and had been under cross-examination for about an hour when court adjourned. He will resume the witness stand this morning. His was the only testimony heard after short opening statements by both the government and the defense.

Concerning his own record, Gregori testified that he had the equivalent of two years in high school, he had worked in a coal mine and then in a Gary mill; then, four or five years ago, he began his bootleg career.

Gregori said his first employer in that business was Rocco Laterzo, 1331 Washington street, Gary, and he jumped quickly off his chair to point out Peter Laterzo, Rocco's son, as his associate in the alky peddling.

"We delivered moonshine," he declared.

"Was it fit for beverage purposes?" Mr. Loomis wanted to know. "Fit?" repeated Gregori. "Well, they drank it, and they could get drunk on it. It was 180 proof," moon.

Tells of Police Bribe.

Gregori then testified that he left Laterzo to work for Anne Laterzo, a sister-in-law of Peter, because the cops got "too hot." While working for Anne he met Sgt. Book, whose name heads the list of conspirators. He gave Book \$15 when the "copper" asked me to come across," he said, and later gave him some wine and \$10.

Alex Santi and Santoro Necca, two of the principal defendants, were Gregori's next employers, he said. This firm obtained alcohol from Chicago Heights, Calumet City, and Lansing,

Ill., and he testified he drove over their route several times each week. He delivered to Sannicola, Kish, Smelko, Bocca, White, and Harding, he said, pointing to each of these defendants in turn. And some time in 1928 he met some Gary police officers, giving them booze or watching while they accepted money from his bosses, according to his testimony.

Gregori named Police Sergeants Prohl, Salsman, Wampler, Papp, and Lieut. Galloway as conspirators. The lieutenant came to the Santi-Necca headquarters at 1605 Van Buren street, Gary, to get some alcohol, but didn't pay for it, he said. Santi was the pay-off man, Gregori explained, and he made a trip off the stand to point out his former employers, who gazed at him.

Borrowed Lawyer's Car.

Special Judge Galasini was Santi's lawyer, Gregori claimed, and told of witnessing a meeting between the two when Santi borrowed the lawyer's sedan to take a load of booze to Michigan City.

Santi was arrested some time after Gregori quit work and Necca, the other partner, blamed Gregori for it, saying, "We ought to take you for a ride for that," according to the testimony.

COAL MINER'S INJURIES FATAL.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 3.—(AP)—Peter Tomasi, 68-year-old coal miner of West Frankfort, Ill., died in a hospital here yesterday from injuries he suffered several weeks ago when a piece of slate fell on his head while he was working in the Old Ben mine.

LOSSES IN AUTO SALES SWINDLE SET AT \$500,000

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 3.—[Special.]—John M. Bailey, president of Bailey Motor Sales, was charged with obtaining \$278,548.50 under false pretenses in a warrant issued today in Recorder's court.

Losses from the manipulations of Bailey allegedly will reach \$500,000, of which the Union Investment company, an automobile finance organization, will bear a gross amount of \$238,000. The rest is divided among other finance companies and hundreds of individuals who purchased automobiles from Bailey.

Notes turned in by Bailey to cover car purchases were used as collateral by the Union Investment company to guarantee loans, and certain Detroit trust companies used this collateral as the basis for gold note issues, it is said.

Bailey is accused of defrauding the company by double financing his deals. He represented cash deals as delayed payment deals, reporting fictitious sales and fictitious purchases, and juggling his checks from one account to another.

He is alleged to have obtained money from the investment company to cover the purchase of 315 cars. Later he received money for supposed sale of the cars. Investigation has shown that the cars were never bought.

AVOID UGLY PIMPLES

Does a pimply face bother you? Get a package of Dr. Edwards Olive Tablets. The should begin to clear after you have taken the tablets a few nights. If you are like thousands of others, help cleanse the blood, purify the liver with Dr. Edwards Olive Tablets, the successful substitute for calomel; there's no sickness or pain after taking them.

Dr. Edwards Olive Tablets, that which calomel does, and does as effectively, but their action is gentle and safe instead of severe and irritating.

Thousands who take Olive Tablets never cured with a "dark brown" face, a bad breath, a dull, listless, "no pep" feeling, constipation, torpid liver, bad disposition, pimples, etc.

Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound, known by their olive color. Dr. Edwards spent years among patients afflicted with liver and bowel ailments and Olive Tablets are the immensely effective result. Take one for a week. See how much better you feel and look. 10c, 25c, 50c.

No Physic Needed

to restore normal function. REGULIN will do it. Harmless as Salt. Write for details. REGULIN 41 E. Canal St. NEW YORK

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THIS IS VICTOR TONE WEEK

All this week, thousands of people are investigating for themselves the startling VICTOR-RADIO TONE TEST. This is the test that, by performance and comparison, definitely establishes Victor-Radio Tone supremacy. At all Victor Dealers—now!

ONCE you hear Victor-Radio TONE, the very word radio takes on a new meaning. For this is the completely new standard of value by which modern radio is being judged... TONE PERFECTION surpassing all previous Victor achievements... an amazing new high-mark in TONE QUALITY! for all time!

Sensitive and selective almost beyond belief—incidentally powerful—so simple a child can operate it—here is the radio that you can truly live with for years... that makes no compromise with purity of tone.

In no way need you make the slightest allowance, for Victor-Radio TONE is flawless through the entire musical scale... at any volume! You will be as proud of your Victor-Radio as every music-lover was of a Victrola 20 years ago!

Believe nothing but your own ears. Listen to music! Operate the Victor-Radio yourself. Compare it, point for point, with any radio at any price. Judge it, most carefully, for TONE—the final reason for buying any musical instrument. Don't wait! Hear the Victor TONE-TEST today!

Remember that you can have the Victor-Radio separately, or with the sensational new Electrola... a new conception of music from both air and records... the music you want when you want it!

Now—easy for anyone to buy

There is no need to be content with less. Thanks to unlimited Victor resources and manufacturing skill, the price of every Victor model is scarcely greater than that of the most mediocre set. And most Victor dealers have financing plans that enable you to have Victor-Radio at once on a small payment.

No Christmas happiness can be greater than this, at any price. Place your order now. Don't put off a single day having the triumph of Victor-Radio in your home! Victor Talking Machine Division, Radio-Victor Corporation of America, Camden, N. J., U. S. A.

Hear the amazing VICTOR-RADIO TONE-TEST



Victor SUPER-AUTOMATIC STATION SELECTOR. Just slide the knob to right or left... you have the station you want.

MICRO-SYNCHRONOUS Victor-Radio with ELECTROLA

PHONE LURE FOR ROTHSTEIN NOT McMANUS' VOICE

Cigar Stand Boy Testifies at Murder Trial.

New York, Dec. 2.—[Special.]—A voice over the telephone was injected today into the trial of George A. McManus for the murder of Arnold Rothstein. It was the voice that delivered the message which the state contends lured the gambler to his death wound in the Park Central hotel on the night of Nov. 4, 1923.

Al Scher, a pallid youth, told of the telephone call. He had been the cashier in Lindy's, a restaurant reported to by Rothstein on the night of the shooting. Between 9 and 10 o'clock that night, as nearly as Scher could recall it, he had been at his post, back of the cigars, cigarettes and imported candies. One of the two telephones jingled. Scher picked it up. "Would the witness please tell the jury what was said?"

Scher hitched around toward the jury box. "Well," said the witness, "the party wanted to speak to Arnold Rothstein. I said the party's not in. I said would the party care to leave a message. I'd take it, if so. The party said it was George McManus."

Given Message to Rothstein.

Scher halted there. Assistant District Attorney George N. Brothman gently prodded him. "What else?" he asked.

"Well," continued Scher, "the party said as soon as Mr. Rothstein came in tell him to call up room 349 of the Park Central."

Shortly before the witness took the stand James D. C. Murray, attorney for the defense, had conceded that McManus, under the name of George Richards, had rented room 349. Scher, continuing his testimony, said he delivered the message to Rothstein. Then Mr. Murray took the witness in hand.

"This voice over the telephone," he said, "did you recognize it as that of this defendant, George A. McManus?"

"No, I didn't," replied Scher.

Q.—If it had been the voice of George McManus you would have recognized it, wouldn't you? A.—Yes.

Q.—It was not the voice of McManus, was it? A.—No, it was not.

Defense Lawyer Beams.

The lawyer beamed. He had had occasion to smile with satisfaction earlier in the session during testimony which enabled the jury to catch a glimpse of the way the police functioned in the investigation of Rothstein's death. Detective Patrick Flood, former Detective Joseph Daly, and Detective John F. Cordes had described it. Flood admitted that a newly married couple, who had occupied room 347, heard nothing on the night of the shooting.

The defense sought to show that all of the guests on the third floor of the hotel had not been interviewed. Then Detective Cordes took the stand. It was to him that McManus voluntarily surrendered before his indictment for the murder.

Police Work at Cross Purposes.

Cordes was subsequently demoted for failing to take McManus' fingerprints at the time of the arrest. Today, he explained why. He said he had taken the suspect to District Attorney Joseph H. Banton direct on orders of the late Police Commissioner Joseph A. Warren.

Cordes testified that when Mr. Banton had ordered McManus placed under arrest and directed that he be arraigned before former General Sessions Judge F. X. Mancuso, he had protested, saying he had pointed out that he must fingerprint the prisoner or violate the police regulations. The arraignment went through, however, with Cordes making the prints later.

HURLEY IS EXPECTED TO SUCCEED GOOD AS SECRETARY OF WAR

[Chicago Tribune Press Service.]

Washington, D. C., Dec. 2.—[Special.]—Acting Secretary of War Patrick J. Hurley of Oklahoma, looks as an almost certain selection as secretary of war to succeed the late James W. Good.



PATRICK J. HURLEY

Information from the White House tonight said that Mr. Hurley has a lead over all other candidates and probably will be offered the cabinet vacancy within the next few days.

The President's desire to please the south by placing a southerner in his cabinet gives Mr. Hurley a big advantage.

Mr. Hurley's military record and experience in war department affairs has won him the support of the American Legion and advocates of an adequate army. Hurley was born on an Oklahoma Indian reservation and during his career has been a cowboy, farmer, oil operator, lawyer, business man, and citizen soldier.

The President had decided to have a waterway man in the war department portfolio, but according to indications today he has decided that Mr. Hurley will be able to carry out his inland waterway expansion program satisfactorily.

Edward N. Hurley, head of the Hurley Machine company and wartime head of the United States shipping board, and Bernard J. Mullaney, vice president of the Peoples Gas, Light and Coke company, left for Washington yesterday to attend this week's prosperity conference with President Hoover.

JOSEPH MEDILL BUST READY FOR HALL OF FAME

A bronze bust of the late Joseph Medill, founder of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE, was completed yesterday by Oskar J. W. Hansen, sculptor, and will be sent today to the editors' hall of fame at the University of Illinois. The hall of fame was organized last year under the auspices of the Illinois Press association. Mr. Medill was one of the first four editors selected by a committee representing the association.

The others were Elijah P. Lovejoy, abolitionist editor who was assassinated in 1837 at Alton; Victor Lawson of the Chicago Daily News; and Henry W. Clendenin, publisher of the Illinois State Register at Springfield. Mr. Hansen recently completed a bust of Mr. Lovejoy, the first to be placed in the hall.

LINKS HUSBAND, WIDOW IN NIGHT PARTY ON YACHT

Broker's Wife Calls Butler in Divorce Trial.

New York, Dec. 2.—[Special.]—Midnight parties aboard a yacht, cocktails and endearing names figured in testimony given today in the Supreme court at the trial of Mrs. Bonnie Arnold's divorce action against her husband, Ray H. Arnold, a wealthy broker.

Mrs. Arnold named as co-respondent, Mrs. Margaret Crenshaw West, widow of Stuart P. West, financial writer.

Thomas Berry, Negro butler, formerly employed by both Arnold and Mrs. West, was the one who testified about yachting expeditions, cocktails and other details. He said that Arnold had lived in Mrs. West's home at Crestwood, near Scarsdale, in 1927.

Both in Scanty Attire.

The butler also testified he served "cocktails and sandwiches" aboard the Arnold yacht, Bernice, in June and July, 1927, and that both Mrs. West and Arnold were in "scanty attire."

The same summer, the butler asserted, he heard the pastor of a church address Arnold as Mr. West, and said Arnold did not correct him.

There was testimony from the butler, too, that Martha West, Mrs. West's daughter, called Arnold "daddy" and so on, during other excursions.

The divorce action is only one of the numerous suits which the Arnolds, both giving their address as 270 Park avenue, have instituted against each other and various persons connected with their affairs.

He Files Counter Suit.

Arnold has filed a counter suit for divorce, charging his wife with misconduct with three men, one of them Charles Haan Jr., one of Mrs. Arnold's attorneys.

As far back as Sept. 27, 1923, Mrs. Arnold threatened to begin suit against Mrs. West for \$1,000,000, charging alienation of her husband's affections.

After that Mrs. Arnold's divorce suit was filed, and with it came Mrs. Arnold's counter suit.

SENTENCED FOR BRIBERY ATTEMPT.

Two Mothers, Ia., Dec. 2.—[AP.]—Frieda gully to attempting to bribe a federal officer, Gabriel Augustus and Gabriel Peck, of Chicago, Illinois, were sentenced to a year and a day in Leavenworth penitentiary and fined \$500 each by Federal District Judge C. A. Dever, here today.

For Christmas

Musical gifts for all will be found in our beautiful array of new Holiday stocks. Prices are invitingly low—terms most convenient. Make it a musical gift from Conn.

SAXOPHONES

Corn E-Flat Alto Saxophone, complete in case \$111.50
Soprano, Inc. \$111.50
Piano Accordeons \$111.50

Pan-American Saxophone, complete in case \$111.50
Case included \$111.50
2 1/2-yr. guarantee, highest quality accordeons. Beautifully decorated in hand paint, 4, 5, and 6 sets of reeds in base, 120 bass model priced at \$237.50. Others up to \$250.

CONNELL'S
CHICAGO BRANCH
62 East Van Buren
Between Wabash and Michigan

Peck & Peck Gifts

to prove that luxury need not be linked with great expense!

"Give her something with a charming bodice and a short bolero effect"

LIFE is real and earnest since the days of "Bull Run" and the perfect Xmas gift is a changed creature! Luxurious it may be but it must also be practical. Prestige it must have but price is also important.

These Peck & Peck gifts express the new spirit perfectly! Gifts they are whose taste is unquestioned. Gifts they are that will rest as do your wishes close to those on whom they're bestowed. And in spite of their small cost each has the aura of smartness that is always associated with Peck & Peck.

Store Open 9 A. M. Until 6 P. M.

"Chicago's Largest Exclusive Furriers"

MILLER & CO.

616 S. MICHIGAN AVE. NEAR BLACKSTONE HOTEL

A Real Scoop--

THE "fur coat of your dreams" AT JUST ABOUT HALF PRICE

NEW YORK'S FINEST FUR MAKERS (who asked us not to use their name in our advertising) heavily overstocked because of the recent break in the stock market—forwarded to us 174 marvelous fur creations, with instructions to close them out way below the original cost of making. Most of these fur coats were special orders for the elite society women of New York, who were unable to accept these garments due to heavy losses in the stock market. It will be a treat just to look them over—try them on. It is truly an opportunity of a lifetime to obtain

	Sizes	Was	Now
White Ermine Cape—with White Fox	38	\$2500	\$1595
White Ermine Wrap	18	\$1500	\$850
Eastern Mink Coat	38	\$4500	\$2500
Eastern Mink Coat	40	\$3500	\$1950
Natural Mink Coats	18-42	\$2500	\$1250
Black Caracul Coat—with Chinchilla	36	\$2500	\$1450
Black Persian Lamb Coat	36	\$950	\$675
Black Persian Lamb Coat	38	\$750	\$450
Black Persian Lamb Coat	40	\$695	\$350
Gray Krimmer Coats	18-38-42	\$500	\$325
French Lapin Coats—Imp. Models	14-18-38	\$295	\$165
Hudson Seal Coats—with Mink	38-42-44	\$750	\$450
Hudson Seal Coat—with Marten	40	\$550	\$350
Hudson Seal Coats—with Pers. Lamb	38-42	\$700	\$425
Natural Ermine Coats	14-18-38	\$1000	\$595

Note: The above is only a partial list of the many fine fur values.

SPECIAL TERMS:

To those who wish to use our Extended Charge Account we will give 6 months or more to pay for their furs while wearing them. A small deposit will hold any fur coat for 30 days, or longer if necessary. **SPECIAL TERMS DURING THIS SALE!** You can trade in your old furs in part payment on new.

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38-40 Michigan Avenue, South
946 North Michigan Boulevard

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No. 2, Daily to the EAST

Le Chicago, 11:00 a. m.
At 14 W. 302 p. m.
Cleveland, 8:55 p. m.
Erie, 11:45 p. m.
Scranton, 11:30 a. m.
Newark, 11:15 p. m.
New York, 3:50 p. m.

Chambers—Luggage—Lounge Cars
Sleeping Cars and Coaches
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Lowest Fares

Cleveland, \$11.28
Erie, 14.45
Scranton, 24.65
Newark, 26.77
New York, 30.70

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MANGOVER

SOUL OF THE CITY MANNERS

By MAX LIEF

"Amusing, vivid, and the perfect low-down on Broadway. It's a swell book."—Samuel Hoffenstein (author of Poems in Praise of Practically Nothing.)

Sound Printing, \$2.50

ROBERT L. FRIEDMAN, N.Y.

THE NEW BISMARCK SANDWICH SHOP & SODA FOUNTAIN

At the Soda Fountain

You'll find served sandwiches that set a standard never before realized. Combined with an exceedingly quick service, there are all manner of tasty dishes. And almost needless to say you'll find an irreproachable cleanliness. Just the place for a quick luncheon—and one that is most moderate in price.

ENTRANCE THROUGH METROPOLITAN BUILDING LOBBY

North La Salle Street



Hard Surface
through Atlanta to Florida
Highway between Atlanta and Chattanooga, Tenn., now hard surfaced, affording perfect roads south via Atlanta. You'll enjoy a few days here at the Atlanta, "The South's Supreme Hotel." 600 outside rooms (smallest 12x20 feet), each with private bath, circulating ice water, full length mirrors, large closets. Children's outdoor playground—golf for our guests. Write Room 128 for booklet, "Points of Interest in Atlanta."

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ATLANTA, GEORGIA
10 days stop over on all railroad tickets

MARINE COAL

Saves You Money
QUALITY
POCAHONTAS MINE RUN
\$7.10
Per Ton

In FULL LOADS
City limits north of 79th St.

MARINE COAL CO.
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Your Grandfather
—and
—grandmother
probably kept
Laxative
BRO-
MO Quinine in their
home. Its reputation as a
remedy for colds and headaches
has been handed down
through two generations. Re-
fuse substitutes.

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Grove's Laxative BROMO QUININE
Tablets
Successful Since 1889



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Open Every Sunday and Evening Until Christmas
Christmas Offer
For Every Member of the Family
6 Morrison Photographs **\$5**
Regular \$20 Value
An attractive (large size) Etching Portrait will be included free with each order placed before Dec. 16.
Present this advertisement.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE

2 IOWA YOUTHS TAKE HONORS IN STEER CONTEST

Record Crowd of 55,000 Attends Stock Show.

BY PAUL POTTER.

(Pictures on back page.)

Two strong lads from Iowa, who were crowned grand champion and reserve champion ribbons on their steers exhibited at the International Live Stock exposition in the face of adult competition that caused the judges considerable weighing, measuring, and pondering.

Elliot Brown, 20 year old Rose Hill farm lad, took the purple ribbon of the show with his Aberdeen Angus calf, Lucky Strike, after years of previous feeding and exhibiting at this show. Waldo Monaghan of Miles, whose Angus steer had previously won the junior feeding honors, was given the reserve ribbon.

Steers to Be Auctioned.
The next trip of Lucky Strike will be to the auction block and following the show custom he will be transferred after Thursday's sale into the highest priced beef in the world.

Record attendance was reported again yesterday as 55,000 visitors passed through the gates to the live stock and grain show. Notables of the agricultural world were in attendance, including Secretary of Agriculture Arthur M. Hyde, who also attended a meeting of agricultural editors in Chicago. Mrs. Robert F. Lamont, wife of the secretary of commerce, watched her son defeat a large field in winning the grand and junior championships in the Hereford bull classes, with Matador from his ranch at Larkspur, Colo. Matador also won first for yearling calves.

Canada won back the wheat title yesterday, when Joseph H. B. Smith, Wolf Creek, Alta., was made wheat king of the world, with superior exhibits of the hard red spring grain.

Indiana Wins Corn Honors.
True to predictions, Indiana nosed out Illinois and Iowa, leading corn producing states, for the corn honors. L. M. Vogler, Hope, Ind., who won the honor in 1925, is corn king again, beating a neighbor, C. E. Troyer, La Fontaine. Vogler succeeds Rome Workman, Waverly, Ill. John L. Pfants, Hannibal, Mo., won the title for a single ear of yellow corn.

Agricultural schools scored heavily again in the swine awards, University of Wisconsin sweeping the fat York shire classes. Ohio State university and Iowa State college vied for honors in the fat Hampshire judging, while C. D. Streeter of New Windsor, N.Y., won the grand champion shorthorn bull title with his Edelyn Favorite.

MISS COOKE VICTOR

Miss Hilda McCormick Cooke drove to victory with Halcyon Favorita and Walkreth Gertie in the ladies' harness ponies event last night at the horse show of the International Live Stock exposition. The team is owned by the Aaron M. Frank Farms of Portland, Ore. The same organization's hunter, Loughspring, won the blue ribbon and Halcyon Favorita took first honors among the single harness ponies.

Last night's winners were:
DRAFT HORSES—First, Wallace and Bronco, owned by Wilson & Co.; second,

Eight and Shamrock, Union Stock Yard and Transit company; third, Tip and Tom, Sweet Briar farm; fourth, Silver and Tom, B. H. Moore; fifth, Hopper De and Oreo, Union Stock Yard and Transit company.

HARNESS HORSES—First, Queen Elizabeth, owned and driven by Mrs. A. C. Thompson, Chicago; second, Buckley Yella, Aaron M. Frank farm; third, Princess Mary, Nathan I. Jones, Salina, Kas.; fourth, Glenavon Halo, Mrs. M. Vandervelt Church, Newport, R. I.

FIVE GAITED GELDINGS—First, Boston Woolf, owned by Charles E. Fisher, Detroit, Mich.; second, Aaron M. Frank farm; third, The Lark, driven by Miss Ardene Binka, owned by H. D. Binka, Oak Park, Ill.; fourth, Trille Night Light, H. D. Binka.

ROADSTERS—First, Lillian Lydia, owned by Dr. D. A. Orth, Chicago; second, Brunswick, Charles E. Fisher, Detroit, Mich.; third, Pege De Forest, Dr. D. A. Orth; fourth, Gid Aaron, W. D. Alexander, Bloomington, Ill.

HANDICAP—First, Light Commander and Corinne, owned by Nathan L. Jones; second, Corbin Flash and Sadie Buster, William E. Doe, Chicago; third, Woodcliff Surprise and Dragon Fly, Mrs. M. Vandervelt Church; fourth, Scottish Bile and Deep Throat, Mrs. A. C. Thompson.

THREE GAITED SADDLE HORSES—First, Peerless Princess, owned by Harold Palmer, Groves Point, Mich.; second, Prince Loree, Miss Mayer, Chicago; third, Spanish Don, owned by Sunjay farm, River Forest, Ill.; fourth, Golden Lad, Hamilton Stables, Kenilworth, N. J.

LADIES' HARNESS PONIES—First, Halcyon Favorita and Walkreth Gertie, driven by Miss Hilda McCormick Cooke, owned by Aaron M. Frank farm; second, Miss Milla and Sir Knight, driven and owned by Miss Mary Fier; third, Furor and Palanga, owned and driven by Mrs. William E. Doe; fourth, Trille Night Light and Trille Twilight, driven by Miss Ardene Binka, owned by H. D. Binka.

HUNTERS—First, Loughspring, owned by Aaron M. Frank farm; second, Jumping Jack, John R. Thompson; third, Elrita, Harry McNair; fourth, Tiny Tim, Harry G. Goelitz.

The polo team of the 134th field artillery defeated the Fort Sheridan team by a score of 8½ to 2½.

ILLINOIS WOMEN HEAR REPORTS BY G. O. P. OFFICIALS

Ruth McCormick Praises Hoover, Explains Tariff.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 3.—[Special.]—

The opening session of the convention of Illinois Women's clubs today was devoted largely to reports of stewardship by Republican officials. Mrs. Ruth Hanna McCormick discussed the work of congress, and paid a high tribute to President Hoover. Although she did not favor the nomination of Mr. Hoover at the Kansas City convention, she said, her judgment is that the Republican party served the country well in naming Hoover as its candidate.

Discusses Tariff Situation.

Commenting on the failure of tariff legislation at the short session, Mrs. McCormick said: "The debate in the senate has drawn fire and criticism, but when you stop to consider the geographical position of those men who are fighting for the particular interests of their states, it makes a complicated situation more clear and understandable. As long as our congress legislates it must be so. A tariff bill must, therefore, be a compromise. It is called log rolling. One group votes for schedules in exchange for votes on other schedules. It may be in time we will take the making of a tariff bill out of congress and turn it over to a nonpartisan or bipartisan commission."

Governor Discusses Suffrage.

Gov. Emmerson also addressed the convention. "Extension of suffrage to women," he said, "brought no revolution in politics or government. The women of Illinois very wisely started out to learn politics from the ground up, just as they had mastered the smaller tasks of business before aspiring to executive positions. You have now covered the ground work and your future in affairs of government depends entirely upon your ability to organize and upon the faithful performance of those whom you see fit to elevate to public office."

work, task of plans to beautify the highways of the state, and the convention voted to appoint a committee of women, one from each county, to cooperate with his department. The convention also authorized committees to cooperate with state authorities in welfare work, public health, agriculture and conservation.

Dr. Andy Hall addressed the convention on the question, "How Many Criminals Can One Taxpayer Support?" He advised compulsory sterilization of criminals and the mentally unfit. He referred to the smallpox situation in Illinois as disgraceful and urged compulsory vaccination.

This evening there was a reception at the executive mansion.

NEW FAST SERVICE to NEW YORK



The only radio-equipped train in the Chicago-New York service

THE MAPLE LEAF

Lv. CHICAGO (Dearborn Station) : 9:05 a. m.
Ar. NEW YORK (Pennsylvania Sta.) : 10:35 a. m.
24½ hour service

A CONVENIENT departure
An hour from Chicago via South Bend, Battle Creek, Lansing, Flint, Port Huron and Niagara Falls. Morning arrival at the Pennsylvania Station, in the heart of New York City. Great scenic route.

Luxurious solarium-parlor-lounge car, radio-equipped, with individual head phones, gives you all the entertainment and news of the day as you travel.
For reservations and complete information, apply to

CITY TICKET OFFICE

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TELEPHONE RANDOLPH 8770

Consolidated Ticket Office, 163 W. Jackson Blvd.—Wabash 4600
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GRAND TRUNK CANADIAN NATIONAL

In Connection with Lehigh Valley Railroad

\$1,000
\$10,000
\$25,000 } Your Goal?

Let us show you the modern way to achieve it

THOUSANDS of people have found a satisfactory solution of the problems involved in building a cash reserve for the future in the Harris Trust Savings and Life Insurance Plan. Regular payments over a definite period not only build an attractive cash reserve, but provide life insurance and other valuable features. Ask anyone in our Savings Department for details or use the coupon below.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Harris Trust and Savings Bank

Organized as N. W. Harris & Co., 1882 - Incorporated 1907

Capital and Surplus, \$11,000,000

Savings Department Open Saturdays Until 3 P. M.

Savings Department

HARRIS TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK
115 West Monroe Street, Chicago

Please send me a copy of your folder, "How 8,000 People are Creating Reserves of Over \$11,000,000," describing the Harris Trust Savings and Life Insurance Plan.

Name _____
Address _____



Thrill Your Boy On Christmas Morning

With The Gift He Will Welcome Most

Give Him A
Lionel Electric Train

Marvelous railroad!—so life-like!—so colorful!—realistic in detail and performance—so close to every boy's heart.

The first gift you select for that boy of yours should be a Lionel electric train. Let him enjoy the thrill of model railroading. See the new flashing signals, tunnels, switches, crossing gates, semaphores, and all the other accessories that make model railroading as delightful to every boy.

There's only one real model electric railroad—and that's LIONEL! See the new "Distant Control" electric and steam-type locomotives (electrically operated) at your local dealers!

THE LIONEL CORPORATION, Dept. 97, 15-17-19 East 24th St., New York City

LIONEL ELECTRIC TRAINS

MULTIVOLT TRANSFORMERS

APPLETON'S

N. E. CORNER STATE & RANDOLPH STS.



CHARMING FROCKS

Buy Two \$15 Fashions For the Price of One

2 for \$15

Unusual Collection of New Silhouettes in Afternoon Dresses Street Dresses Business Dresses Black, Brown, Blue, Green, Dahlia, Canton Crepes High-Necked Georgettes New Prints—Dressy Satins

Smart Lorgnettes

Specially Priced at \$6.50



Sterling Silver They Fold



For shopping, restaurant, theatre, dress and semi-formal occasions . . . or whenever you wish to make use of glasses—a smart practice—use Oxfords or Lorgnettes. This useful eyewear folds compactly; can be worn suspended from cord or chain and is satisfied with small pocket space.

Schulte

"Glasses that Grace the Face"

*17 W. MADISON
*138 NORTH STATE
*139 SOUTH STATE
*116 S. DEARBORN
*OPEN till 6 P. M.

IN PARIS IT'S LUCILE PARAY
IN NEW YORK IT'S "Wear-Right"



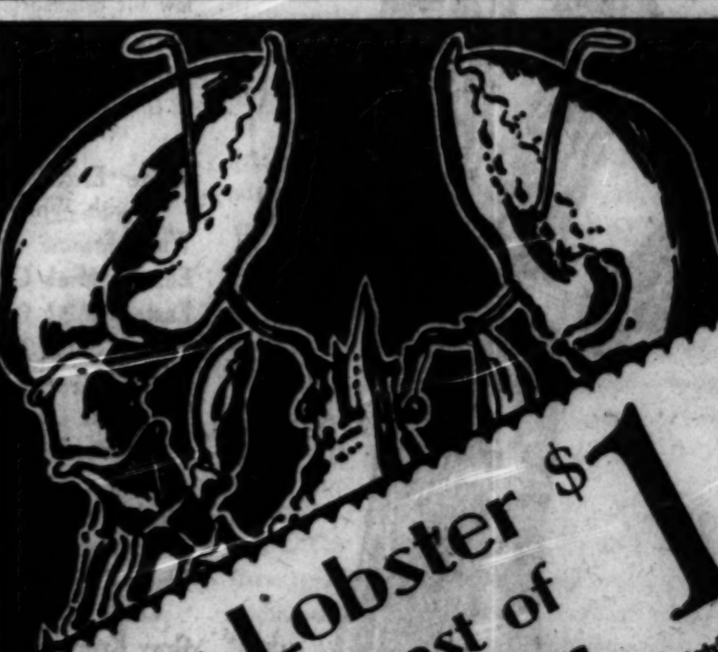
The Smart Gift for the Discriminating Woman

"Wear-Right"

GLOVES

Youthful-Sophisticated-Moderne

at your favorite shop



Baby Lobster \$1 or Breast of Guinea Hen
A la Carte—7 A. M. to Midnight

BREVOORT RESTAURANT

BREVOORT HOTEL Madison St. East of La Salle

Table d'Hôte \$1.25 and \$1.75 evenings—also from noontime on Sundays. Music every evening by The Brevoort Ensemble.

No one was ever disappointed in a Brevoort Dinner

SCHRESON MUST DEFEND LICENSE AT TRIAL TODAY

State Medical Board Will
Hear 3 Charges.

Dr. Henry J. Schreson goes on trial this morning before the medical committee of the state department of health and registration, charged with fraud, perjury and gross malpractice.

The charges were filed by First Assistant Attorney General Harry A. Ash, who stated yesterday that he and Assistant Attorney General William C. Chasman will be ready to prove the charges.

The prosecutors claim that Schreson, who is described by Mr. Ash as a "man of the state of Illinois," is guilty of three charges, any of which if proved is sufficient to bring about the revocation of Schreson's license to practice medicine.

The first charge is that Schreson was not a man of good moral character when he obtained his license, that he was an ex-convict. The second is that Schreson resorted to fraud in obtaining the license, and made false statements in his application. The third is that he was guilty of malpractice in the performance of an operation upon Miss Sadie Holland, resulting in the loss of her legs.

Schreson, through an imposing array of counsel, including Benedict J. Bork, criminal lawyer, skilled in technicalities of the law; Burrill J. Cramer and Joseph E. Willner, yesterday filed an answer to the charges, denying each of them.

The hearing will be held in the office of the department at 130 North Dearborn street, and will be in charge of Mr. M. L. Harris, chairman of the medical committee. Dr. Harris is also

ACCLAIM PETRILLO MUSICIANS' UNION HEAD FOR 2 YEARS

James C. Petrillo yesterday was returned by acclamation to the presidency of the Chicago Federation of Musicians for a two year term. His associate union officers also were re-elected by acclamation, and these include Carl A. Baumana, vice president; Edward A. Benkert, recording secretary; Charles A. Runge, treasurer, and Otto Slemers, sergeant at arms.

Petrillo became a member of the musicians' federation in 1917 and five years later he was elected president of the organization. He is now starting his eighth term as president and, until this election, the by-laws of the union of musicians provided a one year term. It was announced the musicians intend to revive plans to erect a permanent home and office building on the site of the present union headquarters at 175 West Washington street.

president of the American Medical association. The other members of the committee are Dr. Gilbert Fitz Patrick, Dr. Arthur Geiger, Dr. W. H. Gilmore, and Dr. John Neal.

Chicago Boy Appointed to U. S. Naval Academy

Washington, D. C., Dec. 3.—(AP)—J. Palmer Kilroy of Chicago and Lyle M. Blohm of Beardstown, Ill., were appointed midshipmen at the United States Naval academy, Annapolis, by Senator Deneen [Rep., Ill.] today. The boys made the highest grades in the examination conducted by the civil service commission Oct. 26, when 43 applicants participated.

CHICAGO STRIKES SNAG IN WATER DIVERSION FIGHT

War Chiefs Tell Beebe
They Favor Reduction.

[Chicago Tribune Press Service.]
Washington, D. C., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Unexpected opposition to extension of the life of the 1925 war time permit under which the Chicago sanitary district diverts 8,500 cubic second feet of water for sanitation purposes was encountered by Walter Beebe, counsel for the district, when he appeared before war department officials today.

While Acting Secretary of War Patrick J. Hurley and army engineers assured Mr. Beebe that a water diversion would be continued for the present, they made it plain that the war department believed some "reasonable reduction" in the amount of water authorized to be withdrawn from Lake Michigan should be made.

No announcement was forthcoming from the war department as to how much of a reduction was desired. Neither did the department reveal when it felt the reduction from 8,500 cubic feet to something in the neighborhood of 7,500 feet should be put into effect. It was indicated, however, that the army engineers were considering making the reduction effective on Jan. 1, the day after the present permit expires.

Confer with Hurley.
Attorney Beebe, together with Senators Charles S. Deneen [Rep., Ill.] and Otis F. Glenn [Rep., Ill.], conferred for more than an hour with Mr. Hurley. Later Mr. Beebe spent

an hour with Lieut. Col. Edmund Daley, the army engineer who is advising Maj. Gen. Lytle Brown, chief of engineers. Following his conference with Daley, Mr. Beebe left Washington for Chicago, taking with him the details of a new tentative permit for submission to the sanitary district board.

While no details were given out regarding the new proposed permit, it is apparent that the war department desires to arrange for a gradual reduction of the water flow from Lake Michigan.

The sanitary district in a brief filed today with the acting secretary of war asked for extension of the permit allowing 8,500 cubic second feet until the United States Supreme court has rendered its final decree setting the date when the Chicago sewage treatment program should be completed and fixing the water diversion necessary for maintaining navigation on the Chicago river.

Lower Reduction Gradually.
The army engineers feel, however, that steps should be taken to lower the reduction gradually as the sanitary district completes various units of its sewage plant system. There was no indication that the army engineers favored any reduction as low as 4,500 feet in the immediate future.

Damages caused by the present high water in Lake Michigan were cited by Attorney Beebe as proof of his contention that extension of the permit, instead of working a hardship on navigation, would actually benefit it.

SHOWMAN IN CITY SEEKS GETZ AS BUYER FOR WHALE

Bill Rice, a veteran showman of Los Angeles, arrived in Chicago yesterday for the avowed purpose of attending the thirty-ninth annual convention of the International Association of Fairs and Expositions at the Rensselaer hotel, but with an underlying secret determination to sell to George F. Getz a nicely embalmed whale.

"I'm the world's only whale salesman," stated Mr. Rice, halting a moment the rehearsal of the sales talk he intends putting up to Mr. Getz. "I go out and catch 'em near William Wrigley's Catalina Island and stuff 'em ready for market."

Mr. Rice thinks a prime whale would be a good drawing card for Chicago's 1933 World's Fair and hopes he can persuade Mr. Getz to agree. And if Mr. Getz needs, in addition, a few choice monkeys to use for replacements at his South Haven zoo, why Mr. Rice has them also, three hundred to select from, at his Los Angeles monkey farm. The convention closes tonight with a banquet at the Palmer House tendered by the Showmen's League of America.

\$1,200 WORTH OF BEER STOLEN.
Ledy Sturman, committed merchant at 1201 West Lake street, discovered upon opening for business yesterday that burglars had broken in the previous night and departed through a rear window with 100 crates of beer, valued at \$1,200.

Hours for Business until Christmas—8:30 to 6 MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY

THE STORE OF THE CHRISTMAS SPIRIT

HANDBAGS \$5

In an unusual event which could not be more timely or offer better values at

We can't speak too strongly about these Bags. They are unusual—they are well-made—they are produced in the newest and smartest styles! In fact—they are the most attractive values we have ever offered at a price that makes it advantageous to purchase now for Christmas giving.

The collection includes styles in box calf, suede, and some in seal, also others in snake. Colors are black, brown and green with the exception of the snake which comes in beige and gray—and there are a number of other models besides those sketched.

FIRST FLOOR, MIDDLE, WABASH
also in our West Suburban Store, Oak Park, and in our Evanston Store.



Hours for Business until Christmas—8:30 a. m. to 6 p. m.

MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY

Never before have we made
such early

MILLINERY REDUCTIONS

Groups of hats in each room—including some of our latest and loveliest models—have been radically reduced very early this year. Come in and choose while the collection is still very large.

THE FRENCH ROOM

\$15

A group of imported hats and copies greatly reduced for clearance.

THE DEBUTANTE ROOM

\$10

Paris hats and some Paris inspired ones made in our own workroom.

THE AMERICAN ROOM

\$5, \$9

Many of our finest handmade hats in all materials and many colors.

SPORTS AND STREET ROOM

\$2, \$3.75

Including hats in a great variety of new styles—off-the-face, berets and turbans.

THE \$10 HAT ROOM

\$5

A group of hats, including many smart felts and soles in black and colors.

THE UNTRIMMED HAT ROOM

\$2, \$3.75, \$6

A collection of hats in the popular styles and new costume colors.

THE JUNIOR HATS

\$1.75, \$2.75, \$3.75

Even a number of smart little junior hats of all types have been reduced.

THE FIFTH FLOOR • JUNIORS—THE FOURTH FLOOR

Illinois Central

—only railroad with
its own rails from
Chicago into the South

TWO
DAILY TRAINS
SERVING
ALL FLORIDA

"SAVE TIME
WHERE
TIME COUNTS"

Only One
Full Day

to Florida The Floridan

Finest and Fastest.
Enjoy a leisurely
luncheon in Chicago. Leave on the Floridan at 2:45 p. m. for a delightful trip. Arrive in Southern Florida before breakfast. Only one full day away from business and pleasure. All-steel. All-Pullman. Through to Miami daily. Through Pullmans to West Coast. In service Jan. 1, 1930.

The Seminole All-year to all Florida. Finest Pullman accommodations to East and West Coasts. Magnificent Club Lounge cars—coaches. Leave Chicago 10:25 p. m.

Winter Vacations Pay

Two Weeks of Sunshine \$185.06 up from Chicago

Let us tell you how you can enjoy two glorious re-vitalizing weeks in beautiful Florida for as little as \$185.06 and up. Other attractive plans for wherever you wish to go in the Sunny South.

USE THIS COUPON

J. V. LANGRAN, Passenger Traffic Manager
Illinois Central System, Chicago, Illinois
Send without cost to me all information regarding:
☐ Florida ☐ Georgia ☐ Alabama ☐ Cuba ☐ Mexico ☐ Panama Canal and other foreign lands
and/or ☐ Individual itineraries ☐ Four weeks of Florida ☐ Southern itineraries for \$185.06 up ☐ Special low fares to _____
Name _____
Address _____

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City Ticket Office, 100 West Jackson Bldg. Phone Wabash 4020, Local 77
Rensselaer Street Ticket Office in Michigan Bldg. Phone Central 7249
Central Station Ticket Office, Michigan at River Street
Ohio Street, Ohio Street, Ohio Street, South Chicago and Kensington
District Passenger Agent, 328 South La Salle Street Phone State 6213-6214-6215-6216

Illinois Central THE ROAD OF TRAVEL LUXURY

STOP DUMPING OF U. S. AUTOS! IS BRITISH DEMAND

Commons Worried Over Stock Slump.

BY JOHN STEELE.
(Chicago Tribune Press Service.)
LONDON, Dec. 3.—The efficiency of the American automobile trade and alarmist stories that owing to the Wall street slump, restricting the home market, American manufacturers are preparing to export 1,000,000 cars next year, is causing great alarm to British manufacturers. A reflection of this was seen in parliament this afternoon when William Graham, president of the board of trade, was questioned as to what he intended to do.

Col. Howard Bury, Conservative, wanted to know if, in view of the fact that 1,000,000 American cars might be dumped on the European market and the conference in Brussels on Dec. 10 to try to establish a quota system for the import of American cars, he would take steps to have the British government represented.

Britain Will Not Act.
Mr. Graham replied that the conference was one for motor manufacturers' organizations and the government, therefore, had no standing and would not be represented. He also said it was a very debatable point whether any such dumping was likely to take place.

Replying to a question by Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister, his predecessor on the board of trade, as to whether he would use the anti-dumping legislation still in existence since the immediate post-war days, Mr. Graham said the government already had made it perfectly clear that it would not support protective legislation of any character.

Mr. Graham was further heckled about the new Australian tariff. He said that was none of the business of the British government.

U. S. Tariff Under Fire.

Other questions referred to the United States tariff. Mr. Graham said that no formal protest had been made, but some data submitted to the government by British manufacturers had been communicated to the United States authorities.

He was then questioned about the proposal he himself made at Geneva at the tenth assembly of the league of nations for a two year tariff truce. Mr. Graham said this proposal was embodied in a resolution of the league assembly, which contained an invitation to members of the league and nonmember nations to attend a conference in Geneva at the end of January. The invitation was accepted by Great Britain, but he did not know if it had been accepted by any others.

Aviation Notes

England and France are ahead of the United States in the number of military aircraft, according to Capt. Earl M. Duncan, air officer of the Sixth Corps area, who yesterday addressed the military intelligence association meeting in the Hotel Sherman. The United States air force will be increased measurably, however, when the five year program of expansion for the army air corps is ended, he said. "By the close of 1932," Capt. Duncan said, "we will have an army air corps of 1,850 flying officers, 500 reserve officers on active duty and 15,000 enlisted men."

Colonial Airways, operating from New York to Boston, Montreal and Buffalo, and Western Air Express, flying from Los Angeles to Kansas City and along the Pacific coast, announce substantial reductions in passenger rates to encourage winter travel by air.

BANDITS HOLD UP BARTLETT BANK, KIDNAP CASHIER

The State bank of Bartlett, a Cook county hamlet five miles southeast of Elgin, was robbed of \$2,000 late yesterday by two shotgun bandits who kidnaped the cashier to facilitate their escape.

The robbers, both young, entered the bank at 3:45 p. m., fifteen minutes before the closing hour. They drew their weapons from under their overcoats and backed the cashier, Herbert Schnadt, 29 years old, and the clerk, Eric Ledewig, 21 years old, into the directors' room. Twelve year old Carl Sandecker, who came in to make a deposit, was forced to join the employees.

When one bandit had scooped all the cash in sight into a canvas bag he signaled his confederate, who beckoned Schnadt out of the directors' room and locked the door on the clerk and the boy. With their guns again concealed and the cashier between them, they stepped quickly to a sedan parked half a block away, drove half a mile north to the Lake street road, and there ejected Schnadt. The car then sped toward Chicago.

Youth Shot in Row with Girl Boarders' Visitors

Albert Cichy, 20 years old, 1909 West Erie street, was shot in the abdomen and perhaps fatally wounded last night by one of two brothers, Steve and Eugene Lewandowski, who had called to visit Miss Mary Pacen, 17 years old, and Rose Rasmussen, 16, boarders at the Cichy home. The girls declined to see the brothers and sent Cichy out to tell them to be gone. An argument and the shooting ensued. The brothers fled and Cichy was taken to the county hospital. The Lewandowskis were later arrested in their home at 1254 West Chicago avenue.

CONFESION SOLVES MURDER.
Findlay, O., Dec. 3.—(AP)—The mysterious murder of Mary Emma Hemple, 20, at Gilboa, O., a year ago, was solved today, according to Prosecuting Attorney Marcus C. Downing, by a voluntary confession of the crime from Silas R. Wagner, an inmate of the county home here.

LIFT IRON HAND OFF PRESS! POPE TELLS MUSSOLINI

New Controversy Widens Church-State Rift.

BY DAVID DARRAH.
(Chicago Tribune Press Service.)
ROME, Dec. 3.—Pope Pius XI. again has accused Premier Mussolini of gagging the Catholic press in Italy and of muffling all discussion of the Lateran treaty in an address to a group representing the diocesan junta of Rome.

The pontiff's speech was reproduced fully in the Vatican organ, *Osservatore Romano*, last night, and appears likely to renew the bitter controversy between the church and the state on the eve of King Victor Emmanuel's state visit to the pontiff, which is scheduled for Thursday.

The pope's vehement protests were uttered in connection with a new book just published by Miss Roli, a Fascist journalist, called "Date A Seal," or "Render unto Caesar."

Church Terms Whittled Down.
This book is based on official documentation and shows that the church's first demands in its negotiations for settlement of the Roman question were whittled down to nothing before the Lateran pact was actually signed. For instance, it shows that the church first demanded five square miles of territory for the Vatican City, whereas in the final terms the Vatican City consists of only about 100 acres.

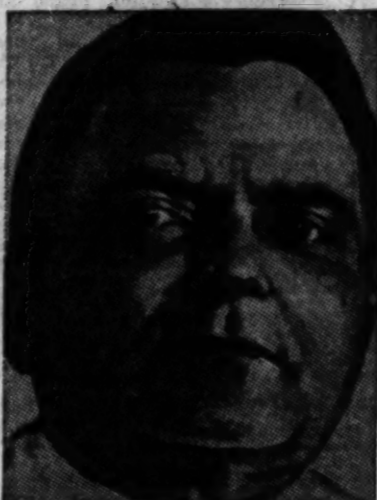
The book caused a sensation and

was resented by the Catholic papers. Premier Mussolini's press bureau issued a statement denying that Roli's book or the articles in the Fascist press about it were official or authorized, but the pontiff asserts that there is nothing to show that the Fascist government does not thoroughly approve of the book.

"Denied Right to Reply."
But while the Fascist papers are printing their side of the controversy,

the Catholic papers are denied the right to reply. The pontiff maintains, "You know how difficult it has become, if not to say impossible, for our Catholic papers, which are edited by people from which nothing is to be feared, to speak of the pope or to defend his prerogatives and rights," the pope said. "It has been impossible even to mention the Lateran treaty or to express the pope's viewpoint about its meaning and interpretation."

SAYS "BARBER SHOP'S NO PLACE FOR A COUGH"



MR. JOSEPH CANDREVA

Uses REM himself

Mr. Joseph Candreva of 610 6th Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., runs a barber shop and knows from experience how customers avoid a coughing barber. When he himself happened to get a cough, he tried several things for it, but with little success until he tried REM. He bought it at Rubin's Pharmacy on 6th Ave.—and in a remarkably short time his cough was much better. Later on, his wife had an equally satisfactory experience with REM, so that now Mr. Candreva gladly states "REM's the best cough medicine ever." Thousands of others, also, have found out by experience that REM's exclusive formula is different and better than ordinary cough syrups. You'll find it out too, by asking your druggist for REM.

REM's best advertising
is the recommendation
of grateful users



CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS

Five Fur Coat Fashions which are very Fine Values

Fur coat prices are significant only when pelts and workmanship are of the finest, and done with plenty of chic. . . . We don't like to brag, but we are proud of the fashion-values in this five-fold collection. . . . You will be, too, when you wear them!

The FACTS —quickly—

- LAPIN
(Rabbit)
Honey Beige or Beaver
\$165 to \$310
- CARACUL
(Lamb)
Black, assorted sizes
\$265 to \$595
- MUSKRAT
Silver and Natural
\$135 to \$350
- HUDSON SEAL
(Dyed Muskrat)
Plain or trimmed
\$250 to \$650
- RACCOON
Misses' sizes only
\$295 to \$550
- FUR SECTION
FIFTH FLOOR.

Store Open 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Until Christmas

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Phone State 6939

Announce their greatest sale of

English, French,
Italian and Spanish
Interior Furnishings
and Objects of Art

From the Ancestral Castles of
THE COUNTESS OF CRAVEN
COMBE ABBEY, WALES.

THE EARL OF BREADALBANE
Taymouth Castle, Perthshire, England
and Others

THE BARONESS MONTAGUE
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Venice, Italy
And Other Heirlooms from Various Estates

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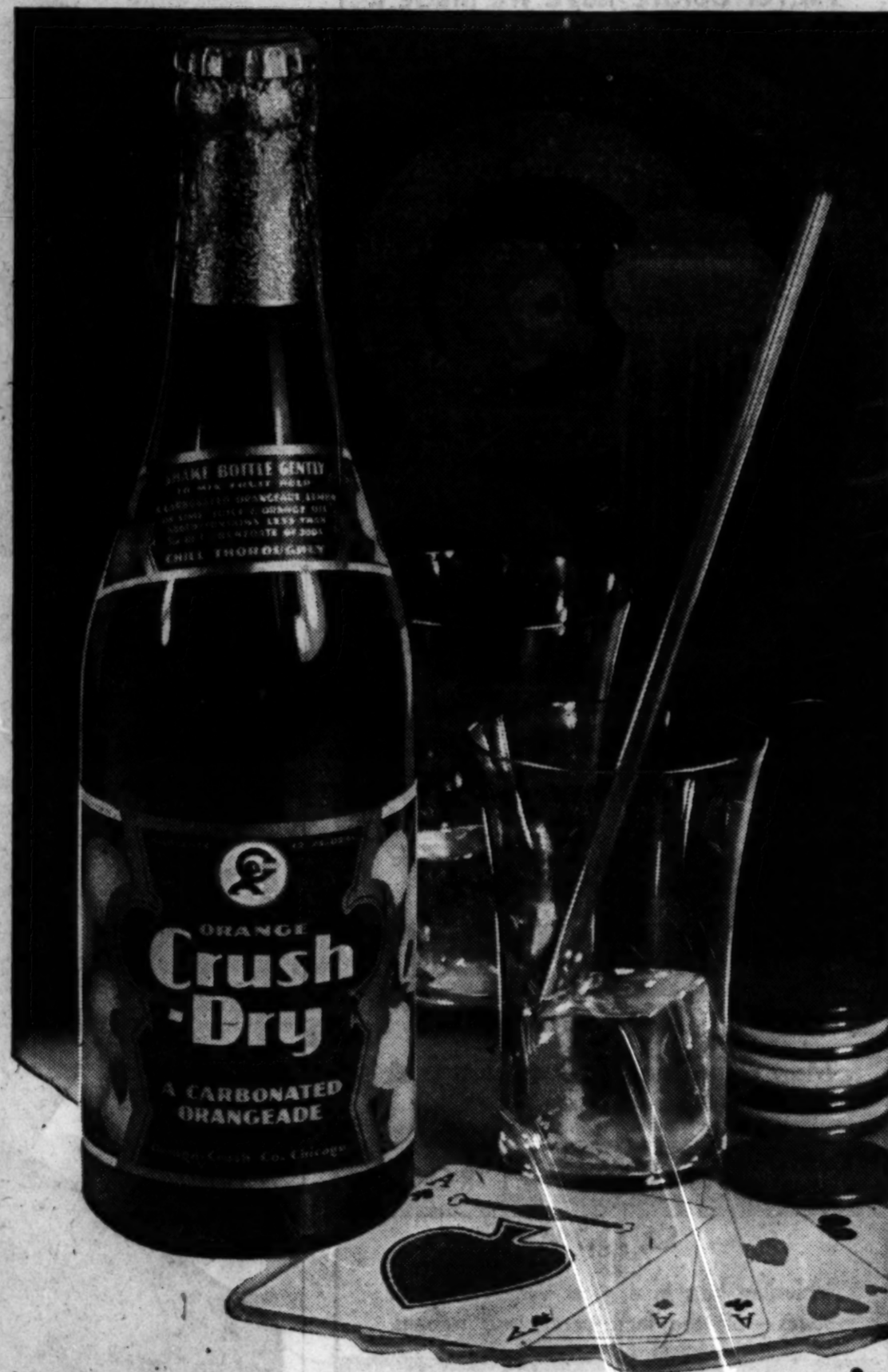
AUCTION

Beginning at 2 P. M. today
and continuing each day at the
same hour until all lots are sold

The collection embraces Furniture, Tapestries, Armor, Aubusson and Savonnerie Rugs, Vases, Lamps, Bronzes, Needlepoint Pieces, China, Brocades, etc., etc. All to be sold at auction to the highest bidder.

Goods on Display Daily Until 1 P. M.

Catalogues on Request



PAT "Straight" or otherwise, Orange Crush-Dry is unbeatable. Its sparkling cheer fills the house with gayety.

And what a flush of pleasure comes with quaffing this fresh rich golden orange juice . . . carbonated for pure mischief and piquant with a knowing dash of lemon. It's the ace of beverages—the "dry" with a natural fresh fruit juice flavor. For convenience, buy it by the case.

IN THE EBONY BOTTLE AT ALL GOOD STORES

Tune in Orange Crush-Dry Party Station
K Y W 9:30 P. M. Every Saturday

ORANGE Crush-Dry

CARRY ON WITH THE TRIBUNE!



Who owns the family car?

Who owns the family car? Bleak winter mornings usher in days of sleet and snow. Around eight you drive off to work in the family car. Winter won't bother you on the way. But at eighty-thirty your children start their dreary tramp to school.

Your wife goes shopping. She walks. Slippery sidewalks invite broken limbs. Shopping and visiting become trials of nerve. She can't comfortably go anywhere. Home becomes a prison, a breeding place for winter nerves.

A good used car would change all this. Your school-bound children wouldn't have to trudge through slush. Your wife wouldn't have to take chances on life and limb every time she goes out.

Good used cars are easy to get through Tribune Want Ads. There you can find every type and make listed. Many are almost as good as new. All are serviceable. Many can be bought out of income. Let your family's health and happiness induce you to consult Tribune Want Ads today for a good used car.

Every day Chicago holds its

USED AUTO SHOW

in the Chicago Tribune
WANT-AD SECTION

SCIENTIST TENS OF IT NEW YORK

Mechanical Wonders
Shown Engineers.

ST TOM PETTEY.

New York, Dec. 3.—(Special).—This morning's exhibition of the National Exhibition of Mechanical Wonders at the Grand Central station, was a most interesting one. The exhibits were arranged in a series of booths, each devoted to a different branch of mechanical engineering. The exhibits were arranged in a series of booths, each devoted to a different branch of mechanical engineering.

The exhibits were arranged in a series of booths, each devoted to a different branch of mechanical engineering. The exhibits were arranged in a series of booths, each devoted to a different branch of mechanical engineering.

Optics, Rubber and Hair.

There are between four and five tons of dust in the air over the city, according to Dr. Free. In addition to various elements of dust, he has found bits of cotton, cotton fiber, rubber from tires, and even human hair in the city's atmosphere.

During his researches Dr. Free made all counts in different sections of the city during the day and night. On July 18, 1928, he reported he found the maximum count—850,000 particles in a cubic foot of air. The minimum count was made on July 2 of the same year when only 15,000 particles were found in the same amount of air.

Many Nations Represented.

The second day of the engineering convention found delegates of various nations in different sections of the city. The delegates were from various nations of the United States and many foreign countries. Tomorrow the delegates to the American Society of Refrigerating Engineers, who will meet at the Hotel Pennsylvania, and members of the Power Transmission association, which will be in session at the Hotel Commodore.

The power show in the Grand Central station is interesting even to a woman. Three floors are filled with the latest innovations of a machine.

There are huge power units occupying a space larger than many apartments.

Exhibitions shown at the exposition, I was explained by those in charge, illustrate that fuel now produces ten times as much power as it did ten years ago.

SONS OF REVOLUTION OBSERVE ILLINOIS 111TH ANNIVERSARY

The 111th anniversary of the admission of Illinois to the Union was commemorated last night by the Sons of the American Revolution at their annual banquet in the Hotel La Salle.

Dr. E. E. Free of New York university revealed this to the audience, but explained that by living in a penthouse on top of a skyscraper one could find clean air.

The university scientist's findings after six months of counting and analyzing dirt particles in various sections of the city were not very reassuring to Manhattan. They also showed the significance to the city of starting devices among the mechanical exhibits that fill three floors of the exhibition hall.

YOUNG REDS TO FACE TRIAL FOR RAZZING ELDERS

Cleveland, O., Dec. 3.—(AP)—Freed today on \$100 bond each, eleven members of the Young Workers' Communist league, who, with twenty-one children, were somewhat successful in shouting down a city council meeting last night, will face charges of disorderly conduct in police court next Tuesday. It was decided today.

The twenty-one children will be summoned into police court Thursday to receive a lecture from one of the police judges.

Among the communists put on bond were Lillian Andrews, 21; Lida Dixon, 20, and Victoria Kenton, 19. Miss Andrews was less than two weeks ago was convicted on a charge of criminal syndicalism under a wartime statute.

The council meeting disturbance started when a resolution was introduced by Mayor John D. Marshall to give the Boy Scouts organization a requested use of the council chambers.

Miss Andrews requested that the use of the room be given to the Young Pioneers of America, the children's branch of the Young Communist league, instead of the Boy Scouts, who, she said, were "reactionary."

Then the uproar started.

Return Papers Stolen

from Evanston Home

Dr. Sidney B. Freud, whose residence at 112 Harvard avenue, Evanston, was robbed of clothing and jewelry worth \$300 on Nov. 24, received in the mail yesterday a package containing his bank book, check book, and personal papers taken with the other loot. An unsigned note said the thief had no use for the papers and expressed thanks for the other items.

FEDERAL COURT AID IN SMOKE DRIVE SOUGHT

Will Ask Permission to
Sue Receivers.

Frank A. Chambers, chief city smoke inspector, announced yesterday that he will petition the federal court for permission to sue receivers, appointed by the court, when violations of the smoke abatement ordinance are charged against the buildings in the custody of the receiver. Chambers was informed that he can be held in contempt of court if he brings suit without the consent of the court.

The first case, Chambers said, will be in the nature of a test suit. If the court decides favorably on his petition the city will be in a position to sue the receiver for polluting the air with dense smoke. Such a decision, also, according to Chambers, will tend to make other receivers more careful in regard to the ordinance's provisions as they will be unwilling to have the court informed by Chambers' action, that they are violating the law.

Twenty violators of the smoke ordinance have been summoned by Chambers to appear at his office Friday to explain first offenses. Those ordered to appear are:

John Nichols, 7047 Stony Island avenue. Armour & Co., 31st and Benson streets. South Shore Club apartments, 3375 East 70th street.

Banner Cleaners and Dryers, 1740 East 75th street.

Northwestern Bank garage, 4423 North Western avenue.

C. F. L. Hammond & Sons, 4521 Ogden avenue.

L. A. Ferguson, vice president of the Commonwealth Edison company, for violation at plant at 5501 South Crawford avenue.

East Beach, 3455 North Cicero avenue.

J. S. Martin, 740 North Michigan avenue.

Peter Petropoulos, 400 East 63d street.

Kim Valish, 1307 East 70th street.

Joseph H. Oster, 3710 Douglas boulevard.

B. Debes, 1645 South Lawndale avenue.

Harro hotel, 6246 Western avenue.

Kennedy Laundry company, 1718 East 75th street.

Madison park hospital, 7531 Stony Island avenue.

Charles W. Reilly, 6707 North Clark street.

Martin Smola, 1421 South Kedzie avenue.

Arnold Chemical company, 1750 North Tripp avenue.

Joseph Kulp, 6858 South Shore drive.

At the hearing Chambers will warn these violators that a suit will be started by the city on the next offense.

CONSTIPATED?

Take Dr. NATURE'S REMEDY

—tonight. Your eliminative organs will be functioning properly by morning and your constipation will end with a bowel action as free and easy as nature at her best—positively no pain, no griping. Try it.

Mild, safe, purely vegetable—no dragging—only 25c.

FEEL LIKE A MILLION, TAKE

NR TO-NIGHT

TOMORROW ALRIGHT

REFORM NEEDED IF U. S. CAN SAVE TIMBER RESERVE

(Chicago Tribune Press Service.)

Washington, D. C., Dec. 3.—(Special).—Despite the government's forest conservation efforts, the last great reservoir of virgin timber in the United States is being depleted under conditions that involve "deplorable wastes of raw material," as shown in the annual report of Robert Y. Stuart, chief of the forest service of the department of agriculture.

Largely because of the pressure upon private owners of forest lands to liquidate as rapidly as possible enormous stores of timber, especially in the Pacific northwest, are slipping away, Mr. Stuart declared. The only way to stem this waste, in his opinion, is the formulation of a constructive public policy that will readjust the lumber industry to a timber growing basis.

The pressure to liquidate has resulted in plant expansion and has created a condition of market instability and chronic price depression often approaching demoralization," the report stated.

"Any improvement in the demand for lumber is the signal for increased production. The result is that the last great reservoir of virgin timber is being depleted under conditions that involve deplorable wastes of raw material and at a more accelerated rate than is in the best public interest."

That the Pacific northwest forest region is preeminently characterized by the pressure to liquidate is shown by the chief forester in the volume of Pacific coast lumber moving eastward through the Panama canal. These shipments, relatively insignificant prior to 1921, amounted to 1,864,000,000 board feet in 1928. Seventy-two per cent of this volume came from mills in the state of Washington.

Condemned Hatchet Killer

Is Refused New Trial

Ulysses Mack, Negro hatchet slayer of Gary, Ind., who is under death sentence for the murder of Miss Josephine Odorick of Gary, was denied a new trial yesterday by Circuit Judge Grant Crumpacker at Valparaiso.

DROUTH, THREAT OF WATER FAMINE AT LOS ANGELES

(Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 3.—[Special].)

Los Angeles' water problem has become a matter of such concern, due to depletion in the city's main water sources, that the municipal water bureau was reorganized today.

Rains in southern California did not reach normal in 1928, and for the so-called "wet months" of October, November, and December, 1928, the precipitation has been almost nil. This situation, to a community of 1,200,000 souls, totally dependent on rains and melting snows of distant mountains, for domestic water, is considered alarming. The city already is drawing on its reserve water supply, stored in some twenty reservoirs at scattered spots, with 250 miles of aqueduct line leading to the city limits from Owens valley.

H. A. Van Norman, who has been head of the bureau of both power and electricity, today was removed as a double executive and assigned solely to the water department.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co

Store Hours 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

TIMELY GIFTS



FOR THE TRAVELER



Imported overnight case, covered with colored crease or Morocco leather; enameled fittings. In the 16 in. size.

\$70



Man's dressing case with compact black or natural ebony fittings is of black or brown walrus, black cobra or brown shark, priced at

\$20



Fitted suitcase with separate tray. Black cobra or brown shark-grain cowhide; colored fittings. 22 in.

\$42.50



Man's bag of black or brown walrus, leather lined, excellently made. Below 18 in., \$22; 20 in. size, \$23

\$23



Kit bag of elkhide in pigskin grain, leather lined, English box style. 22 in., left.

\$57.50



Sport roll of black, brown or russet, hand-boarded cowhide, 18 in., \$12.50; 20 in., \$13.50

\$13.50

Those fortunate souls who are free to be as restless and as globe-trotting as they please ask no better gift than one which aids their travels. And those of us who usually rack our brains to please them can now end our looking in a trice—and find so many fascinating things just made for travel that we shall probably give way to "wanderlust" ourselves.

The Luggage Shop on the First Floor, Wabash, supplemented by its "little sister" on the Ninth, is the Mecca of the enthusiastic traveler's desire.

First Floor, Wabash.
Ninth Floor, South, State.



Gladstone bag with half-strap and swing handle. Black and brown shark-grained cowhide. 24 in., \$26; 22 in. size, \$25

\$25



Wardrobe hatbox, black or brown Morocco grain or black cobra grain cowhide; 18 in., \$28.50

\$28.50



Wardrobe suitcase. Trays, hangers, shoe compartment. Convenient pullman size.

\$27.50

A COLD

As soon as you realize you've taken cold—take some tablets of Bayer Aspirin. Almost before your head can stuff-up, you feel your cold is conquered. Those aches and pains you felt coming on will suddenly subside. The relief is almost instantaneous! Even if cold has gained headway, and your temples throb and your very bones ache, these tablets will bring prompt relief. It is better, of course, to take Bayer Aspirin at the very first sneeze or cough—it will head-off the cold and spare you much discomfort. Get the genuine, with proven directions for colds, headaches; neuralgia, neuritis, sore throat, and many important uses.

BAYER ASPIRIN

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocristalline Salicylic Acid



SPECIAL!

Direct from Paris
French Imported
WIGS

of the finest quality, both in texture and shade. You will find these wigs ideal for both day and evening wear.

\$17.50

Paris' Favorite Hair Piece

The "FOLIES BERGERE"

This new hair piece covers the ends of the hair and can be instantly attached. Enables you to wear your hair "up" while it is growing. Come in and see it. You'll like it! You'll buy it!

Regular \$5.00 Value
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37 S. State St., at Monroe
MAIL ORDER SERVICE

ACID STOMACH?

ACIDINE never fails to relieve acidity, sourness, indigestion, heartburn, acid stomach, chronic constipation, head colds and acid rheumatism. It alkalizes, balances excess acid, keeps the whole digestive system sweet and clean.

ACIDINE is the only perfect, modern anti-acid which is combined with Japane, a powerful starch digestant, soothing to the stomach and intestinal membranes. Money back guarantee. At all drug stores, or write Health Laboratories, Inc., Pittsburgh, Pa.

ACIDINE

FELLOW JURISTS LAUD DAVID AND CONDEMN CRITICS

Rap Inquiry on Judge's Acts in Carroll Trial.

Superior Judge Joseph B. David blushed like a school boy through two hours of tribute to his "fearlessness, integrity, honesty, and ability" as fellow judges and politicians united in condemning the Chicago Bar association's investigation of his judicial conduct in the trial of Lieut. Phillip Carroll and his detective bureau squad for the murder of Octavius C. Grandy. The occasion was a banquet at the Covenanter club last night celebrating his re-election.

For two hours, the judge, who punctuated the Carroll trial with tempestuous outbursts, sat silent, alouching more and more into the chair as the eulogies grew. At the end he rose to stammer his thanks, and to confess that he had made mistakes. He concluded with: "I have never tried to let an injustice pass."

Circuit Judge Michael Feinberg led the rally.

Feinberg, Frances David. "Judge David has always fought for the underdog," he said. "His very soul rebels against injustice. Maybe he didn't restrain his actions—what of it?—so long as he is able, honest, and courageous. I deny the right of any self constituted spokesmen of the people to review his action. That is the right of the people and the people have spoken at the election."

Chief Justice Dennis Normoy of the Criminal court added: "He is the most fearless judge in Illinois. The association has said that and that he is honest and learned. What more do they need?"

State Representative Michael Igoe said that any one who knew Judge David need have no explanation for his conduct. Former Senator J. Hamilton Lewis praised him as a friend. President Cermak of the county board termed the judge an able jurist and a remarkable personality.

Judge Fisher's Analysis. Circuit Judge Harry Fisher made this analysis: "There is so much good in Judge David and so much of the other that it is difficult to present a picture of him. So keenly does he feel injustice that he breaks out with comment."

Others added their praises.

LOOT LOOP CLOTHING STORE.

Three burglars broke into Reynolds, Inc., a clothing store at 1 South La Salle street, early yesterday, removed 150 suits valued at \$2,500 to an automobile outside, and were seen escaping by an express man.

BANKERS REYNOLDS AND TRAYLOR RETURN FROM BADEN BADEN

New York, Dec. 3.—[Special.]—Jackson B. Reynolds, president of the First National bank of New York and chairman of the organization committee of the Bank of International Settlements, returned today from Baden Baden, where the meeting of the bankers was held. The other American delegate, Melvin A. Traylor, president of the First National Bank of Chicago, arrived later on another liner.

Mr. Reynolds denied that he was to head the Bank of International Settlements in event of its being accepted by the interested governments. He emphasized that the presidency of the bank had not been offered to him and if it were he would not accept it.

Mr. Traylor confined himself to the remark that "conditions in Europe were good."

It is expected that Mr. Reynolds and Mr. Traylor will confer tomorrow with J. P. Morgan and Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co., and Owen D. Young, who took part in drafting the new reparations plan last spring. The returning delegates are expected to start soon for Washington to confer with President Hoover.

TWO GO TO JAIL, 45 ARE FINED IN RUM PLOT CASES

Two men were sentenced to jail and 45 were fined in amounts ranging from \$50 to \$2,000 when 47 defendants in the Chicago Heights liquor conspiracy case entered pleas of guilty before Federal Judge Lindley yesterday. Of the remainder of 73 persons originally indicted, four were discharged on motions by Assistant United States Attorney Daniel Anderson and 23 have not been arrested or forfeited bond by failure to appear yesterday.

The two men given jail sentences, John Giannoni, sentenced to 6 months, and Thomas Perone, given a 90 day term, are alleged Capone agents charged with buying the alcohol made by the Chicago Heights ring. They face deportation as the result of two convictions each on bribery charges. Judge Lindley suspended prison sentences for the second offenses and placed the two on probation for a year following their release on the first terms. He said their conduct during the probationary period would determine whether or not he would recommend them for deportation.

The four men discharged were Rahne Carnlsen, John Costabile, Edgar Warren, and Mike Lascoff. Carnlsen and Costabile are former chiefs of police in Chicago Heights. Thomas D'Amico, accused of supplying alcohol cookers with 400 carloads of sugar per year while the ring was in operation, received the heaviest fine, \$2,000.

MILDER WEATHER WILL RETURN TO CHICAGO TODAY

Moderate weather will return to Chicago today, the weather forecaster, C. A. Donnel, promised last night. The mercury fell to 1 above zero at 7 a. m. yesterday, climbed to 18 at mid day, and was holding close to that altitude last night.

Mr. Donnel predicted the minimum reading this morning would be between 10 and 15 degrees, with a steady rise thereafter until the mercury attained its normal altitude of 30 degrees. Clear skies and a moderate west wind were expected.

Five casualties resulted from the latest cold wave. Michael Rackunas, 38 years old, and his stepson, Frank and Bernard Rudaltis, aged 16 and 10 years respectively, were asphyxiated by coal gas in their bungalow at 1341 South 49th avenue, Cicero. Streetous Skinner, 76 year old Negro, was found dead of exposure in his unheated room at 1346 Blue Island avenue. Fred Hill, 69 years old, also colored, was burned to death when his coat caught fire as he warmed himself over a stove in a filling station at 629 West Adams St.

Robbers Hold Up Couple; Shoot and Slug Husband

Joseph Cendrowski, 48 years old, 2301 Marshall boulevard, was shot in the thigh and alugged by two gunmen who held him up last night, while returning with his wife from a theater. The robbers met the couple in front of 2259 Marshall boulevard. When ordered to hold up his hands Cendrowski grappled with one of them. The other fired four shots, one shot taking effect. Cendrowski's antagonist struck him on the head with his gun. Both robbers fled without getting anything.

Patrick J. Sullivan New Senator from Wyoming

Cheyenne, Wyo., Dec. 3.—[AP.]—Patrick J. Sullivan, former congressman, late today was appointed United States senator from Wyoming to succeed the late Francis E. Warren. Sullivan, a Republican, was appointed by Gov. Frank C. Emerson, who announced that the new senator would serve until a successor is chosen at a special election to be held probably next month.

VISITING POLICE PLACED IN JAIL ON 2 CHARGES

Two members of the Downers Grove police force were sent to Chicago yesterday by their chief to testify at a trial, and the upshot of their expedition was that the two, Sergt. William Conway and Patrolman Leonard Butler, were locked up at Cragin police station last night while charges against them of knocking down a woman and assaulting and robbing a man were under investigation.

Mrs. C. R. Tillman, 1718 North Austin boulevard, informed police that "two wild men" had chased a third man through her flat, knocking her down as they ran by. In a back alley police found the two policemen struggling with Jacob Olsen, 5744 Irving Park boulevard, who declared the two assaulted and robbed him when he asked a direction of them as they sat in their car outside the Tillman home.

CHRISTMAS CHECKS MAILED. Kenosha, Wis., Dec. 3.—[Special.]—Twelve thousand Christmas savings club members are sharing \$438,000 in checks this week. Four banks began distributing the checks today.

FIVE TIMES MORE COD LIVER OIL

FIVE times more cod-liver oil was imported into the United States in 1928 than in 1923. Why? Because science at last found out why it is such a wonderful food- tonic for babies, growing children and overworked adults. More doctors prescribe it.

The pleasant, easy, and digestible way to take it is Scott's Emulsion which contains cod-liver oil, whipped into a thick cream, and flavored to make it taste good. Famous for over 50 years as a health preserver. Get your bottle today. Every household should use it daily.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

FAMOUS OVER 50 YEARS



The Chicago Tribune Is the World's Greatest Newspaper

Now—different for every climate

—the same fine performance everywhere

Dry in New Mexico, damp around the Great Lakes . . .

70 above on the Gulf Coast, 17 below at Duluth. —Each

climate, each locality makes different demands on gasoline.

As a result of startling new refinery procedure, Shell

400 "Extra Dry" Gasoline is periodically adjusted to meet

local climatic conditions. These adjustments are based

on a study of 15 years of weather in every 50-mile circle

on the map. They make each shipment of Shell 400 "Extra

Dry" exactly suited to the requirements of its destination.

Shell 400 "Extra Dry" Gasoline starts with the starter as

easily in Minneapolis as in Miami . . . One cold morning's

experience will show you the difference.

STOP AT THE SIGN OF THE SHELL

QUICK STARTING!



400

GASOLINE

Ought to cost more but it doesn't!

SHELL PETROLEUM CORPORATION

Holiday Bargain!

\$106⁴⁵ round trip
first class fare from Chicago

to **California**
via

CHICAGO &
NORTH WESTERN
RAILWAY
UNION PACIFIC

Five fast modern
equipped trains
daily—from Chicago
to California.



Tickets good going on

Dec. 16, 17, 18, 19, 26, 27, 28

on all Overland Route trains from

Chicago to San Francisco, Los

Angeles, Long Beach, Oakland, San

Diego and Santa Barbara. Stop-

overs allowed at all points en route.

Return Limit January 12th

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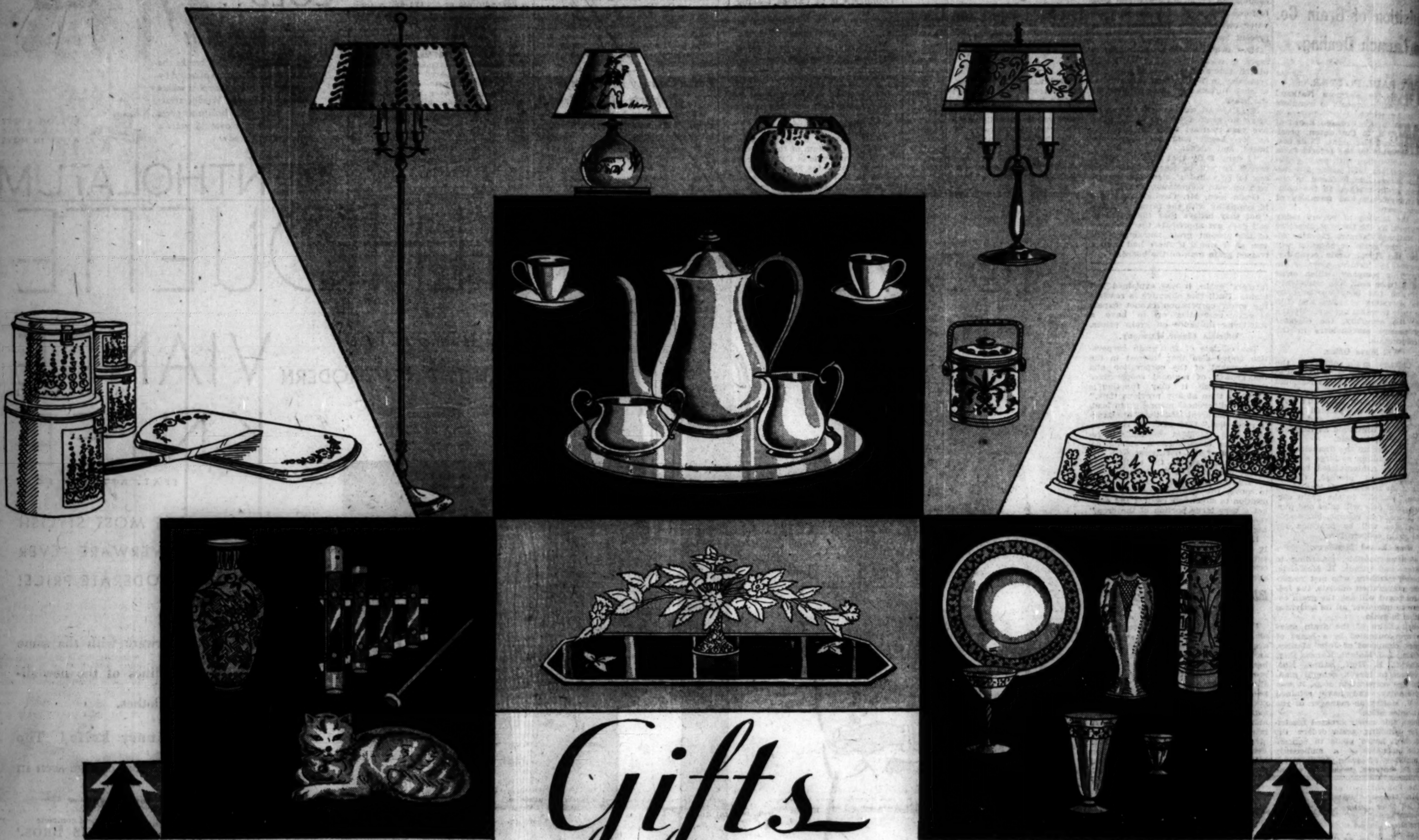
Phone Dearborn 2121

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Spend Christmas in California

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO

Store Hours 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.



FOR HOMES OF EVERY TASTE

Silvered Tree on Black Mirror A Novel Gift Is \$12

A new and distinctive centerpiece that will bring a sparkling beauty to the table. Priced complete at \$12.

Rock crystal vases from England make striking and unusual gifts. The blue willow pattern is priced at \$29. Others priced from \$6.50 to \$29.

Stemware in two-tones, green and crystal. Goblets and sherbets, \$8 dozen. Salad plates, \$12 dozen.
Seventh Floor, North, State.

Pewter Coffee Service, \$20 Complete with Four Pieces

Something every home will like—for coffee service are much in demand this year, and fashioned of pewter they are doubly smart. Complete at \$20.

China after-dinner coffee cups in solid colors—black with red lining, and all black or all red. A gold band borders the edges. \$20 dozen.

Sweetmeat jar of pottery in a choice of highly colored patterns that are extremely effective. It comes in a convenient size, priced at \$2.75.

A low squat vase in a soft green or flecked blue pottery, has two small handles, priced at \$5.
Seventh Floor, North, State.

Cloisonne Vase in Soft Colors One of Many Designs at \$8.50

A wide assortment in shapes, colors, and designs. The one sketched is 9 inches high, priced at \$8.50.

Kitten doorstops, finished in white, brown, or gray, are of heavy metal, priced at \$3.50 each.

Dinner chimes, 4 tubular chimes, carefully pitched with resounding box background. In red or green or bronze color. Complete with mallet, at \$6.
Seventh Floor, North, State.

Something for every home on your Christmas list—whether it's a smart apartment with modern ideas, a mansion with a penchant for the formal, or a snug little bungalow that is asking for something gay and colorful. You'll find shopping a really delightful adventure in the Household Sections here, for there is such a diversity of gifts—at such very satisfactory prices. And why not make use of the extended payment plan which applies to all purchases made in the Home Furnishing Sections when the aggregate is \$100 or more.

Persian Rugs, \$19.75 In Scatter Sizes

An interesting group of these rugs in sizes that are just right for gifts. Woven of fine, lustrous wool in lovely shades of rose and blue. Average size 2½x4 ft. Fine value at \$19.75 each.
Ninth Floor, North, State.



The Hollyhock Design on a Canister Set, \$8.50

An unusually attractive item in the hand-decorated ware. It is complete with 4 pieces.

A square drop-door bread and cake box, with shelf, uses the hollyhock pattern, \$7.50. Not sketched.

Colorful bread board will bring a cheery note to the kitchen. Complete with knife at \$2.50.

Hand-decorated cake plate and cover, in an assortment of colors and designs, is complete at \$3.25.

A square two-compartment bread and cake box, also brightly hand-decorated, is priced at \$7.75.
Sixth Floor, South, State.

Smart Round Table, \$28.50 In Duncan Phyfe Design

Faithfully adapted. In rich-toned mahogany finish. It has a 26 inch round top and is priced at \$28.50.

Louis XV. triangular end table, hand-carved, comes in walnut finish. It is priced at \$14.50.

Easy chair, hair-filled and with reversible cushion, covered in linen damask in choice of colors. \$68.

A secretary in mahogany finish has excellent lines. Three drawers and ample desk space. \$58.
Sixth Floor, Wabash.

Junior Floor Lamps at \$25 In an Antique Gold Finish

In the three-candle style so successful in the modern interior. Complete with parchment paper shade.

A table lamp in the two-candle style is complete with oval parchment effect shade at \$15.

Nursery lamp with colorful hand-applied Mother Goose designs. Complete with shade at \$10.
Seventh Floor, South, State.

Irregularity was limited to neglect of the department in not getting permission to give a special examination, which occurred in the coach's case.

Big Ten charge: In the fall of 1928 Spradling and Plunkett, ex-members of the Frankfort high school basketball team, entered the University of Iowa as freshmen. The question then arose as to whether there was any collusion or connection between the fact that Case had received credits he needed from the University of Iowa and the fact that the two star athletes from Frankfort High school went to the University of Iowa.

Iowa's reply: The coming of the athletes to Iowa had no connection with the credit episode. A report from the commissioner's office established that there was no irregularity in connection with their coming to Iowa.

PROSELYTING

Big Ten charge: That coaches Justin Barry and George T. Breenahan of the University of Iowa have been active in proselyting athletes and that they have worked closely with leaders in the movement to bring about greater freedom in recruiting for, and subsidizing athletes at the University of Iowa.

Iowa's reply: The unethical activity of staff members in recruiting, proselyting, or subsidizing always reflects the attitude prevailing in a departmental organization toward the observance, in letter and in spirit, of the conference regulation. The former administration must assume responsibility for the above situation. If abuses existed it was because the director did not succeed in exacting strict observance of conference rules as a cardinal part in his organization.

Big Ten charge: That Coach Breenahan has recently been appointed director of intercollegiate athletics at the University of Iowa.

Iowa's reply: With the change of the board to one actually in control of athletics the board abolished the separate position in intercollegiate athletics. The director, Mr. Lauer, will be the official to carry out the policies of the board in the field of intercollegiate athletics. Mr. Breenahan retains his position as head track coach with no further administrative duties.

DIVERSION OF FUNDS

Big Ten charge: That the board in control of athletics at the University of Iowa prior to 1924 permitted the diversion of some of the funds accruing from the sale of year books to the unofficial alumni athletic fund; that Mr. — in 1924 requested Dr. Belting to continue this practice, which request was refused.

Iowa's reply: This charge evidently means to state or create the impression that before 1924 lump sums of athletic money had been diverted to the unofficial loan fund and that Dr. Belting [former athletic director] had put a stop to this practice.

Iowa's reply: The matter was: The diversion of athletic funds was in all cases a commission on the sale of athletic year books. This commission in various years ranged from 2 1/2 to 4 per cent, with increased commissions for sales above 2,000 books up to a maximum of 6 per cent. Originally this commission had gone to one man who organized the sale, using athletes

SMITTY—WHAT A BOOB MR. BAILEY IS TO BE CALLED MR. SAPP



as salesmen. This practice was discontinued a year before Mr. Belting took office.

Mr. Belting continued the practice of allowing "I" men to sell on commission. He did not oppose "diversion of funds." On the contrary, he actually diverted a lump sum into a trust fund deposited in an Iowa City bank for loans to athletes. As chairman of the board he did this without the approval or knowledge of the athletic board.

The department has since engaged students, both athletes and nonathletes, to sell year books on commission (2 1/2 per cent) after consultation with the commissioner and on the late Mr. Goodenough's opinion that it could be done pending definite action by the conference.

ELIGIBILITY

Big Ten charge: That the registrar of the University has not (and has not for some years) complied with the conference rule that the registrar shall certify on the eligibility blanks as to the scholastic eligibility of athletes.

Iowa's reply: It is true that Iowa did not have the registrar sign the eligibility blanks. This practice was, however, of long standing, was known to the conference and received their consent at the time the practice was inaugurated. Eligibility matters are now in the hands of a committee from the teaching faculty of the university. The chairman of the athletic board is the chairman of this committee. The director of athletics is not on this committee. The athletic board ordered that certification should be in full accord with conference regulations. This fall blanks have been signed by the registrar.

ATHLETIC FUNDS

Big Ten charge: That an athletic fund to subsidize athletes existed at the University of Iowa during the period that it had its championship football team, and that approximately \$10,000 was expended yearly from this fund, which was administered in Iowa by Mills Mercer.

Iowa's reply: It is true that such

a fund existed in Iowa City. The fund was administered strictly as a loan fund. Notes were taken for amount granted. Some notes have been paid, so that the fund was at least partially revolving.

Big Ten charge: That members of the coaching staff and alumni of the University of Iowa have been insistent that athletic moneys of the university be diverted into this fund to aid athletes.

Iowa's reply: Coaches and alumni have suggested such diversion of athletic money to the fund. It was not done. Both groups felt that Iowa was hampered in competition with other Big Ten schools in larger cities having larger official loan funds, numerous scholarships, lower tuition, and, as they firmly believed, unofficial loan funds.

NOTES OF ATHLETES

Big Ten charge: It is reported that prior to 1924 athletes were permitted to sign notes for tuition at the university treasurer's office.

Iowa's reply: The university for years followed the custom of allowing students to give notes for tuition. This practice arose out of the necessity of temporarily financing needy students. All students, whether athletes or not, had access to this privilege. Although laudable in its conception and honest in its administration, the system led to some abuses with regard to athletes.

Big Ten charge: The report of the athletic office of the University of Iowa for 1928-'29 and 1927-'28 indicates that Coaches Breenahan and Barry guaranteed a large number of these notes.

Iowa's reply: Faculty members were asked to approve all applications for student loans. This approval, with but few exceptions, was not an endorsement guaranteeing payment.

The practice of taking notes from students has been discontinued by action of the finance committee of the state board of education. Back indebtedness, if notes were due, has been collected before persons were allowed to register. About one hundred [among them seventeen athletes]

were denied registration on this score.

EXCESSIVE BILLING

Big Ten charge: That the university was billed for athletic goods in excess of the price and value and the balance was used unofficially in connection with the university athletics.

Iowa's reply: The charge of excessive billing is categorically denied. The proposal may have been made to an assistant director [there were two in the department under the former director]. There is no evidence that the suggested dishonesty was put into practice.

A'S SEND THREE TO PORTLAND FOR TWO PITCHERS

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 3.—(AP)—Three of the world's champion Athletics were sent to the Portland club of the Pacific Coast league today in part payment for Leroy Mahaffey, star right handed pitcher, and George Snider, a young pitcher, both of the Portland club.

The three Mackmen are Carroll (Lefty) Yerkes, who was with the Athletics several years; Walter French, utility fielder and former Army star baseball and football player, and Jimmy Cronin, utility infielder, who flashed for a time last summer when he replaced Joe Doley at shortstop.

SISLER AND DUGAN ON BLOCK

Boston, Mass., Dec. 3.—(AP)—Before departing today for the minor league meeting at Chattanooga, Tenn., Bill McKeeble, new manager of the Boston Braves, broadcast that he would go to great lengths to obtain promising minor league material to replace the veterans now adorning the club's pay roll. McKeeble intimated that George Sisler and Joe Dugan, veteran first baseman and third baseman, respectively, would be the first players placed on the trading block.

Carnegie Tech, on Way West, to Stop Here

The football team representing Carnegie Tech of Pittsburgh, opponent of Southern California in an intercollegiate struggle in Los Angeles, Dec. 14, will arrive here Saturday. It will remain in the city for two days and then resume its trip westward. Several stops will be made on the way to the coast, according to Coach Walter P. Steffen, former University of Chicago star. Steffen will accompany the squad. Plans call for the party to reach the coast Friday, the day before the game.

Carnegie has lost only two games this year and was tied once. Tech was defeated by two of the strongest teams in the country, Notre Dame and Pittsburgh. It was held to a scoreless tie by Washington and Jefferson. The latter game was played one week before the Notre Dame game, when the players were pointing for the Irish.

Players who sustained injuries in the regular games have fully recovered, so the squad is expected to be in perfect physical condition when it reaches California.

Following is Carnegie Tech's record for the year: Carnegie, 21; Bethany, 0. Carnegie, 22; Thiel, 0. Carnegie, 23; Western Reserve, 6. Carnegie, 24; W. & J., 0. Carnegie, 25; Notre Dame, 7. Carnegie, 26; Washington, St. Louis, 0. Carnegie, 27; Pittsburgh, 24. Carnegie, 28; New York U., 0.

Phelan and Stagg to Attend Loyola U. Football Banquet

Jimmy Phelan of Purdue, A. A. Stagg and other football celebrities will attend an informal dinner to be given for the 1929 Loyola university football team at the La Salle hotel Dec. 17. Quin Ryan of W-G-N will describe "The Three Best Football Plays I Have Seen."

Lane Heavies Beat Hyde Pk.; Lights Lose

Lane Tech and Hyde Park basketball teams divided a practice double-header at the latter's gym, the Tech heavies winning, 20 to 16, while the Hyde Park lights won, 20 to 19. Anderson lead the Lane attack in the heavyweight game with three field goals and a free throw. Lineup:

LANE (20)	HYDE PARK (19)
Vanderbell, H.	Officer, R.
Smith, J.	Allen, H.
Wass, C.	A. Johnson, S.
Wass, C.	Johnson, S.
Johnson, S.	Colais, G.
Johnson, S.	
Anderson, H.	

CRANE WINS PAIR

Crane Tech won a double victory over Senn in a practice game on the

former's floor yesterday, the heavy weight five winning, 23 to 15, while the lights triumphed, 23 to 12. Crane featured for Crane in the heavyweight game, collecting three baskets.

CALUMNET, TILDEN DIVIDE
Tilden heavies defeated Calumnet, 20 to 11, at the Tech gym yesterday, while the Calumnet lights evened the score by beating out the Tilden posses 10 to 11. Blackmore, Tilden, scored eight of his team's points with a pair of field goals and four free throws.

Dempsey Granted License to Referee New York Bouts

New York, Dec. 3.—(AP)—Jack Dempsey was granted a license to referee bouts in this state today by the New York state athletic commission. Accordingly, a possible championship, champion, now a Chicago promoter, would referee one of the bouts on the Madison Square Garden Christmas fund card Monday night, when Phil Scott meets Ott Von Porat.

WE HATE THE WORD "SPIT"

But spit-tipped cigars are a menace . . . smoke certified CREMO cigars.



When he makes cigars . . . he spits on the ends!

How often have you been disgusted with the filthy, germ-breeding places where some cigars are made . . . dark, stuffy factories . . . warm, dingy shops and windows . . . where cigars are rolled by careless, dirty lips and fingers and spit on the ends! What a far cry this is from the modern, certified method of manufacture used by Certified Cremo.

Certified Cremo
THE GOOD 5¢ CIGAR
... THAT AMERICA NEEDED

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...in a gown it's
STYLE!



... in a cigarette it's
TASTE!

STYLES vanish with the seasons—but good taste in cigarettes, once achieved, never changes. The wholesome goodness of fine tobaccos is not to be improved on.

True today, true a hundred years from now—*taste* is what smokers want; *taste* is what they judge by.

And *taste* is what Chesterfield offers—the superlatively good taste of tobaccos chosen for their mild richness, fragrance, and satisfying character—

"TASTE above everything"



MILD, yes . . . and yet THEY SATISFY

Chesterfield
SUCH POPULARITY. MUST BE DESERVED

RAY L. DOWDALL HEADS EVANSTON REALTY BOARD

Elected President for the
Year 1930.

BY AL CHASE.

Ray L. Dowdall, president of the Lake Shore Securities company of Evanston, has been elected president of the Evanston real estate board for 1930. Mr. Dowdall, who lives at 2131 Lincolnwood drive, is now vice president of the suburban organization. He will succeed Joseph L. Corcoran of Quinlan & Tyson as president of the Evanston realtors. Nels M. J. D. Tuller, president of the Evanston real estate board, was named vice president to succeed Mr. Dowdall.

Other officers elected were: J. F. Fisher, secretary, and A. K. Scheidegger, treasurer. The directors named were E. D. Payne, Stanley Plotkin, and H. D. Bent. The retiring officers will be the guests of the Evanston real estate board at its annual banquet, to be held next Wednesday evening at the Evanston Country club. Preston M. Nolan, nationally known appraiser, will be the speaker of the evening. Ralph A. Hunt is chairman of the banquet committee.

In One Family 64 Years.
The estate of Ruben Rubel yesterday sold the 24x90 on the east side of South Clark street, under the Chicago Trust building, and forty-three feet south of Monroe street, to Lionel H. Frank. The sale was made subject to a ninety-nine year lease, originally negotiated with Charles E. Rector, restaurateur, and now held by the Chicago Trust building corporation. The property has been owned by the Rubel family since 1865. A four-story stone front building was erected shortly after the great Chicago fire.

The Thompson & Jameson corporation has completed the purchase of the two-story building at 360-4 West Superior street from the Brunswick-Halke-Coleander company for a reported \$50,000. William Kaplan was broker.

Austin-Franklin Corner Sold.
The five-story building at the northwest corner of Austin and Franklin, lot 75x100 feet, has been transferred by the Chicago Title and Trust company, trustee, to Mary Marubio. The purchaser is reported to have paid \$130,000 for the property and she acquired it as an investment. The building has been occupied by the Cherry Ruffell company, which is moving to the Butler building. Winston & Co. were brokers.

The S. S. Kreige company has leased the property, 25x90 feet, at 143 154th street, Harvey, from Philip H. Leyster for ninety-nine years from Nov. 1, 1929. Old improvements now on the ground will be replaced by a two-story building, which is to be ready for occupancy July 1, 1930. The lease will pay \$200 a month rent to Oct. 31, 1934, and \$250 a month thereafter.

GASOLINE AND LINED OILS.
GASOLINE—Tank wagon, 1st: service station, 1st. CARBON—Perfection, 1st. FURNACE OIL—Standard, tank wagon, 1 to 90 gals. 9c. 100 to 340 gals. 8c. 350 to 500 gals. 7.5c. MACHINE OIL—Summer black, 8.5c; winter, 10.4c. LINED OIL—Raw, 12.45c; do. refined, 13.25c. WHITE LEAD—100 lb bags, \$14.5c. TURPENTINE—60c.

OIL CITY, Pa., Dec. 3.—(AP)—Credit balance, \$3.05; runs, \$3.57; average runs, \$3.45; shipments, \$3.44; average shipments, \$3.53 bbls.

PROPOSE CENTRAL BOARD FOR BRITISH TRANSPORT LINES

(Chicago Tribune Press Service.)
LONDON, Dec. 3.—Most of the London transport stocks dropped a fraction of a point today as a result of the announcement by minister of transport, Herbert Morrison, in the house of commons yesterday that the government is proposing public ownership for transport lines.

The somewhat vague statement made by the minister of transport yesterday, suggesting a "single and simple form of public ownership," was clarified today by a more complete understanding of the government's intentions.

The plan appears to establish an authority somewhat like that which now controls the port of London. While the ownership of the various lines remains in the hands of the present proprietors, a central authority will undertake the management with a view to the coordinated development of the transit facilities and the elimination of wasteful competition.

Under the government's plan the consolidation will turn into a common fund all the balances from the gross revenues after liabilities are met. The pooled fund will then be distributed according to agreed principles, probably in proportion to the amounts contributed to the common fund by the various companies during one year taken as a standard.

Stockholders will not be affected except by the change of their certificates from the name of the individual companies to that of the London passenger control authority. Any balance in the common fund, after a fixed return on the capital invested, will be used for the development of traffic facilities.

REALTY CONCERN STOCK DIVIDEND IS 400 PER CENT

Directors of Percy Wilson & Co., real estate developers, yesterday voted a 400 per cent common stock dividend to common stockholders of record as of Nov. 15. The stock dividend will be paid Jan. 1. At the same time the regular semi-annual dividend of \$2.50 per share on the company's preferred stock was declared.

Mr. Wilson, president of the firm, said that the common stock brought about by the dividend will bring the total outstanding common to 50,000 shares of no par value. He expressed the belief that early in 1930 the common stock will be put on a \$1 yearly dividend basis. The company now has outstanding 2,500 shares of 7 per cent preferred stock of \$100 par value.

"Although the last year was regarded generally as unpropitious for the real estate business," said Mr. Wilson at the directors' meeting, "our company has earned in excess of \$15 per share on its common stock. We have been in existence three and one-half years and now have a net surplus equal to two and one-half times our capitalization, and no outstanding obligations."

Briggs Named President of Public Industrials

Herbert W. Briggs, formerly vice president of E. H. Rollins & Sons, has been elected president of the Public Industrials corporation, a holding company.

SUGAR.
NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—(AP)—SUGAR—Raw, was steady today with refiners showing a little more interest. Prices advanced 1-32c to the basis of 3.71c for spot, duty paid, with sales at this level of 58,000 bags of unrefined Cuban for prompt shipment to local refiners.

Aside from the present December position, which was relatively easy under liquidation, raw futures developed a braver undertone and closed with net gains of 2 to 3 points. Approximate sales, 28,000 tons. Prices follow:

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Dec.	1.87	1.91	1.87	1.90	1.92
Jan.	1.98	1.98	1.94	1.98	1.97
Mar.	2.01	2.05	2.01	2.03	2.03
May	2.08	2.12	2.08	2.12	2.09
July	2.16	2.18	2.16	2.18	2.10
Sept.	2.21	2.24	2.21	2.23	2.21

In refined a good day to day business is reported. Refiners were unchanged at 5.00c for fine granulated.

RAIL AND UTILITY BUYING SENDS UP BOND AVERAGES

(Chicago Tribune Press Service.)
New York, Dec. 3.—The persistent buying of high grade railroad bonds and the improvement of prices in many public utility and corporation bonds sent the averages on bonds traded in on the stock exchange higher today. Several rail issues reached new highs for the year, with dozens of others selling close to their best prices for 1929 to date. Five of the ten active United States government issues scored new highs for the year.

Of the active convertibles, International Tel. 4½ jumped 5 points, American Tel. 4½ 2½ points, while Atchafalaya held unchanged, as did Allegheny Corporation 5s of 1944. Texas Corporation convertible 5s moved up ¼ of a point to 102, which compared with the high of the year to date of 103. New Haven convertible 5s were up a point.

Campbell Quits as Head of Youngstown Sheet & Tube

(Chicago Tribune Press Service.)
Youngstown, O., Dec. 3.—James A. Campbell, veteran president and founder of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube company, third largest steel manufacturer in the country, resigned that position today effective Jan. 1. Frank Purnell, assistant president, was elected by the board of directors to succeed Campbell. Campbell will be chairman of the board of directors and will continue in active charge of the company's affairs, according to an announcement of directors. The post of chairman was created for Campbell, who is 75 years old. His advanced age and poor health are given as two reasons for his resignation. Purnell has been with the company twenty-seven years and during the war he served with the war industry board as assistant chief of the steel division.

8% INTEREST Without the Risk of Speculation, and 12 Interest Checks a Year

RELIANCE Junior Mortgage Gold Notes have been sold to investors everywhere since 1925 and have established a reputation for Safety, Dependability and Reliability.

CERTIFIED
By the Chicago Title & Trust Co., Trustee, who also guarantee Title. RELIANCE Gold Notes are a sound investment for you because they are secured by title, in one-priority Chicago real estate with a wide margin of safety.

YOU CAN BUY RELIANCE GOLD NOTES ON PARTIAL PAYMENTS
Denominations: \$1,000, \$500, \$100. Maturities 1 to 3 years.

CALL AT OUR OFFICE or Mail Coupon
RELIANCE REALTY MORTGAGE CO.
613-615 First National Bank Building
30 S. DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO, ILL.
Open Daily 9 to 5; Saturdays 9 to 4

Please send me FREE copy of book, "The Pure Oil Company," and 8% interest coupon.

THE PURE OIL COMPANY
63rd Consecutive Preferred Dividend
The regular quarterly dividend of 1¼% has been declared on the 5¼% Preferred Stock, 15% on the 6% Preferred Stock and 2% on the 6% Preferred Stock of THE PURE OIL COMPANY, payable in cash on Jan. 1, 1930, to shareholders of record at close of business, Dec. 10, 1929.

RAWLICK WARNER
Vice-President and Treasurer
Chicago, November 25, 1929

OFFER FOR PURCHASE OF SHAWNEE MILLS NOTES

The Directors of the American Woolen Company voted at a meeting held November 20, 1929, to authorize the expenditure of \$300,000 for the purchase of Shawnee Mills Notes, at a price of not over 100% of the face value thereof and secured interest of Shawnee Mills Ten Year Seven Per Cent Gold Notes due October 1, 1931.

1. Therefore, invite notices of those notes to be made in writing and addressed to W. H. Dwyer, Treasurer, American Woolen Company, One Federal Street, Boston, Mass. Notices will be received up to and including December 21, 1929.

It is the purpose of the company to accept any and all notices.

W. H. DWYER, Treasurer.
Boston, Mass., Nov. 27, 1929.

GODCHAUX SUGARS, INC.

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NOTICE.
The Board of Directors of Godchaux Sugars, Inc., at its meeting held on December 3, 1929, declared a dividend of \$1.75 a share on the preferred stock of this company, payable on December 15, 1929, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 10, 1929.

EMILE GODCHAUX, Secretary.
GODCHAUX SUGARS, INC.
St. Louis Southwest Railway Co.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND.
A quarterly dividend of \$1.25 per share on the preferred stock of this company has been declared payable on December 15, 1929, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 10, 1929.

By order of the Board of Directors.
PAUL J. LONGUE, Secretary.

RESORTS AND TRAVEL

GEORGIA.
OPENS EARLY THIS YEAR Dec. 19

Forrest Hills-Ricker Hotel

Augusta, Georgia
Grass Greens in the Mid-South
DONALD ROSS GOLF COURSE
Directly in Front of Hotel
Riding—Tennis—Polo
Quail and Trap Shooting
Municipal Airport Nearby

SPECIAL RATES
During December and January

Address
RICKER HOTEL CO.
Poland Springs, Maine

Ocean Travel
WHITE STAR LINE **RED STAR LINE**
ATLANTIC TRAVEL LINE
TO ALL EUROPEAN PORTS
INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE CO.
120 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago

BUSINESS SESSIONS TODAY

CONVENTIONS, EXPOSITIONS.
Alameda Manufacturing corp. Edgewater Beach
American Aberdeen Angus Breeders
Hampshire Sheep assoc. Stock Yards inn
Institute of Electrical Engineers...Drake
Oxford Down Record assoc. Stock Yards inn
American Petroleum Institute. Stevens hotel
Southern Breeders Assn. Stock Yards inn
Society of Agricultural Engineers, Sherman
Boy Scouts of America (Regional)...

MEETINGS.
American Dairy federation...Palmer house
American Stock Yards assoc. Congress hotel
Culinary Packing company...Palmer house
National Lumber Manufacturers...Palmer house
Society for Internal Combustion Power...Congress hotel

LUNCHEONS.
Chicago Assn. of Commerce [ways and means]...Hotel La Salle
Chicago District for Hotel La Salle
Quintile Life Assurance society...Palmer
Federal Business association. Great Northern
Life Insurance Trust...Hotel La Salle
New York Life Insurance Co. Hotel La Salle
Public Owners Association...Y. M. C. A.

DINNERS.
American Dry Milk Institute...Palmer house
Chicago Mangle and Tile Assn. Atlantic hotel
Garagekeepers Assn. Bismarck hotel
10,615...Bismarck hotel
Lake Michigan Beach Property Owners
National Discount corporation. Congress hotel
(Compiled by the convention bureau of the Chicago Association of Commerce.)

SOUTH TEXAS

Here, at the southern tip of the nation, is a vast "horn of plenty"—the empire of South and West Texas. It is the last of the great frontiers... a favored section undergoing an intensive development which is making it one of the richest areas in the world.

There is no magic about the opportunities existing in San Antonio and in other parts of South and West Texas. Work, experience and capital are required here, just as anywhere else. But the same investment in money and labor yields a far richer harvest of health, happiness and prosperity. Come see for yourself!

HAPPINESS ahead

Would you adventure with Romance along the trails blazed by Spanish padres two centuries ago? Then come south to sunny San Antonio, where modern office buildings tower above ancient stone churches... where palms sigh softly as the burnished wings of planes cast fleeting shadows on hallowed ground where Texas heroes died!

Sun-drenched days are yours in this land of blue sky and bracing air... joyful days out-of-doors... golfing, riding, playing tennis or polo, fishing, motoring north to the hills or south to the sea... days crowded with happiness! And for the children there are 2,000 acres of public parks and playgrounds!

You may live as luxuriously or as modestly as you like in this cosmopolitan city of 300,000—a city 200 years young, where Indian summer lasts the winter long!

Whatever you want to do you'll find "happiness ahead" in

SAN ANTONIO

Dep't. 1, Municipal Information Bureau, Astec Bldg., San Antonio, Texas.

Please send me free booklet (check)
☐ "What to Do in San Antonio."
☐ "San Antonio—Community of Opportunity."
☐ "Farming—A Successful Year-round Business in South and West Texas."

Name _____ Address _____

RESORTS AND TRAVEL

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Message to Congress Proves Tonic.

Resources More Than \$33,000,000

Complete Banking, Trust and Investment Service • Resources More Than \$33,000,000

NEW YORK BOND TRANSACTIONS

Table with 4 columns: No. bonds, High, Low, Close. Includes data for various government bonds like 1000's of 4 1/2's, 1000's of 4's, etc.

Notes: Fractions on United States government bonds, including net changes, are quoted in thirty-second of 1 per cent.

Table with 4 columns: No. bonds, High, Low, Close. Includes data for various corporate bonds like 1000's of 4 1/2's, 1000's of 4's, etc.

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News and Gossip of Stock Marts

Building Shares Stronger. Since there is less doubt about the building outlook for the next several months than for almost any other line of industrial activity, shares of companies allied with construction have been uniformly strong.

Benefit from Cold Spell. With the first real cold spell having been felt over the country generally, considerable speculative interest was aroused in the shares of the Alcohol company.

Ample Support Hinted. Case Threshing Machine ran up more than 12 points yesterday at the expense of professionals who had been selling the stock short on "general principles."

Stages Rally. Although General Railway Signal has rallied more than 20 points from its low of the week, the dividend of \$1.50 a share provides a return of more than 5 1/2 per cent.

LARD PRICES GAIN

Light offerings and good buying by shorts and cash interests absorbed the December lard, and it closed 17 1/2 higher. Pressure on the deferred future was moderate and gains were 7 1/2 c.

Benefit from Cold Spell. With the first real cold spell having been felt over the country generally, considerable speculative interest was aroused in the shares of the Alcohol company.

Ample Support Hinted. Case Threshing Machine ran up more than 12 points yesterday at the expense of professionals who had been selling the stock short on "general principles."

Stages Rally. Although General Railway Signal has rallied more than 20 points from its low of the week, the dividend of \$1.50 a share provides a return of more than 5 1/2 per cent.

A Diversified List of Sound Investments

Lawrence Stern and Company Offer the Following Securities

Table with 5 columns: ISSUE, RATE, MATURITY, APPROX. YIELD. Includes sections for Public Utility, Real Estate, Industrial, Railroad, Foreign, and Municipal bonds.

Every Investor Should do this ... and do it now!

Straighten out his current position. Clean house of the undesirable. Balance his list. Decide what purchases to make.

Not for many years have security prices been at levels where so highly satisfactory a program can be worked out, given the men and the resources to do it.

Experience, investment judgment, ample facilities are necessary, however. No one individual can combine all these essential factors.

Yet they must be present to work out a productive investment program and unearth the securities whose purchase will keep it operating to best advantage.

Brookmire Service is used by thousands of investors. Its record can be checked with your bank, with any economist. Apply any test you want to learn of its background, standing and ability to serve investors.

Meanwhile, mail the coupon for a complete description. We will send you, also, a copy of our latest report on current market conditions, outlining what policy is best now.

BROOKMIRE ECONOMIC SERVICE, INC. 551 Fifth Avenue, New York 100 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago Telephone State 9363

Send me description of your service and Bulletin C-333

Name _____ Address _____

COCHRAN & McCLUER INVESTORS

Get this

Another year has been added to this company's long record of "never a loss to any investor."

Since 1881 thousands of investors in every state in the Union have purchased millions of dollars worth of real estate bonds, unadvised by salesmen (because we employ none).

We appreciate this confidence and the recognition of our direct plan of serving investors—a plan which enables us to offer the highest rate of interest on our bonds, with safety, now 6 1/2%.

As a mark of appreciation to our regular customers—and as a symbol of welcome to new investors—we are presenting this genuine Wahl-Evermore bond, either for cash or payment on account, while this offer is in effect.

The set consists of pen, pencil, and attractive gift box. Pen and pencil are of beautiful rosewood rubber, and have the famous Wahl-Evermore features. Gift to another (set for yourself or for a gift to another) for cash or payment on account, while this offer is in effect.

Cochran & McCluer bonds—bonds which no investor has ever lost—may be purchased in principal or interest—may be purchased in denominations of \$100, \$500 and \$1000. As little as \$10 will buy you our Return in 15 Years Plan and entitles you to the special gift coupon. This offer can be made for complete full particulars.

Retire in 15 years on your present living budget

Follow the simple, definite plan in the book, "Retire in 15 Years," and your income will be \$1000 a month. No money will be lost—no money will be lost.

REAL ESTATE

BONDS

BOUGHT

FARNHAM-KUHN COMPANY

6 N. Michigan

Have \$25,000 to Invest

in profitable going business where your services can be used to advantage. Am 28 years old with 5 years' experience in handling financial loans. Reply in confidence.

General Gas & Electric Corporation

Common Stock Class A

Listed on New York Stock Exchange

CIRCULAR ON REQUEST

PYNCHON & CO.

Members New York Stock Exchange

112 West Adams Street Chicago

New York Milwaukee London Liverpool Manchester

Lawrence Stern and Company INVESTMENT SECURITIES

231 South La Salle Street Chicago, Illinois

Hulburd Warren & Chandler

208 S. LA SALLE ST.
STOCKS
BONDS GRAIN
COTTON

MEMBERS:
New York Stock Exchange
Chicago Stock Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade
New York Produce Exchange
Wheat and Grain Exchange
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A New Booklet Write for it now!

American
Commonwealths
Power Corporation
CLASS A STOCK
Yields 10%
yearly in stock dividends

\$25,549,751 in Gross Earnings,
7% Increase in Customers
in less than 3 years.

Albert E. Peirce & Co.

105 W. Adams St., Chicago

Please send information on American
Commonwealths Power Corporation
Class A Stock.

Name _____

Address _____

City _____

State _____

Zip _____

Exempt from the Federal Income Tax

Grand View Township

Edgar County, Illinois.

6% Hard Road Bonds

Value of taxable property, estimated, \$3,347,000.

Assessed valuation, 1929, \$1,633,359.

Revised, including this issue, \$3,347,000.

Population, 1920 U. S. Census, 1,179

GRAND VIEW TOWNSHIP is located in the south central part of

Edgar County which is an eastern border

County of Illinois, about nine miles from

Paris, the county seat, on the Big Four Railroad.

Dated November 1, 1929

Maturity: July 1, 1933-1939

Complete Circular Upon Request

H.C. SPEER & SONS' COMPANY

Established 1885

First National Bank Building

Chicago 9820

We Recommend

at present market prices

American Comm. Power 'A'

(Mkt. about 23%)

Cities Service Co. Com.

(Mkt. about 29%)

United Gas Co. Com.

(Mkt. about 21%)

Inquiries invited

from investors

Earl L. Custin & Co.

39 S. La Salle Street

Randolph 2331

F. M. ZEILER & CO.

Members Chicago Stock Exchange

Chicago and New York

BANK STOCKS

and

Unlisted

Securities

Bought Sold

Quoted

929 ROOKERY BLDG.

Central 5387

FACTS

JUDGMENT

WISDOM

We have prepared analyses

of the following companies:

F. W. Woolworth Company

Montgomery Ward & Co., Inc.

Sears Roebuck & Company

General Foods Corporation

Write for Folder T-11

WEST & CO.

120 S. La Salle St.

CHICAGO

1511 Walnut St. 43 Wall St.

Philadelphia New York

Members

New York Stock Exchange

New York Curb Exchange

Chicago Stock Exchange

NEW YORK CURB TRANSACTIONS

Tuesday, Dec. 3, 1929. 1,312,100

Previous year 1,312,100

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BULGE IN HOGS CARRIES PRICES TO HIGH LEVEL

Cattle Mart Firm Despite
Slack Trading.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK

Receipts, 10,000; shipments, 4,000.

HOOGS.

Receipts, 40,000; shipments, 7,000.

Heavy hogs, 10,000; light hogs, 30,000.

Medium hogs, 10,000; heavy hogs, 30,000.

Light hogs, 10,000; medium hogs, 30,000.

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Medium hogs, 10,000; heavy hogs, 30,000.

Light hogs, 10,000; medium hogs, 30,000.

Heavy hogs, 10,000; light hogs, 30,000.

Medium hogs, 10,000; heavy hogs, 30,000.

Light hogs, 10,000; medium hogs, 30,000.

Heavy hogs, 10,000; light hogs, 30,000.

Medium hogs, 10,000; heavy hogs, 30,000.

Light hogs, 10,000; medium hogs, 30,000.

Heavy hogs, 10,000; light hogs, 30,000.

Medium hogs, 10,000; heavy hogs, 30,000.

Light hogs, 10,000; medium hogs, 30,000.

Heavy hogs, 10,000; light hogs, 30,000.

Medium hogs, 10,000; heavy hogs, 30,000.

Light hogs, 10,000; medium hogs, 30,000.

Heavy hogs, 10,000; light hogs, 30,000.

Medium hogs, 10,000; heavy hogs, 30,000.

Light hogs, 10,000; medium hogs, 30,000.

Heavy hogs, 10,000; light hogs, 30,000.

Medium hogs, 10,000; heavy hogs, 30,000.

Light hogs, 10,000; medium hogs

WHEAT VALUES UP 3 1/4 TO 4 CTS. AT DAY'S HIGH

Market Closes with Gains
of Over 2 Cents.

BY CHARLES MICHAELS.

World's wheat markets yesterday showed the strongest undertone they have for some time past, with persistent reports of crop deterioration in Argentina the dominating influence.

Prices were on the upgrade in all markets, with values in Chicago showing 3 1/4 to 4 cents above the finish of Monday and despite extremely heavy profit taking the finish was at net gain of 2 1/2 to 3 cents. Winnipeg was strong and 3/4 cent higher, and Liverpool gained 2 1/2 to 3 cents, while Buenos Aires surprised the trade by advancing as much as 5 1/2 cents at one time and finished 4 1/2 to 5 cents higher, with Rosario 3 1/2 to 4 cents higher.

There was a marked broadening in outside interest in Chicago and heavy profit taking by local and eastern buyers was readily absorbed. The extreme top figures were made on a telegraphic error which quoted the close on Liverpool December as 5 1/2 higher, but the mistake was quickly discovered and the reaction which followed was taken advantage of by commission houses to buy freshly. Liquidation in the December delivery is regarded as over, and the open interest in Chicago is now below 15,000,000 bu. Deliveries on December contracts aggregated 2,885,000 bu.

Reduce Argentine Estimates.

The probability that the movement of new wheat from Argentina will be somewhat later than usual this season owing to the poor yields in the northern part of that country is having some effect on the world's markets, as foreigners have been attempting to hold off in buying from North America, believing that they could secure the Argentine cheaper when the southern hemisphere started to compete with the United States and Canada.

Estimates on the Argentine crop show a tendency to be lowered almost daily, one private cable placing the surplus at only 90,000,000 bu at a maximum. R. O. Cromwell cabled Lamson Bros. & Co. that it would be possible for the province of Buenos Ayres to be damaged 10 to 20 per cent as compared with its recent estimate.

While the demand for hard winters of the gulf has let up to a great extent, there was a good business in wheat put through at the Pacific coast and sales in all positions were estimated at 1,750,000 to 2,000,000 bu, mainly Manitoba, but including 500,000 bu durum at Georgian bay reported sold by Duluth interests. Deliveries on December contracts at Liverpool were 336,000 bu.

More Interest in Corn.

Commission house trade in corn was the best in some time, but trade in the aggregate was only fair. Sentiment generally was more bullish and futures advanced with wheat and closed 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 cents higher, prices being the best since Nov. 1, when May sold at 11. The bulge brought out increased country offerings to arrive with purchases of 68,000 bu, but the spot basis was 1/2 to 3/4 cent higher as compared with the December. There were no deliveries on December contracts. Buenos Ayres was firm and 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 cents higher, although weather conditions in Argentina were regarded as favorable for the growth of the new crop. Scattered liquidation in December contracts was absorbed by cash interests, who sold the May at 4 1/2 cents difference, with commission houses taking the rest.

PRIMARY GRAIN MOVEMENT

	Wheat	Corn	Oats
Receipts—	551,000	878,000	144,000
Exports—	897,000	1,074,000	327,000
Shipments—	1,251,000	1,074,000	327,000
Year ago—	1,251,000	1,074,000	327,000
Year ago—	1,251,000	1,074,000	327,000

CASH GRAIN NEWS

WHEAT.	
No. 1 red.	1.37 1/2
No. 2 red.	1.36 1/2
No. 3 red.	1.35 1/2
No. 4 red.	1.34 1/2
No. 5 red.	1.33 1/2
No. 6 red.	1.32 1/2
No. 7 red.	1.31 1/2
No. 8 red.	1.30 1/2
No. 9 red.	1.29 1/2
No. 10 red.	1.28 1/2
No. 11 red.	1.27 1/2
No. 12 red.	1.26 1/2
No. 13 red.	1.25 1/2
No. 14 red.	1.24 1/2
No. 15 red.	1.23 1/2
No. 16 red.	1.22 1/2
No. 17 red.	1.21 1/2
No. 18 red.	1.20 1/2
No. 19 red.	1.19 1/2
No. 20 red.	1.18 1/2
No. 21 red.	1.17 1/2
No. 22 red.	1.16 1/2
No. 23 red.	1.15 1/2
No. 24 red.	1.14 1/2
No. 25 red.	1.13 1/2
No. 26 red.	1.12 1/2
No. 27 red.	1.11 1/2
No. 28 red.	1.10 1/2
No. 29 red.	1.09 1/2
No. 30 red.	1.08 1/2
No. 31 red.	1.07 1/2
No. 32 red.	1.06 1/2
No. 33 red.	1.05 1/2
No. 34 red.	1.04 1/2
No. 35 red.	1.03 1/2
No. 36 red.	1.02 1/2
No. 37 red.	1.01 1/2
No. 38 red.	1.00 1/2
No. 39 red.	.99 1/2
No. 40 red.	.98 1/2
No. 41 red.	.97 1/2
No. 42 red.	.96 1/2
No. 43 red.	.95 1/2
No. 44 red.	.94 1/2
No. 45 red.	.93 1/2
No. 46 red.	.92 1/2
No. 47 red.	.91 1/2
No. 48 red.	.90 1/2
No. 49 red.	.89 1/2
No. 50 red.	.88 1/2
No. 51 red.	.87 1/2
No. 52 red.	.86 1/2
No. 53 red.	.85 1/2
No. 54 red.	.84 1/2
No. 55 red.	.83 1/2
No. 56 red.	.82 1/2
No. 57 red.	.81 1/2
No. 58 red.	.80 1/2
No. 59 red.	.79 1/2
No. 60 red.	.78 1/2
No. 61 red.	.77 1/2
No. 62 red.	.76 1/2
No. 63 red.	.75 1/2
No. 64 red.	.74 1/2
No. 65 red.	.73 1/2
No. 66 red.	.72 1/2
No. 67 red.	.71 1/2
No. 68 red.	.70 1/2
No. 69 red.	.69 1/2
No. 70 red.	.68 1/2
No. 71 red.	.67 1/2
No. 72 red.	.66 1/2
No. 73 red.	.65 1/2
No. 74 red.	.64 1/2
No. 75 red.	.63 1/2
No. 76 red.	.62 1/2
No. 77 red.	.61 1/2
No. 78 red.	.60 1/2
No. 79 red.	.59 1/2
No. 80 red.	.58 1/2
No. 81 red.	.57 1/2
No. 82 red.	.56 1/2
No. 83 red.	.55 1/2
No. 84 red.	.54 1/2
No. 85 red.	.53 1/2
No. 86 red.	.52 1/2
No. 87 red.	.51 1/2
No. 88 red.	.50 1/2
No. 89 red.	.49 1/2
No. 90 red.	.48 1/2
No. 91 red.	.47 1/2
No. 92 red.	.46 1/2
No. 93 red.	.45 1/2
No. 94 red.	.44 1/2
No. 95 red.	.43 1/2
No. 96 red.	.42 1/2
No. 97 red.	.41 1/2
No. 98 red.	.40 1/2
No. 99 red.	.39 1/2
No. 100 red.	.38 1/2
No. 101 red.	.37 1/2
No. 102 red.	.36 1/2
No. 103 red.	.35 1/2
No. 104 red.	.34 1/2
No. 105 red.	.33 1/2
No. 106 red.	.32 1/2
No. 107 red.	.31 1/2
No. 108 red.	.30 1/2
No. 109 red.	.29 1/2
No. 110 red.	.28 1/2
No. 111 red.	.27 1/2
No. 112 red.	.26 1/2
No. 113 red.	.25 1/2
No. 114 red.	.24 1/2
No. 115 red.	.23 1/2
No. 116 red.	.22 1/2
No. 117 red.	.21 1/2
No. 118 red.	.20 1/2
No. 119 red.	.19 1/2
No. 120 red.	.18 1/2
No. 121 red.	.17 1/2
No. 122 red.	.16 1/2
No. 123 red.	.15 1/2
No. 124 red.	.14 1/2
No. 125 red.	.13 1/2
No. 126 red.	.12 1/2
No. 127 red.	.11 1/2
No. 128 red.	.10 1/2
No. 129 red.	.09 1/2
No. 130 red.	.08 1/2
No. 131 red.	.07 1/2
No. 132 red.	.06 1/2
No. 133 red.	.05 1/2
No. 134 red.	.04 1/2
No. 135 red.	.03 1/2
No. 136 red.	.02 1/2
No. 137 red.	.01 1/2
No. 138 red.	.00 1/2
No. 139 red.	.00 1/2
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No. 191 red.	.00 1/2
No. 192 red.	.00 1/2
No. 193 red.	.00 1/2
No. 194 red.	.00 1/2
No. 195 red.	.00 1/2
No. 196 red.	.00 1/2
No. 197 red.	.00 1/2
No. 198 red.	.00 1/2
No. 199 red.	.00 1/2
No. 200 red.	.00 1/2

CORN.		L. 1.34 1/2	
No. 1 red.	1.37 1/2	No. 1 red.	1.34 1/2
No. 2 red.	1.36 1/2	No. 2 red.	1.33 1/2
No. 3 red.	1.35 1/2	No. 3 red.	1.32 1/2
No. 4 red.	1.34 1/2	No. 4 red.	1.31 1/2
No. 5 red.	1.33 1/2	No. 5 red.	1.30 1/2
No. 6 red.	1.32 1/2	No. 6 red.	1.29 1/2
No. 7 red.	1.31 1/2	No. 7 red.	1.28 1/2
No. 8 red.	1.30 1/2	No. 8 red.	1.27 1/2
No. 9 red.	1.29 1/2	No. 9 red.	1.26 1/2
No. 10 red.	1.28 1/2	No. 10 red.	1.25 1/2
No. 11 red.	1.27 1/2	No. 11 red.	1.24 1/2
No. 12 red.	1.26 1/2	No. 12 red.	1.23 1/2
No. 13 red.	1.25 1/2	No. 13 red.	1.22 1/2
No. 14 red.	1.24 1/2	No. 14 red.	1.21 1/2
No. 15 red.	1.23 1/2	No. 15 red.	1.20 1/2
No. 16 red.	1.22 1/2	No. 16 red.	1.19 1/2
No. 17 red.	1.21 1/2	No. 17 red.	1.18 1/2
No. 18 red.	1.20 1/2	No. 18 red.	1.17 1/2
No. 19 red.	1.19 1/2	No. 19 red.	1.16 1/2
No. 20 red.	1.18 1/2	No. 20 red.	1.15 1/2
No. 21 red.	1.17 1/2	No. 21 red.	1.14 1/2
No. 22 red.	1.16 1/2	No. 22 red.	1.13 1/2
No. 23 red.	1.15 1/2	No. 23 red.	1.12 1/2
No. 24 red.	1.14 1/2	No. 24 red.	1.11 1/2
No. 25 red.	1.13 1/2	No. 25 red.	1.10 1/2
No. 26 red.	1.12 1/2	No. 26 red.	1.09 1/2
No. 27 red.	1.11 1/2	No. 27 red.	1.08 1/2
No. 28 red.	1.10 1/2	No. 28 red.	1.07 1/2
No. 29 red.	1.09 1/2	No. 29 red.	1.06 1/2
No. 30 red.	1.08 1/2	No. 30 red.	1.05 1/2
No. 31 red.	1.07 1/2	No. 31 red.	1.04 1/2
No. 32 red.	1.06 1/2	No. 32 red.	1.03 1/2
No. 33 red.	1.05 1/2	No. 33 red.	1.02 1/2
No. 34 red.	1.04 1/2	No. 34 red.	1.01 1/2
No. 35 red.	1.03 1/2	No. 35 red.	1.00 1/2
No. 36 red.	1.02 1/2	No. 36 red.	.99 1/2
No. 37 red.	1.01 1/2	No. 37 red.	.98 1/2
No. 38 red.	1.00 1/2	No. 38 red.	.97 1/2
No. 39 red.	.99 1/2	No. 39 red.	.96 1/2
No. 40 red.	.98 1/2	No. 40 red.	.95 1/2
No. 41 red.	.97 1/2	No. 41 red.	.94 1/2
No. 42 red.	.96 1/2	No. 42 red.	.93 1/2
No. 43 red.	.95 1/2	No. 43 red.	.92 1/2
No. 44 red.	.94 1/2	No. 44 red.	.91 1/2
No. 45 red.	.93 1/2	No. 45 red.	.90 1/2
No. 46 red.	.92 1/2	No. 46 red.	.89 1/2
No. 47 red.	.91 1/2	No. 47 red.	.88 1/2
No. 48 red.	.90 1/2	No. 48 red.	.87 1/2
No. 49 red.	.89 1/2	No. 49 red.	.86 1/2
No. 50 red.	.88 1/2	No. 50 red.	.85 1/2
No. 51 red.	.87 1/2	No. 51 red.	.84 1/2
No. 52 red.	.86 1/2	No. 52 red.	.83 1/2
No. 53 red.	.85 1/2	No. 53 red.	.82 1/2
No. 54 red.	.84 1/2	No. 54 red.	.81 1/2
No. 55 red.	.83 1/2	No. 55 red.	.80 1/2
No. 56 red.	.82 1/2	No. 56 red.	.79 1/2
No. 57 red.	.81 1/2	No. 57 red.	.78 1/2
No. 58 red.	.80 1/2	No. 58 red.	.77 1/2
No. 59 red.	.79 1/2	No. 59 red.	.76 1/2
No. 60 red.	.78 1/2	No. 60 red.	.75 1/2
No. 61 red.	.77 1/2	No. 61 red.	.74 1/2
No. 62 red.	.76 1/2	No. 62 red.	.73 1/2
No. 63 red.	.75 1/2	No. 63 red.	.72 1/2
No. 64 red.	.74 1/2	No. 64 red.	.71 1/2
No. 65 red.	.73 1/2	No. 65 red.	.70 1/2
No. 66 red.	.72 1/2	No. 66 red.	.69 1/2
No. 67 red.	.71 1/2	No. 67 red.	.68 1/2
No. 68 red.	.70 1/2	No. 68 red.	.67 1/2
No. 69 red.	.69 1/2	No. 69 red.	.66 1/2
No. 70 red.	.68 1/2	No. 70 red.	.65 1/2
No. 71 red.	.67 1/2	No. 71 red.	.64 1/2
No. 72 red.	.66 1/2	No. 72 red.	.63 1/2
No. 73 red.	.65 1/2	No. 73 red.	.62 1/2
No. 74 red.	.64 1/2	No. 74 red.	.61 1/2
No. 75 red.	.63 1/2	No. 75 red.	.60 1/2
No. 76 red.	.62 1/2	No. 76 red.	.59 1/2
No. 77 red.	.61 1/2	No. 77 red.	.58 1/2
No. 78 red.	.60 1/2	No. 78 red.	.57 1/2
No. 79 red.	.59 1/2	No. 79 red.	.56 1/2
No. 80 red.	.58 1/2	No. 80 red.	.55 1/2
No. 81 red.	.57 1/2	No. 81 red.	.54 1/2
No. 82 red.	.56 1/2	No. 82 red.	.53 1/2
No. 83 red.	.55 1/2	No. 83 red.	.52 1/2
No. 84 red.	.54 1/2	No. 84 red.	.51 1/2
No. 85 red.	.53 1/2	No. 85 red.	.50 1/2
No. 86 red.	.52 1/2	No. 86 red.	.49 1/2
No. 87 red.	.51 1/2	No. 87 red.	.48 1/2
No. 88 red.	.50 1/2	No. 88 red.	.47 1/2
No. 89 red.	.49 1/2	No. 89 red.	.46 1/2
No. 90 red.	.48 1/2	No. 90 red.	.45 1/2
No. 91 red.	.47 1/2	No. 91 red.	.44 1/2
No. 92 red.	.46 1/2	No. 92 red.	.43 1/2
No. 93 red.	.45 1/2	No. 93 red.	.42 1/2
No. 94 red.	.44 1/2	No. 94 red.	.41 1/2
No. 95 red.	.43 1/2	No. 95 red.	.40 1/2
No. 96 red.	.42 1/2	No. 96 red.	.39 1/2
No. 97 red.	.41 1/2	No. 97 red.	.38 1/2
No. 98 red.	.40 1/2	No. 98 red.	.37 1/2
No. 99 red.	.39 1/2	No. 99 red.	.36 1/2
No. 100 red.	.38 1/2	No. 100 red.	.35 1/2
No. 101 red.	.37 1/2	No. 101 red.	.34 1/2
No. 102 red.	.36 1/2	No. 102 red.	.33 1/2
No. 103 red.	.35 1/2	No. 103 red.	.32 1/2
No. 104 red.	.34 1/2	No. 104 red.	.31 1/2
No. 105 red.	.33 1/2	No. 105 red.	.30 1/2
No. 106 red.	.32 1/2	No. 106 red.	.29 1/2
No. 107 red.	.31 1/2	No. 107 red.	.28 1/2
No. 108 red.	.30 1/2	No. 108 red.	.27 1/2
No. 109 red.	.29 1/2	No. 109 red.	.26 1/2
No. 110 red.	.28 1/2	No. 110 red.	.25 1/2
No. 111 red.	.27 1/2	No. 111 red.	.24 1/2
No. 112 red.	.26 1/2	No. 112 red.	.23 1/2
No. 113 red.	.25 1/2	No. 113 red.	.22 1/2
No. 114 red.	.24 1/2	No. 114 red.	.21 1/2
No. 115 red.	.23 1/2	No. 115 red.	.20 1/2
No. 116 red.	.22 1/2	No. 116 red.	.19 1/2
No. 117 red.	.21 1/2	No. 117 red.	.18 1/2
No. 118 red.	.20 1/2	No. 118 red.	.17 1/2
No. 119 red.	.19 1/2	No. 119 red.	.16 1/2
No. 120 red.	.18 1/2	No. 120 red.	.15 1/2
No. 121 red.	.17 1/2	No. 121 red.	.14 1/2
No. 122 red.	.16 1/2	No. 122 red.	.13 1/2
No. 123 red.	.15 1/2	No. 123 red.	.12 1/2
No. 124 red.	.14 1/2	No. 124 red.	.11 1/2
No. 125 red.	.13 1/2	No. 125 red.	.10 1/2
No. 126 red.	.12 1/2	No. 126 red.	.09 1/2
No. 127 red.	.11 1/2	No. 127 red.	.08 1/2
No. 128 red.	.10 1/2	No. 128 red.	.07 1/2
No. 129 red.	.09 1/2	No. 129 red.	.06 1/2
No. 130 red.	.08 1/2	No. 130 red.	.05 1/2
No. 131 red.	.07 1/2	No. 131 red.	.04 1/2
No. 132 red.	.06 1/2	No. 132 red.	.03 1/2
No. 133 red.	.05 1/2	No. 133 red.	.02 1/2
No. 134 red.	.04 1/2	No. 134 red.	.01 1/2
No. 135 red.	.03 1/2	No. 135 red.	.00 1/2
No. 136 red.	.02 1/2	No. 136 red.	.00 1/2
No. 137 red.	.01 1/2	No. 137 red.	.00 1/2
No. 138 red.	.00 1/2	No. 138 red.	.00 1/2
No. 139 red.	.00 1/2	No. 139 red.	.00 1/2
No. 140 red.	.00 1/2	No. 140 red.	.00 1/2
No. 141 red.	.00 1/2	No. 141 red.	.00 1/2
No. 142 red.	.00 1/2	No. 142 red.	.00 1/2
No. 143 red.	.00 1/2	No. 143 red.	.00 1/2
No. 144 red.	.00 1/2	No. 144 red.	.00 1/2
No. 145 red.	.00 1/2	No. 145 red.	.00 1/2
No. 146 red.	.00 1/2	No. 146 red.	.00 1/2
No. 147 red.	.00 1/2	No. 147 red.	.00 1/2
No. 148 red.	.00 1/2	No. 148 red.	.00 1/2
No. 149 red.	.00 1/2	No. 149 red.	.00 1/2
No. 150 red.	.00 1/2	No. 150 red.	.00 1/2
No. 151 red.	.00 1/2	No. 151 red.	.00 1/2
No. 152 red.	.00 1/2	No. 152 red.	.00 1/2
No. 153 red.	.00 1/2	No. 153 red.	.00 1/2
No. 154 red.	.00 1/2	No. 154 red.	.00 1/2
No. 155 red.	.00 1/2	No. 155 red.	.00 1/2
No. 156 red.	.00 1/2	No. 156 red.	.00 1/2
No. 157 red.	.00 1/2	No. 157 red.	.00 1/2
No. 158 red.	.00 1/2	No. 158 red.	.00 1/2
No. 159 red.	.00 1/2	No. 159 red.	.00 1/2
No. 160 red.	.00 1/2	No. 160 red.	.00 1/2
No. 161 red.	.00 1/2	No. 161 red.	.00 1/2
No. 162 red.	.00 1/2	No. 162 red.	.00 1/2
No. 163 red.	.00 1/2	No. 163 red.	.00 1/2
No. 164 red.	.00 1/2	No. 164 red.	.00 1/2
No. 165 red.	.00 1/2	No. 165 red.	.00 1/2
No. 166 red.	.00 1/2	No. 166 red.	.00 1/2
No. 167 red.	.00 1/2	No. 167 red.	.00 1/2
No. 168 red.	.00 1/2	No. 168 red.	.00 1/2
No. 169 red.	.00 1/2	No. 169 red.	.00 1/2
No. 170 red.	.00 1/2	No. 170 red.	.00 1/2
No. 171 red.	.00 1/2	No. 171 red.	.00 1/2
No. 172 red.	.00 1/2	No. 172 red.	.00 1/2
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Bright Sayings
of the Children

The Tribune will pay \$5 for each child's saying printed. The story told must be true. It is not necessary to acknowledge or return unfavorable contributions. Write on one side of the paper. Address bright sayings to Aunt Dee, The Tribune, Chicago.

Five year old Reggie was called in for a promised reprimand from his daddy.

"Didn't I tell you a certain little boy was forbidden to climb that tree in the garden?"

"O, yes," spoke up Reggie, "I was being a bird."

At dinner one evening we had a spring chicken. It was not very tender, however.

Our little nephew likes the wing, but, trying to get all he could from the one given him, he became perplexed. Finally, wriggling, twisting, and bending it, it cracked.

The boy laughingly said, "There, that's one spring I broke." A. F. M.

HAROLD TEEN—A BREAK FOR POISON



FARM and GARDEN BY PAUL POTTER

Many flower beds are ruined by the loss of their slightly tender plants through winter injury. The flower grower at Cornell University, who adds that much depends on the application of a mulch in the fall. Four mistakes can be made: by putting on much too early, by putting on too much mulch, by putting on wrong kind of mulch, and by taking it off too early in the spring.

The ground must be frozen before mulching, because the mulch is to keep the ground from thawing and to keep off strong, drying winds. When the temperature surrounding the dormant plant is kept below freezing it will remain dormant and thus escape injury which results when the plant begins growth during a warm spell and is again subjected to freezing.

Some perennials and biennials grow a rosette of leaves close to the ground in the fall which do not suffer from cold but from wind which dries them. The ground is frozen, and it is time to cover the bed with a look blanket of straw. For much use dry, clean straw, leaves, or straw manure.

In the spring leave the mulch until danger of hard frosts are past, usually early April. Remove the mulch part leaving the finer material for a light mulch and fertilizer if the mulch is of manure. This can be forked in to improve the soil.

Many lilacs and other perennials are nipped in the spring by late cold spells from which they do not entirely recover until the following year. It is doubtful if any winter mulch can in all cases protect these. Loose straw material or burlap should be at hand for covering when a frosty night threatens in late April.

Phi Upsilon Banquet.
Phi Upsilon fraternity will hold a founders' day banquet this evening at the Stevens hotel. The occasion will mark the 90th anniversary of the organization. Prof. Percy Boynton of the University of Chicago and the dish Backus of Detroit will speak.

MOTION PICTURES
DOWNTOWN

Master of Men, Favorite of Women

The Amazing Romance of History's Most Amazing Figure
The Eminent Dramatic Star of the Stage
GEORGE ARLISS
Thrilling Drama! Impelling Humor! Glorious Romance! Truly a Masterpiece!
"DISRAELI"
An All Talking Romance More Glamorous Than the History Making Stage Success!
Past praises lavished on other pictures will seem puny when you grope for words to tell how really GREAT this masterpiece is.

Saturday at McVICKERS
PUBLIX-BALABAN & KATZ THEATERSCHICAGO
RANDOLPH STATE LAKE

at 10:15
at 12:45
at 2:15
at 4:45
at 7:15
at 9:45

JOAN CRAWFORD
with ERNEST TORRENCE, ROBT. MONTGOMERY
in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's romance,
"UNTAMED"

A white girl from the jungle shows Modern Maidens how savages love. On Stage—"CREOLE NIGHTS" with LANG & HALEY. Music Creation—"POPULARITY" FRIDAY—CHARLES (BUDDY) ROGERS. Jean Arthur in "HALF WAY TO HEAVEN"

ORIENTAL
RANDOLPH STATE LAKE

at 10:15
at 12:45
at 2:15
at 4:45
at 7:15
at 9:45

So This is College

FRIDAY—Talking-Thrilling
"THE GIRL FROM WOOLWORTH'S" with Alice White
WOTTA SHOW! The Friend Lou Kosloff and His Maidens with FRANK WILSON, BILLY CHANDLER. Singing in the "Chin! Chin! Chow!"

McVICKERS
MADISON STATE ST.

Doors Open 9 A. M.
LAST WEEK—HURRY!
"SWEETIE"
Paramount's Delightful Treat
NANCY CARROLL
JACKIE GAKIE, HELEN (SUGAR) KANE

ROOSEVELT
WASHINGTON STATE

at 9:45
at 12:15
at 2:45
at 5:15
at 7:45
at 10:15

"GOLD DIGGERS OF BROADWAY"

FRIDAY
WARNER BAXTER
in Wm. Fox All-Talking Drama
"ROMANCE OF RIO GRANDE"

UNITED ARTISTS
RANDOLPH ST. & DEARBORN

at 10:15
at 12:45
at 2:15
at 4:45
at 7:15
at 9:45

GLORIA SWANSON

Gloria, SPEAKING and SINGING, has scored the triumph of her life. She's glorious!
"THE TRESPASSER"
COMING FRIDAY—
"3 LIVE GHOSTS"

THE ONE AND ONLY
BROADWAY

FROM THE GREAT STAGE DRAMA
TERRIFIC! SENSATIONAL!
GANGSTERS, ADVENTURERS, DETECTIVES, CABARET DANCERS, HIGH JACKERS AND HIGH-LIVERS!
In a Breath-Taking Drama of a Modern Babylon!
EVELYN BRENT
and GREAT CAST
100% Talking
CASTLE
STATE AT MADISON

MAYWOOD
LIDO
WASHINGTON BLVD.

at 10:15
at 12:45
at 2:15
at 4:45
at 7:15
at 9:45

"Some Wild Oats"

THE MOST DARING OF PICTURES
Now Showing for Adult Audiences of
WOMEN ONLY
CENTRAL THEATRE
Van Buren, 1st, Wabash and Michigan

FOREST PARK
MADISON ST. AT
5th FLOOR

at 10:15
at 12:45
at 2:15
at 4:45
at 7:15
at 9:45

"WOMAN TRAP"

100% TALKING
EVELYN BRENT HAL SKELLY
"WOMAN TRAP"

MOTION PICTURES
DOWNTOWN

FRIDAY—Melodrama That Throbs with the Music of Love

Adventures of a Spanish Lover—More Romantic Than 'Old Arizona'—Wooping, singing, commanding, defying, always irresistible.
Warner Baxter
"ROMANCE OF RIO GRANDE"
Wm. Fox ALL-TALKING Production
MARY DUNCAN, TONY MORENO and the sensational MONA MARIS
Burning Kisses and Hate
Stupendous, Beautiful, Gripping

ROOSEVELT
WASHINGTON STATE

at 10:15
at 12:45
at 2:15
at 4:45
at 7:15
at 9:45

WOODS
RADIO PICTURES

BEBE DANIELS
JOHN BOLES
BERT WHEELER, DOROTHY LEE & 5000 OTHERS IN TALKING DANCE
"THE RACKETEER"

OPHEUM
State and Monroe

Mae Tinee ★ ★ ★
Said:
"THE FORWARD PASS features the best football game ever screened—it is punctuated with laughs, breezy with college spirit—has dynamic and intensely dramatic episodes."

"THE FORWARD PASS"

Donating Fairbanks St. Lovers Young

NORTH
ARCHER DIVERSEY
Clark at Diversey
BROS. ALL TALKING
"THE UNHOLY NIGHT"

at 10:15
at 12:45
at 2:15
at 4:45
at 7:15
at 9:45

HOWARD
N. W. "H" at Howard St.
Sally O'Neill, Jack Niles, Carmel Meyer
"BROADWAY SCANDALS"

at 10:15
at 12:45
at 2:15
at 4:45
at 7:15
at 9:45

BUCKINGHAM
Claretta Collier
"The Lady Lies"

at 10:15
at 12:45
at 2:15
at 4:45
at 7:15
at 9:45

DE LUXE
On Wilson Ave. at 17th Street
"WIDE GIRLS"—ALL STAGE STARS
VITAPHONE ACTS

at 10:15
at 12:45
at 2:15
at 4:45
at 7:15
at 9:45

RECENT
ELLIOTT NUGENT—"WIDE GIRLS"

at 10:15
at 12:45
at 2:15
at 4:45
at 7:15
at 9:45

MUSIC BOX
Charles Farrell, Mary Duncan
"The River"

at 10:15
at 12:45
at 2:15
at 4:45
at 7:15
at 9:45

LAKE SHORE
Broadway at Belmont
"The Lady Lies"

at 10:15
at 12:45
at 2:15
at 4:45
at 7:15
at 9:45

ADELPHI
Richard Dix, "The Love Doctor"

at 10:15
at 12:45
at 2:15
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at 7:15
at 9:45

at 10:15
at 12:45
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at 4:45
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at 9:45

Nearly Feast for Hoosiers December 14

BY THALIA

All the good Hoosiers, and they are many, in Chicago, look forward to the annual banquet of the Indiana Society of Chicago, which is to be held on Saturday evening, Dec. 14, at the Palmer house. The motif of the gathering is a peace conference.

The elaborate invitations begin: "The Indiana Society of Chicago, in cooperation with the permanent committee of the Peace and International Will Foundation of the Indiana Society of Chicago, you are hereby invited to meet in plenary session at the Indiana Society of Chicago, on Saturday evening, Dec. 14, at the Palmer house, for the purpose of discussing the problem of international peace and the role of the individual in the world."

The meeting will be settled peacefully, and the society of nations since time immemorial.

Dr. George T. Buckingham is president of the society, and the invitation committee, headed by John T. Buckingham, includes Martin J. Inauil, George T. Studebaker, George A. Adams, Meredith Nicholson, Edward M. Holman, secretary and responsible for the deal of the preparatory work.

The trustees are Fletcher M. Durbin, who is chairman of the permanent committee, William A. Heath, Lawrence H. Whiting, Jacob H. Blachof, Dr. D. Keen, chairman on information, Clement Studebaker, chairman on information, Walter J. Riley, Alexander H. Banks, and Scott Brown.

The American Friends of China tea is given at the American legation in Peiping, and is to be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Mr. Arnold, who has been back in the country only a month, will speak on the current situation.

The women who are to pour include Mrs. Chauncey McCormick, Mrs. George F. Langborne, Mrs. William H. Hildner, Mrs. Charles W. Dorn, Mrs. Rockefeller McCormick, and Mrs. Walter Borden, who is chairman of the entertainment committee.

Mr. Joseph E. Oils and Mrs. James J. Oils are to preside at the tea. Mrs. Thomas Woods Stevens is to give the "Influence and Value of the Art in Modern Culture" at Levee on the Italian court.

The program is to be at 3:30 o'clock and will include, besides Mrs. Stevens' address and dances by a real P. U. band.

Mr. Frederic W. Upham will give a lecture on Miss Rachel Morton and the Kinsolving musical at the Kinsolving tomorrow morning. Miss Morton and Jacques Thibaud, French artist, are to give the program.

The friends of opera have cards for a meeting next Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Drake hotel. The program is to be given by Mrs. Frida Leiser, Miss Coe Glade, and Mrs. Vanni Maroux.

The Junior League in Lake Forest is having a Christmas stocking sale. The Junior League in Lake Forest is having a Christmas stocking sale.

Mr. Edward S. Haaler has come from Aidingbourne cottage in Lake Forest, and is to be at the Christmas party. She plans to bring her son, Wyndham, in New York City just before Christmas.

They will go to Great Barrington to spend the holiday with her brother-in-law and sister, the Prentiss Connellys. Mr. Haaler Connelly will return to Chicago with her for some of the holidays.

Mr. Stewart II, left on Sunday morning after coming up to help get the newswires moved into their new quarters.

Mr. Stewart II, left on Sunday morning after coming up to help get the newswires moved into their new quarters.

WINNIE WINKLE, THE BREADWINNER: A Life Member



TRAVELING IN HAWAII



MRS. LYMAN T. POWELL JR.
(Dr. Bole Photo.)

The marriage of Miss Alice Josephine Greber, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter H. Greber of Evanston, to Lyman T. Powell Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Lyman T. Powell of Superior, Wis., took place on Thanksgiving day at the Rogers Park Congregational church. Mr. Powell and his bride have left for a honeymoon in Hawaii after Jan. 1 will reside in Superior, Wis.

President Gets Quota of Seals for Health Fight

Washington, D. C., Dec. 3.—(AP)—President Hoover today received his quota of Christmas seals from Jacques

Tweeds Are Smart for the School Girl

delegates to morning, noon and night

for the bolero is one of the most becoming fashions ever designed for the growing girl. It like the cape coat seems made for the transition period.

Another mode in high favor with the juvenile designer is the peplum. The same peplum suits which are so smart for the older sister are adapted today for the girl of from 12 to 16 with the most successful results. For example, there is a charming wool crepe suit in winey red trimmed with gray kimmer which would resign any of us to being young again. This shows a jaunty peplum under a belt of gray suede.



BY LOLITA.

NEW YORK.—(Special Correspondence.)—Smart young ladies who knit their brows over algebra are apt to knit their tweeds. Jersey and knitted

of all types have caught the imagination of the juvenile designer and many of the most delightful costumes designed for the girl of from 12 to 18 utilize this fabric fashion.

Today for the girl between 11 and 15 we show a model, designed by no less an authority than Patou. Aside from the material, which occurs in a brown mixture, this model is full of that sophisticated simplicity demanded by the youthful daughter of today. The natural waistline indicated by the narrowest belt of self-material is adjusted with bone buttons and a neck line banding terminates in two long ends. The bolero effect pointed in front is formed by two circular cuffs and inserted sections in the skirt give the desired fullness.

The bolero theme is one which is repeated again and again in today's offering for the young girl. One finds it articulated in many of the straight line coats of broadcloth, velours or heavy cashmere worn for dress. And in the province of gowns there are

lin Krah, a young Washington girl and one of the workers of the American Tuberculosis association, which receives the proceeds from the sale of the seals for the benefit of tuberculosis sufferers.

PATTERNS BY CLOTILDE

(Registered U. S. Patent Office.)

WOMAN'S AND MISSES' DRESS.

Flaring plaits are introduced in this youthful model of tobacco brown sheer woolen with yellow faille silk crepe collar, showing the new vogue of embroidery—this time done in brown, outlined with gold thread. The deep scooped outline of the bodice makes the flat neckline more pronounced and combines with the stitched plaits on the skirt to give length.

The pattern, 3134, comes in sizes 16 and 18 years and 36, 38, 40, and 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 4 1/2 yards of 39 inch material with 3/4 yard of 35 inch contrasting and 2 1/2 yards of lace.

Order Blank for Clotilde Patterns

CLOTILDE PATTERNS.

CHICAGO TRIBUNE, 947 PARK AVE., NEW YORK CITY.

Enclosed find \$..... Please send me the Clotilde patterns listed below:

Pattern number..... Size..... Price.....

3134.....

Name.....

Street.....

City.....

State.....

How to Order Clotilde Patterns.

Write your name and address plainly on dotted lines, giving number and size of such patterns as you want. Enclose 10 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred, wrap it carefully) for each number, and address your order to Clotilde Patterns, Chicago Tribune, 947 Park Avenue, New York City.

Note—Clotilde patterns are made in

Princess Marie Tells Schoolmates of Her Engagement to Prince

FLORENCE, Italy.—(AP)—Princess Marie-Jose of Belgium, fiancée of Crown Prince Humbert, is looking forward to a return visit to Florence, where she was once a school girl.

She has written to former classmates at the Nunziatella college of Poggio Imperiale near here that as soon after her marriage as she can arrange it, she will attend a reunion of all the girls who were there at school with her.

The Belgian princess, who may one day be queen of Italy, took the trouble to write personally to all her old school friends announcing her engagement. To the superior principal of the institution she sent a letter saying:

"You can imagine my joy, knowing how I love Italy with an enthusiastic and faithful heart. I shall never forget the lovely years passed at Poggio Imperiale and will preserve through-out life a most tender recollection of them."

The princess' former teacher said the letter was written in impeccable Italian.

Northern Trust Players Giving Show Tomorrow

The Northern Trust players composed of employees of the Northern Trust company are giving their first performance of the season tomorrow evening at the Eighth Street theater.

A comedy "Johnny Get Your Gun" in prologue and three acts by Louis Bennison will be presented. The production is under the direction of Margaret Breckinridge Bard.

NEW YORK SOCIETY

New York, Dec. 3.—Mr. and Mrs. Kingston Gould gave a dinner at their home last evening before attending the opera.

Their guests were Mr. and Mrs. Geoffrey Konta, Mr. and Mrs. Royal Mallinson and George J. Gillespie.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. Leeds will give a luncheon party at Sherry's on Dec. 19 for forty debutantes.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Alexander Rogers have closed their home at Locust Valley and are at the Weylin for the winter.

Mrs. George E. Roosevelt of Oyster Bay, L. I., has gone to Bermuda to open her winter home, Out-of-Bounds, near the Mid-Ocean club.

Mrs. Keyes Winter has leased her country place at Syosset, L. I., to Philip Le Boulleir.

WASHINGTON SOCIETY

(Chicago Tribune Press Service.)

Washington, D. C., Dec. 3.—The secretary of agriculture and Mrs. Arthur M. Hyde have as their guest for a few days, Judge Thomas J. Brown of Jefferson county, Mo., who was formerly chairman of the public service commission of Missouri.

Miss Gertrude Lamont, debutante daughter of the secretary of commerce and Mrs. Robert P. Lamont of Chicago, who had been in New York since before Thanksgiving is now in Boston and is expected to return here tomorrow evening. Mrs. Lamont still is in their Lake Forest home and will return here this week.



New York exclusively for THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE. They are perfect in fit, up to date in style, and the easiest of all patterns to use.

Society at the Opera

Most of the Tuesday evening subscribers for opera boxes were present with parties of guests at the performance of "Der Rosenkavalier" last night.

Dr. and Mrs. Arthur Dean Levan had with them Mr. and Mrs. George E. Marx and Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Fuller. Guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick H. Rawson in their upper tier box were Mr. and Mrs. Eugene J. Buffington and Mr. and Mrs. Fred E. Williamson.

Walter H. Wilson was accompanied by Miss Irene Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Edgerton, Mrs. Ralph C. Otis, and Miss Emily Larned. With Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Snyder, and Mr. and Mrs. George J. Schmidt, Dr. and Mrs. A. J. Ferry, and Dr. W. C. MacDougal.

The Frank G. Logans had with them Mr. and Mrs. Stuart H. Logan and Mr. and Mrs. Powell Raried. The hostess wore a handsome gown of robin's egg blue, with a triangular border of silver sequins.

Occupying the George M. Reynolds box were Mr. and Mrs. Owen A. West, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Snyder, and Mr. and Mrs. Harold H. Powell.

The Rev. and Mrs. C. W. Gilkey, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. McGiffert, and Mr. and Mrs. N. L. Tibbets occupied the Harold H. and Charles H. Swift box, and Mr. and Mrs. Warren Fairbanks' guests were Mr. and Mrs. Walter K. Kirk and Mr. and Mrs. Freeman Hinckley.

Guests of Mrs. Harley L. Clarke were Mrs. B. A. Squire, Miss Blanche Squire, Mrs. Harrison M. Angle, Mrs. Frank Tichenor, and Mrs. Winter Hess.

Others in the audience included Mr. and Mrs. William E. Clow Jr., Miss Marjorie Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Charles O'Connor Jr., Mr. and Mrs. James H. Douglas Jr., the Thomas Wheelocks, Miss Helen Ross, and Col. and Mrs. William Nelson Pelouse.

VARIOUS EVENTS

The Episcopal Church of the Ascension will hold its annual bazaar today and tomorrow in the parish hall, 1133 North La Salle street.

The annual bazaar of St. Mark's Episcopal church will be held today at 4427 Drexel boulevard.

EMBARRASSING MOMENTS

The Tribune will pay \$5 for every letter published on "The Most Embarrassing Moment of My Life." Address Embarrassing Moments, Chicago Tribune, Write on one side of the paper. No manuscripts returned.

The Curtain Stuck.

Our church gave a play. I was the heroine. In order to have a snappy ending at the finish of the first act the hero was to step towards me and say, "I was stuck." He held his position for a few minutes, then, among the titter of the audience and frantic motioning of our director, we had to walk off the stage. S. B.

What's Doing Today

CONVENTIONS.

Boy Scouts of America (National).—Chicago, Ill., 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Drake hotel. Methodist International council.—Chicago, Ill., 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Drake hotel.

MEETINGS.

All Illinois Society of Fine Arts.—Hotel Illinois, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Congress hotel. Independent Order of Odd Fellows.—Morrison hotel, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Morrison hotel. Moray Park High school.—Knickerbocker suburban league.—Savanna hotel.

LUNCHEONS.

Alpha Sigma Lambda.—Field's grill, 12 a. m. to 5 p. m. Field's grill. Beta Beta Beta.—Savanna hotel. Chi Beta.—Savanna hotel. Delta Delta Alpha.—Morrison hotel. Epsilon Epsilon Epsilon.—Morrison hotel. Gamma Gamma Gamma.—Morrison hotel. Eta Eta Eta.—Morrison hotel. Theta Theta Theta.—Morrison hotel. Iota Iota Iota.—Morrison hotel. Kappa Kappa Kappa.—Morrison hotel. Lambda Lambda Lambda.—Morrison hotel. Mu Mu Mu.—Morrison hotel. Nu Nu Nu.—Morrison hotel. Xi Xi Xi.—Morrison hotel. Omicron Omicron Omicron.—Morrison hotel. Pi Pi Pi.—Morrison hotel. Rho Rho Rho.—Morrison hotel. Sigma Sigma Sigma.—Morrison hotel. Tau Tau Tau.—Morrison hotel. Upsilon Upsilon Upsilon.—Morrison hotel. Phi Phi Phi.—Morrison hotel. Chi Chi Chi.—Morrison hotel. Psi Psi Psi.—Morrison hotel. Omega Omega Omega.—Morrison hotel.

Medical 3-Session (National Research Council).—Palmer house, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Palmer house. Illinois lodge, K. of P.—Great Northern, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Great Northern. Misericordia hospital.—Edgewater beach, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Edgewater beach. Psi Upsilon fraternity.—Savanna hotel, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Savanna hotel. Scholastic D. S. P.—Palmer house, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Palmer house. Shawnee's League of America.—Palmer house, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Palmer house. (Compiled by the convention bureau of the Chicago Association of Commerce.)

ELECTROLYSIS

on face by Miss Louise Keller

The G. O. Y. Method. Guaranteed. No Pain. No Dangers. No Disfigurement. No Itching. No Swelling. No Redness. No Stinging. No Burning. No Smelling. No Tasting. No Drinking. No Eating. No Sleeping. No Working. No Studying. No Playing. No Dancing. No Singing. No Laughing. No Crying. No Screaming. No Whining. No Complaining. No Begging. No Asking. No Telling. No Showing. No Hiding. No Keeping. No Losing. No Finding. No Missing. No Remembering. No Forgetting. No Knowing. No Not Knowing. No Understanding. No Not Understanding. No Believing. No Not Believing. No Trusting. No Not Trusting. No Loving. No Not Loving. No Hating. No Not Hating. No Wanting. No Not Wanting. No Needing. No Not Needing. No Having. No Not Having. No Being. No Not Being. No Doing. No Not Doing. No Making. No Not Making. No Breaking. No Not Breaking. No Taking. No Not Taking. No Giving. No Not Giving. No Receiving. No Not Receiving. No Sending. No Not Sending. No Bringing. No Not Bringing. No Carrying. No Not Carrying. No Holding. No Not Holding. No Supporting. No Not Supporting. No Lifting. No Not Lifting. No Putting. No Not Putting. No Placing. No Not Placing. No Removing. No Not Removing. No Moving. No Not Moving. No Turning. No Not Turning. No Rotating. No Not Rotating. No Shaking. No Not Shaking. No Trembling. No Not Trembling. No Quaking. No Not Quaking. No Shivering. No Not Shivering. No Sweating. No Not Sweating. No Crying. No Not Crying. No Laughing. No Not Laughing. No Screaming. No Not Screaming. No Whining. No Not Whining. No Complaining. No Not Complaining. No Begging. No Not Begging. No Asking. No Not Asking. No Telling. No Not Telling. No Showing. No Not Showing. No Hiding. No Not Hiding. No Keeping. No Not Keeping. No Losing. No Not Losing. No Finding. No Not Finding. No Missing. No Not Missing. No Remembering. No Not Remembering. No Forgetting. No Not Forgetting. No Knowing. No Not Knowing. No Not Knowing. No Not Understanding. No Not Believing. No Not Trusting. No Not Loving. 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1-3 room; beaut. furn. kitchenette apt. \$65.00; gas, light, and electric ref.; 1 blk. to I. C. and nearest to bus and medical dist.
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2-3 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$70.00. 3 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$75.00. 4 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$80.00. 5 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$85.00. 6 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$90.00. 7 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$95.00. 8 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$100.00. 9 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$105.00. 10 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$110.00. 11 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$115.00. 12 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$120.00. 13 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$125.00. 14 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$130.00. 15 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$135.00. 16 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$140.00. 17 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$145.00. 18 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$150.00. 19 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$155.00. 20 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$160.00. 21 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$165.00. 22 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$170.00. 23 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$175.00. 24 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$180.00. 25 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$185.00. 26 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$190.00. 27 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$195.00. 28 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$200.00. 29 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$205.00. 30 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$210.00. 31 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$215.00. 32 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$220.00. 33 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$225.00. 34 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$230.00. 35 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$235.00. 36 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$240.00. 37 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$245.00. 38 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$250.00. 39 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$255.00. 40 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$260.00. 41 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$265.00. 42 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$270.00. 43 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$275.00. 44 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$280.00. 45 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$285.00. 46 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$290.00. 47 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$295.00. 48 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$300.00. 49 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$305.00. 50 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$310.00. 51 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$315.00. 52 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$320.00. 53 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$325.00. 54 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$330.00. 55 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$335.00. 56 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$340.00. 57 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$345.00. 58 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$350.00. 59 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$355.00. 60 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$360.00. 61 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$365.00. 62 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$370.00. 63 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$375.00. 64 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$380.00. 65 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$385.00. 66 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$390.00. 67 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$395.00. 68 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$400.00. 69 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$405.00. 70 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$410.00. 71 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$415.00. 72 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$420.00. 73 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$425.00. 74 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$430.00. 75 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$435.00. 76 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$440.00. 77 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$445.00. 78 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$450.00. 79 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$455.00. 80 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$460.00. 81 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$465.00. 82 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$470.00. 83 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$475.00. 84 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$480.00. 85 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$485.00. 86 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$490.00. 87 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$495.00. 88 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$500.00. 89 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$505.00. 90 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$510.00. 91 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$515.00. 92 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$520.00. 93 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$525.00. 94 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$530.00. 95 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$535.00. 96 rms. beaut. furn. Mich. apt. \$540.00. 9

LOANS.
Property, and Sale
Best Rate
Chicago on
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DANS

TO \$30
A MONTH

large volume of business management. "Household" to reduce its interest rate from 2 1/2% to 2%, which is of almost one-third.

Is the Cost

payable in twenty monthly Payments:

monthly	cost—\$1.33
monthly	cost—\$2.63
monthly	cost—\$3.93

What You Save
Month Loans:
 You Save \$10.00
 You Save \$21.00
 You Save \$31.00
MAKE LOANS.
 Make application in person you will be treated as reserved promptly. If desired be handled in strict confidence. Relatives, friends, will not be notified. Money made payable to your account. However, if loan is for 20 months you keep shares of husband and wife necessary. No outside application, call, phone or mail" office.

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Central 2552
N-ST. State 0151

H: Plaza 8160
ENGLEWOOD 8534
Fairfax 2638
VEST:
Hemlock 4318
Republic 4472
T:
Van Buren 0190
VEST:
Capitol 3440
Pensacola 4570
H:
Buckingham 1008
Longbeach 7183
CAGO:
So. Chicago 0188

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Insull Tells of Utilities \$200,000,000 Expansion Program—Gunman Found Slain in Former Gambling Den



FORMER CHAMPION AND WIFE RETURN TO U. S. Gene Tunney and his wife, the former Polly Lauder, arrive in New York on board S. S. Vulcania. They were absent a year. (Pacific and Atlantic Photo.) (Story on page 25.)



CLUB TOLD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES \$200,000,000 EXPANSION PROGRAM. Left to right, seated: George T. Buckingham, Samuel Insull, who told of expansion program; Lucius Teter, George M. Reynolds. Standing: George W. Rossetter, George B. Everitt, J. B. McDougal, and Walter Dill Scott at Economic club dinner at Palmer house. (Tribune Photo.) (Story on page 1.)



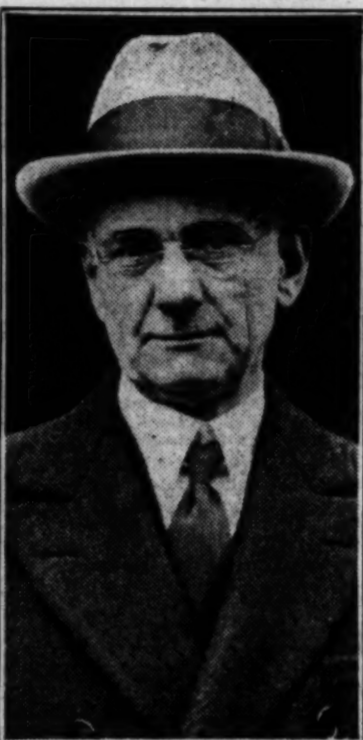
GUNMAN FOUND SLAIN. Patrick J. King, whose body was discovered in former gambling house. (Story on page 2.)



GRAND CHAMPION WETHER OF STOCK SHOW. Betty Tuttle, 10, Crystal Bay, Minn., with wether bred, fed and shown by Purdue university. (Tribune Photo.) (Story on page 18.)



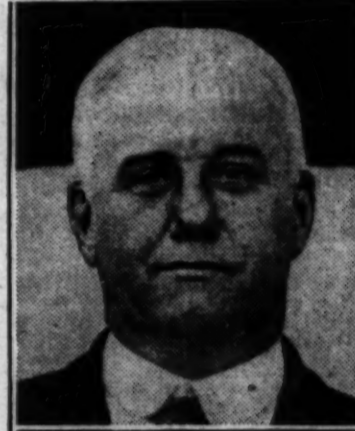
EXILED RUSSIAN COMPOSER AND WIFE HERE. Alexander Gretchaninoff and his wife, who have been living in Paris since Russian revolution, arrive on 20th Century. (Tribune Photo.) (Story on page 35.)



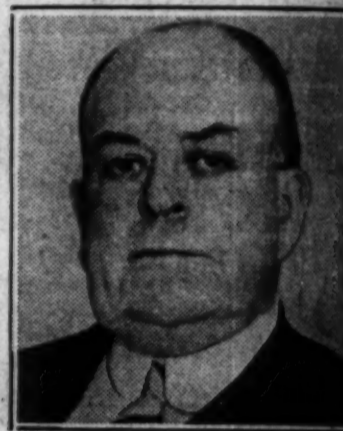
MEETS EDITORS. Arthur M. Hyde, secretary of agriculture, attends Hotel Sherman gathering. (Tribune Photo.)



IOWA BRED STEER SELECTED AS YEAR'S GRAND CHAMPION. Lucky Strike, a yearling raised by Elliott Brown of Rose Hill, Ia., was picked by the judges. Elliott's sister, Jennie, is shown holding the animal. (Tribune Photo.) (Story on page 18.)



LOSES ON TEST VOTE. William S. Vare, whose fight for senate seat from Pennsylvania is on. (Pacific and Atlantic Photo.) (Story on page 3.)



LINKED WITH WIDOW. Ray H. Arnold, New York broker, accused in wife's divorce suit. (Pacific and Atlantic Photo.) (Story on page 17.)



REFUSES TO RETURN. John E. Donovan, Decatur, Ill., man who faked drowning, in Montreal hospital. (Tribune Photo.)



WINS TITLE OF CORN KING OF AMERICA. L. M. Vogler, Hope, Ind., with his 10 ear sample of white dent corn which won award at international grain and hay show. (Story on page 18.)



POULTRY SHOW TO OPEN AT THE COLISEUM TODAY. Three children from the Haven school, Wabash avenue and 15th street, with some of the buff cochon bantams which will be exhibited at the show. (Tribune Photo.) (Story on page 11.)



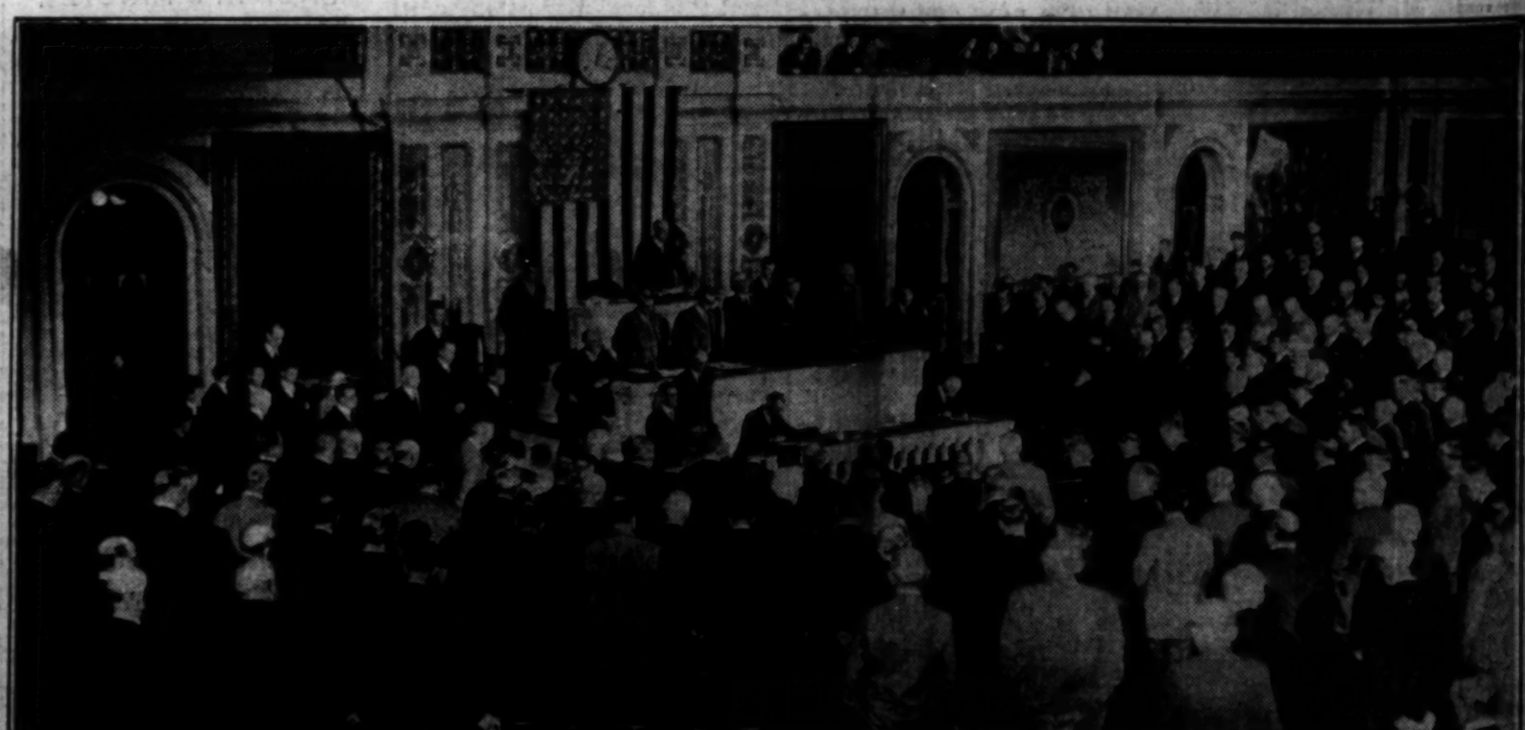
HUSBAND ASKS DIVORCE. Mrs. Martha Moir, actress wife of Harry Moir Jr., charged with desertion. (Tribune Photo.)



HOTEL OWNER'S SON ASKS FOR DIVORCE. Harry Moir Jr., who charges his actress wife deserted him because he failed to send her valentine, and his mother leaving Judge Sabath's court room. (Tribune Photo.) (Story on page 3.)



WOULD CURB WASTE. Sir Henri W. A. Deterding, Royal Dutch Shell chief, urges oil conservation. (Story on page 12.)



FIRST REGULAR SESSION OF THE 71ST CONGRESS IS OPENED IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Nicholas Longworth, speaker of the house, standing on platform before flag, while the chaplain delivered the opening prayer. Congress yesterday received President Hoover's message on the state of the Union. (Pacific and Atlantic Photo.) (Story on page 1.)